

Public Accounts

for the fiscal year ended 31 March **2000**

Volume 3

Financial Statements of Crown Corporations, Boards, Commissions

Printed by Authority of the Legislature Fredericton, N.B.





Public Accounts

for the fiscal year ended 31 March **2000**



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INTRODUCTION VOLUME III

The Public Accounts of the Province of New Brunswick are presented in five volumes.

Volume I contains the audited financial statements of the reporting entity of the Province as described in Note 1 to the financial statements. They include a Statement of Financial Position, a Statement of Revenue and Expenditure, a Statement of Cash Flow and a Statement of Net Debt. Volume I also contains the Auditor's Report, Statement of Responsibility and a variance analysis.

Volume II contains unaudited supplementary information to the Financial Statements presented in Volume I. It presents summary statements for revenue and expenditure as well as five-year comparative statements. This volume also contains detailed information on Supplementary Appropriations, Funded Debt and Capital Loans, statements of the General Sinking Fund, Securities Held, and revenue and expenditure by government department (this includes salary, travel, vendor, grant and contribution, and loan disbursement listings).

This volume contains the financial statements of those corporations, boards and commissions which are accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Government or Legislature of the Province. The Government or Legislature also has the power to control these organizations either through ownership or through legislative provisions.

Volume IV contains the financial statements of various trust funds which the Province administers as Trustee.

Volume V contains salary listings of certain government organizations, including regional hospital corporations, New Brunswick Power Corporation, New Brunswick Liquor Corporation and the Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick. The salary listings are for employees who received earnings during the year ended 31 December 1999 in excess of \$40,000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON THE STATUS
OF WOMEN
31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairperson and Members Advisory Council on the Status of Women

I have audited the balance sheet of the Advisory Council on the Status of Women as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue, expenses and surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 15 May 2000

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN **BALANCE SHEET** 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999		
SSETS				
ash	\$ 4,296	\$ 1,164		
ccounts receivable - Province of New Brunswick	36,097	-		
- Other	· ·	3,900		
	\$40,393	\$ 5,064		
IABILITIES AND SURPLUS				
ccounts payable - Due to Province of New Brunswick	\$ -	\$ 5,064		
urplus	40,393	-		

Approved by the Council

Luille Riedle Lillian Sweller Chairperson

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000 Budget	2000	1999
REVENUE	Duaget	2000	1333
Grants			
Province of New Brunswick	\$427,100	\$429,100	\$431,500
HRD Canada	<u>-</u>	7,312	9,628
Other		63	797
	427,100	436,475	441,925
EXPENSES			
Personal services	212,500	188,747	214,939
Other services	174,600	178,176	175,581
Materials and supplies	15,000	8,102	10,624
Property and equipment	5,000	10,111	32,213
Contributions and grants	20,000	10,900	900
Debt and other charges	<u> </u>	46	189
	427,100	396,082	434,446
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ Nil	40,393	7,479
Surplus, beginning of year		-	-
Surplus, transferred to consolidated fund		_	(7,479)
SURPLUS, end of year		\$ 40,393	\$ Nil

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Purpose of the organization

The Advisory Council on the Status of Women advises the New Brunswick government on matters relating to the status of women and brings before the public issues of concern to women.

2. Significant accounting policies

It is the policy of the Council to charge all fixed asset purchases to expense in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

3. Expenses not included in these financial statements

The rental of the Council's office and the majority of translation costs are paid for by the Province of New Brunswick and have not been included in the Council's expenses.

The Department of Finance has assumed responsibility for most of the costs of the financial administration of the Council.



FINANCIAL STATEMENT

ALGONQUIN GOLF LIMITED

31 DECEMBER 1999

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Algonquin Golf Limited

I have audited the balance sheet of Algonquin Golf Limited as at 31 December 1999. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, this financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 December 1999 in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N.B. 8 March 2000

ALGONQUIN GOLF LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 1999

ASSETS	1999	1998
Capital Assets (Note 3)		
Land	\$209,631	\$209,631
Golf Course Buildings	1,296,522	97,134
Golf Course Improvements	4,828,147	3,036,155
Golf Course Equipment	378,657	0
Furniture and Fixtures	70,536	0
	<u>\$6,783,493</u>	\$3,342,920
LIABILITES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	1999	1998
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$323,514	\$230,213
Deferred Contributions Related to Capital		
Assets (Note 5)	2,135,936	2,135,936
Due to Province of New Brunswick (Note 4)	4,266,627	976,770
Interest on Construction Loan	57,415	0
	6,783,492	3,342,919
Shareholder's Equity		
Capital Stock (Issued and Fully Paid. 1 Common Share)	1	. 1
Capital Stock (Issued and Fully Faid. I Common Share)	\$6,783,493	\$3,342,920

Approved by the Board

Director

Director

ALGONQUIN GOLF LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. Description of Operations

Algonquin Golf Limited was incorporated on 29 May 1998 under the New Brunswick Business Corporations Act. Its purpose is to re-develop and operate the golf course currently owned by Algonquin Properties Limited.

Algonquin Golf Limited is currently in the pre-operating stage which includes design, re-development and construction of the golf course. While in the pre-operating stage, all transactions are capitalized. Accordingly, a statement of revenue and expenses has not been prepared. A statement of cash flows has not been prepared as it would not provide any additional information.

The first year of operations is scheduled for the year 2000. At that time, the golf course assets owned by Algonquin Properties Limited - building, equipment and land - will be transferred from Algonquin Properties Limited to Algonquin Golf Limited. After this transfer of assets, revenues and expenses of the golf course will then be recorded in the Algonquin Golf Limited financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Capital Assets

All costs incurred to date have been capitalized under "Capital Assets". Amortization will start in the first year of operations.

3. Golf Course Construction

Work on the redesign, construction and furnishings of the new signature golf course at the Algonquin golf course site began in January of 1998. The work is expected to be completed and the course opened for operation in the summer of 2000. As of 31 December 1999, the following costs had been incurred:

Land	\$209,631
Golf Course Buildings	1,296,522
Golf Course Improvements	4,828,147
Golf Course Equipment	378,657
Furniture and Fixtures	<u>70,536</u>
Capital Assets	\$6,783,493

ALGONQUIN GOLF LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT 31 DECEMBER 1999

4. Due to Province of New Brunswick

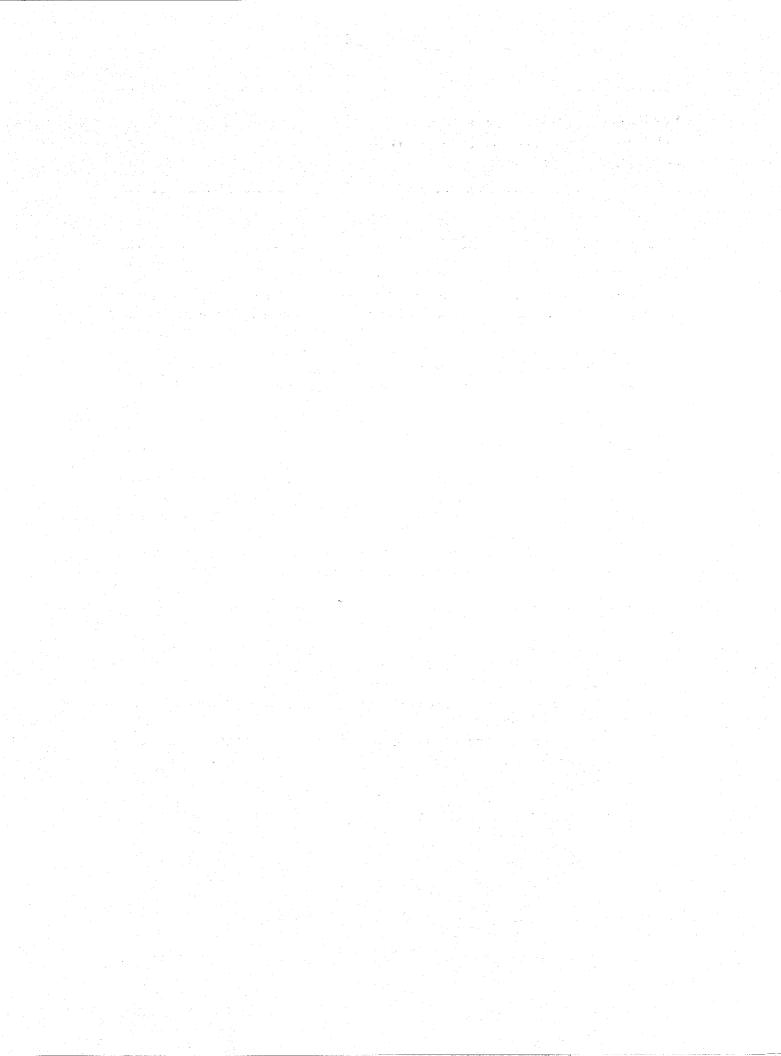
The full amount of the loan from the Province totaling \$4,572,514 is to be received over a period of three years with the final amount to be received in the year 2000. This loan is repayable no later than 31 March 2013, through blended payments of principal plus interest each and every year with payments commencing 31 March 2002. The loan shall be for a term of fifteen years. The loan shall bear interest at the rate of 6% compounded semi-annually not in advance, beginning in 1999. Interest accrued on this loan for 1999 was \$57,415.

5. Deferred Contribution

In 1998, Algonquin Golf Limited received a non-repayable contribution of \$2,135,936 from the Province of New Brunswick towards costs associated with the redesign, construction, furnishings and equipment for the new signature golf course at the Algonquin golf site. The full amount has been recorded as deferred revenue until the opening of the course. This amount will then be amortized over the same period as the assets which the contribution was used to fund.

Terms and conditions of the government assistance include:

- The Corporation must report to the Department of Economic Development, Tourism and Culture semi-annually on the progress of the project based on predetermined performance indicators.
- The Corporation agrees to fund any and all costs over and above the estimated construction budget of \$6,708,450.
- The Corporation shall not change the project scope without the prior written approval of the Department.
- The Corporation shall provide quarterly cash flow reports of project expenditures as well as a final report on the total project expenditures within 90 days of the completion of the project.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED

31 DECEMBER 1999

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Algonquin Properties Limited

I have audited the balance sheet of Algonquin Properties Limited as at 31 December 1999 and the statements of revenue, expense and deficit and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at 31 December 1999 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 16 March 2000

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 1999

		4000		4000
ASSETS		1999		1998
Current assets				•
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	55,341		\$ -
Accounts receivable (Note 5c)	•	431,368		349,958
Inventories, at cost Prepaid expenses		75,862 5 7,137		62,937 41,177
Prepaid expenses		619,708		454,072
		019,700		707,012
Capital assets (Note 3)		17,047,635		16,785,785
	\$	17,667,343	\$	17,239,857
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY				
O				
Current liabilities Outstanding cheques in excess of bank balance	\$		\$	125,137
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	φ	368,932	Ψ	371,825
Due to Fairmont Hotels Inc.		199,888		100,694
Advance deposits		44,614		14,945
		613,434		612,601
Due to Province of New Brunswick (Note 4)		_		29,514,171
Interest on expansion loan (Note 4)		_		6,205,834
interest on expansion roan (Note 4)				
Capital stock		_		35,720,005
Authorized				
10,000 common shares aggregate value not to exc	eed \$100	.000		
9,000 8% non-cumulative redeemable preferred		•		•
shares with a par value of \$100 each	100			
Issued and fully paid				
5,000 common shares		50,000		50,000
2,500 preferred shares		250,000 300,000		250,000 300,000
0.19.1.10.1.4.4		,		300,000
Contributed Surplus (Note 4)		38,047,960		-
Deficit		(21,294,051)		(19,392,749)
		17,053,909		(19,092,749)
	\$	17,667,343	\$	17,239,857

Approved by the Board

Director

Director

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSE AND DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

REVENUE Room sales \$ 3,576,308 \$ 3,975,974 \$ 3,559,284 Food sales 2,082,029 2,350,546 2,027,761 Beverage sales 657,629 630,069 599,630 Green fees and rentals 421,457 342,781 302,625 Telephone 88,037 80,297 78,736 Other sport activities 66,800 67,499 69,085 Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest 7,007,328 7,628,613 6,805,736 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 752,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298				
Room sales		1999 (Budget)	1999	1998
Food sales 2,082,029 2,350,546 2,027,761	REVENUE			
Beverage sales 657,629 630,069 599,630 Green fees and rentals 421,457 342,781 302,625 Telephone 88,037 80,297 78,736 Other sport activities 66,800 67,499 69,085 Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest - 12,849 12,882 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capi	Room sales	\$ 3,576,308	\$ 3,975,974	\$ 3,569,284
Green fees and rentals 421,457 342,781 302,625 Telephone 88,037 80,297 78,736 Other sport activities 66,800 67,499 69,085 Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest - 12,849 12,882 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 <t< td=""><td>Food sales</td><td>2,082,029</td><td>2,350,546</td><td>2,027,761</td></t<>	Food sales	2,082,029	2,350,546	2,027,761
Telephone 88,037 80,297 78,736 Other sport activities 66,800 67,499 69,085 Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest - 12,849 12,882 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523	Beverage sales	657,629	630,069	599,630
Other sport activities 66,800 67,499 69,085 Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest - 12,849 12,882 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NE	Green fees and rentals	421,457	342,781	302,625
Rent from Community College - 6,000 27,775 Miscellaneous 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest - 12,849 12,882	Telephone	88,037	80,297	78,736
Miscellaneous Interest 115,068 162,598 117,958 Interest 12,849 12,882 7,007,328 7,628,613 6,805,736 EXPENSE Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115)	Other sport activities	66,800	67,499	69,085
Interest -	Rent from Community College	-	6,000	27,775
EXPENSE Jirect costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 - deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)	Miscellaneous	115,068	162,598	117,958
EXPENSE Direct costs	Interest	- · · · -	12,849	12,882
Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)		7,007,328	7,628,613	6,805,736
Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)				
Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)				
Direct costs 3,571,597 3,981,859 3,409,764 Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)	EVDENCE			
Administrative and general 735,256 757,312 795,912 Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)		2 571 507	2.004.050	2 400 764
Advertising and promotion 583,132 593,138 526,104 Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 - deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)		• •		
Repairs and maintenance 492,283 539,099 511,634 Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 - deferred charges 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)				
Heat, light and power 343,350 367,766 328,494 Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)				
Property taxes 347,417 339,891 337,298 Management fees 297,488 373,374 293,453 Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) 1,500,000 1,427,954 1,339,360 Amortization – capital assets 1,150,000 1,149,522 1,036,163 – deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)			•	•
Interest on expansion loan (Note 4) Amortization – capital assets	Property taxes		339,891	337,298
Amortization – capital assets			•	
- deferred charges - - 15,669 9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)				
9,020,523 9,529,915 8,593,851 NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)		1,150,000	1,149,522	
NET LOSS \$(2,013,195) (1,901,302) (1,788,115) Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)	 deferred charges 		<u>-</u>	15,669
Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)		9,020,523	9,529,915	8,593,851
Deficit, beginning of year (19,392,749) (17,604,634)	NET LOSS	\$/2,013,105\	(1.001.303)	(1 700 115)
	NET E000	φ(2,013,193)	(1,801,302)	(1,700,115)
DEFICIT , end of year \$(21,294,051) \$(19,392,749)	Deficit, beginning of year		(19,392,749)	(17,604,634)
	DEFICIT , end of year		\$(21,294,051)	\$(19,392,749)

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

	1999	1998
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR):		
Operations: Net loss for the year Add item not involving cash:	\$(1,901,302)	\$ (1,788,115)
Amortization Decrease in non-cash components of working capital	1,149,522 15,676	1,051,832 154,866
	(736,104)	(581,417)
Financing activities: Interest to the Province on the loan for expansion Advances from the Province Payment to Province – Expansion Loan	1,427,954 1,400,000 (500,000) 2,327,954	1,339,360 (663,000) - 676,360
Investing activities: Sale of capital assets Purchases of capital assets – renovations	(1,411,372) (1,411,372)	10,000 (355,675) (345,675)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	180,478	(250,732)
Cash Position, beginning of year	(125,137)	125,595
CASH POSITION, end of year	\$ 55,341	\$ (125,137)

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. Description of operations

The Company is wholly-owned by the Province of New Brunswick and administers the operations of the Algonquin Hotel. By means of a management agreement, the Company has contracted the day-to-day management of the hotel operations to Fairmont Hotels Inc.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

- (a) A reserve for replacement of equipment has been established pursuant to the management agreement with Fairmont Hotels Inc. to represent limits on the replacement of equipment chargeable to the operation of the hotel. The agreement states that each year an amount not to exceed a maximum of one and one half percent (1.5%) of gross revenue may be added to this reserve. Purchases of furniture, fixtures and equipment are charged against this reserve up to the balance in the account.
- (b) Replacement costs of china, glassware, silverware, utensils, linen, and similar equipment are charged to expense in year of purchase pursuant to the management agreement with Fairmont Hotels Inc.
- (c) Amortization of capital assets has been approved by management on a straight-line basis at the rates shown in Note 3.

3. Capital assets

	Rate	Cost	_	Accumulated Amortization	Unamortized Balance
Land Buildings, improvements	-	\$ 130,282	\$	-	\$ 130,282
and equipment	2.5 - 10%	23,502,710		7,624,388	15,878,322
Operating equipment	8 – 20%	 3,209,001		2,169,970	 1,039,031
		\$ 26,841,993	\$	9,794,358	\$ 17,047,635

Assets are charged for all full year's amortization in the year of purchase.

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 1999

4. Due to Province of New Brunswick

	1999	1998
Shareholder's loan Loan for expansion Advances	\$ 492,000 9,214,585 20,707,586	\$ 492,000 9,714,585 19,307,586
-	\$ 30,414,171	29,514,171
Interest on expansion loan	7,633,789	6,205,834
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	38,047,960	35,720,005
Less amount forgiven by the Province of New Brunswick	38,047,960	-
Total	\$ -	\$ 35,720,005

The shareholder's loan and the advances were non-interest bearing with no specific terms of repayment.

The loan for expansion due to the Province was interest bearing. The interest rate on this loan was 9.06% compounded semi-annually. This rate is the twenty-year provincial borrowing rate at 15 May 1993 as determined by the Department of Finance. Interest began to accrue on 15 May 1993 when the expansion was substantially completed. Interest accrued on this loan relating to 1999 was \$1,427,954 (1998 - \$1,339,360).

As directed by Board of Management, all loans and advances, including accrued interest, due to the Province of New Brunswick were forgiven. The total amount forgiven as at 31 December 1999 was \$38,047,960. This amount was credited to contributed surplus.

5. Related party transactions

(a) Employees of the Province and Fairmont Hotels Inc., who are on business in connection with the management and operation of the Algonquin Hotel, are provided reasonable room accommodations, meals, laundry and valet services without charge.

All other goods and services provided by the Hotel to provincial employees are charged to those employees at fair market value.

- (b) Under the Management Agreement, Fairmont Hotels Inc. (the Operator) may:
 - purchase goods identified as goods of the Operator through the purchasing department of the Operator and the Operator shall charge a purchasing fee in the amount of 5% of the cost:

2000

ALGONQUIN PROPERTIES LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **31 DECEMBER 1999**

Related party transactions - continued

- contract for advertising and promotional programs for the Algonquin as a member of the Operator's hotel chain, the cost of which shall be paid to the Operator;
- contract for public relations programs and conduct public relations activities for the Algonquin as a member of the Operator's hotel chain, the cost of which shall be paid to the Operator;
- obtain the services of the Operator's reservation facility known as the Global Reservation Centre, at rates mutually agreed to by the parties from time to time; and,
- obtain technical and specialized operational expertise (personnel of the Operator), at rates to be negotiated between both parties. This type of expertise would generally be related to a capital renovation program.

During 1999, Fairmont Hotels Inc. headquarters invoiced the Algonquin Hotel for a total of \$976,207 (1998 - \$645,853) for such services. The Algonquin also paid for \$70,074 (1998 - \$72,556) of goods and services from other Fairmont Hotels during 1999. These amounts have been allocated to the appropriate expense items on the Statement of Revenue, Expense and Deficit.

(c) During 1999, Algonquin Properties Limited incurred development costs on behalf of Algonquin Golf Limited in the amount of \$93,301 (1998 - \$230,213), bringing the total amount receivable to \$323,514.

Grant Thornton LLP
Chartered Accountants
Management Consultants
Canadian Member Firm of
Grant Thornton International

Grant Thornton

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick Financial Statements March 31, 2000 Grant Thornton LLP
Chartered Accountants
Management Consultants
Canadian Member Firm of
Grant Thornton International

Grant Thornton

Auditors' Report

To the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick

We have audited the balance sheets of the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick as at March 31, 2000 and the statements of revenue and expenditures and surplus and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Saint John, New Brunswick June 6, 2000

Chartered Accountants

Search Thomaton LLP

Suite 600 55 Union Street Saint John New Brunswick E2L 5B7 Tel: (506) 634-2900 Fax: (506) 634-4569

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Electric Utilities Statements of Revenue and Expenditures and Surplus

Year Ended March 31	2000	1999
Revenue		
Assessment on public utilities (Note 7)	\$ 277,507	\$ 268,994
Interest	<u>6,676</u>	10,306
	284,183	279,300
Expenditures		
Depreciation (net of \$9,426 recovery from other funds)	4,712	7,419
Direct expenses	8,943	6,539
Library and publications	4,338	7,400
Office and administration	22,944	22,563
Professional fees	4,700	4,700
Salaries and benefits	88,915	210,351
Training	<u>10,650</u>	<u>29,842</u>
	145,202	288,814
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ 138,981	\$ (9,514)
Sumly beginning of year	\$ 122,493	\$ 132,007
Surplus, beginning of year	J 122,493	\$ 132,007
Excess of revenue over expenditures	138,981	(9,514)
Surplus, end of year	\$ 261,474	\$ 122,493
		·

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Electric Utilities Balance Sheet

2000	19	999
\$ 883.588	\$ 51.5	515
,		
348		3 <u>48</u>
904,510	64,9)48
7,962	5,8	331
-	50,2	239
36,534	19,2	<u>265</u>
\$ 949,006	\$ 140,2	283
\$ 4,500	\$ 11,9	159
7 962	5.9	21
	5,0	.J.
607,628		
687,532	17,7	90
261,474	122,4	<u>93</u>
\$ 949,006	\$140,2	83
	\$ 883,588 20,574 348 904,510 7,962 36,534 \$ 949,006 \$ 4,500 7,962 67,442 607,628 687,532 261,474	\$ 883,588 \$ 51,3 20,574 13,6 348 904,510 64,5 7,962 5,8 - 50,2 36,534 19,2 \$ 949,006 \$ 140,2 \$ 4,500 \$ 11,9 7,962 5,8 67,442 507,628 67,442 607,628 17,7 261,474 122,4

On behalf of the Board

Chairman

_Secretary

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Electric Utilities Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended March 31	2000	1999
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
Operating Excess of revenue over expenditures Depreciation	\$ 138,981 14,138	\$ (9,514) 7,419
Changes in Receivables Payables and accruals	153,119 (7,489) (7,459)	(2,095) (578) 7,459
Deferred costs	138,171 50,239 188,410	4,786 (50,239) (45,453)
Financing Due to Insurance fund Due to Natural Gas fund	67,442 607,628 675,070	
Investing Purchase of computer equipment	(31,407)	(10,164)
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	832,073	(55,617)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>51,515</u>	107,132
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 883,588	\$ 51,515

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Electric Utilities Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

1. Nature of operations

The Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities regulates public utilities and automobile insurers in New Brunswick.

On March 12, 1999, the Gas Distribution Act, 1999 was assented to by the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick. The Act charges the Board with the responsibility for regulation of the local distribution of natural gas in the province, safety inspection from the interprovincial pipeline to the customer's meter and other duties concerning marketers, local producers, etc.

The Board is exempt from income tax under Section 149(1)(d) of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Furniture and fixtures

Furniture and fixtures are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Equipment

Depreciation of computer equipment is recorded using the straight line method and a rate of 33 1/3%.

Direct expenses

Direct expenses include hearing costs, travel, training and other out of pocket expenses directly attributable to a specific public utility.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Board has adopted new recommendations of the CICA and has presented a "Statement of Cash Flows" instead of a "Statement of Changes in Financial Position".

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows the Board considers cash on hand and balances with banks, net of overdrafts, and highly liquid temporary money market instruments with original maturities of three months or less as cash or cash equivalents. Bank borrowings are considered to be financing activities.

3. Receivables			2000		<u>1999</u>
Accounts receivable HST receivable		\$	2,859 17,715	\$_	8,823 4,262
		\$_	20,574	\$_	13,085

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick-Regulation of Electric Utilities Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

4. Cash held in trust

Cash of \$7,962 (1999 - \$5,831) relating to the regulation of the public motor bus industry in New Brunswick is being held in trust by the Board on behalf of the New Brunswick Department of Transportation.

During the year, the Board conducted hearings, pursuant to the provisions of the Motor Carrier Act. Direct expenses associated with these hearings were paid by the Board, out of fees collected from licensed motor carriers with the approval of the Department of Transportation. No overhead expenses were paid from these fees.

5. Deferred costs

In accordance with the provisions of the Gas Distribution Act of New Brunswick, the Board is responsible for the regulation of the local distribution of natural gas (effective March 12, 1999).

During the prior year, the Board incurred start-up costs relating to the regulation of natural gas. These costs were deferred and recovered in the current year through assessment of each gas distributor and marketer.

6. Equipment			2000	
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net <u>Book Value</u>	Net Book Value
Computer equipment	\$ 59,593	\$ 23,059	\$ 36,534	\$ 19,265

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick- Regulation of Electric Utilities Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

7. Assessment on public utilities

In accordance with Section 9 of the Public Utilities Act, public utilities are assessed each year for their individual direct expenses together with their share of common expenses. Each utility's share of common expenses is based on the proportion of its gross earnings to the aggregate of gross earnings for all utilities. The assessments are adjusted to recover or return any deficiency or excess of revenue over expenditures of prior years.

	2000	<u>1999</u>
Gross public utilities' earnings	\$ 1,207,657,488	\$ <u>1,143,892,549</u>
Estimate of common expenses Less: estimate of interest income	\$ 270,000 (5,000)	\$ 271,000 (5,000)
Estimate of net common expenses Estimate of direct expenses	265,000 135,000	266,000 135,001
Surplus from prior year	400,000 (122,493)	401,001 (132,007)
Assessment on public utilities	\$ 277,507	\$268,994

8. Assessment for public intervenor

Pursuant to Section 9(1.1) of the Public Utilities Act, the costs of the Agent for the Attorney General with respect to interventions made are to be collected by the Board from the public utilities regulated by the Board and paid to the Minister of Finance. No such amounts were collected and paid during the Board's fiscal years ended March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999 as the Attorney General submitted no costs to the Board to be collected in its assessment.

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Automobile Insurers Statements of Revenue and Expenditures and Surplus

Year Ended March 31	2000	1999
Revenue		
Assessment on automobile insurers (Note 2)	\$ 278,599	\$ 144,100
Interest	6,677	<u>3,619</u>
	285,276	147,719
Expenditures		
Actuarial consultant	48,633	113,712
Advertising		1,496
Commissioners' per diems	2,141	6,872
Commissioners' travel	853	2,686
Depreciation		1,901
Direct expense	92	
Office and administration	22,944	22,861
Professional fees	2,200	2,200
Salaries	114,213	94,588
Training	3,912	
Usage fee – office equipment	4,713	
	<u>199,701</u>	246,316
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ <u>85,575</u>	\$ <u>(98,597)</u>
(Deficit) surplus, beginning of year	\$ (35,134)	\$ 63,463
Excess of revenue over expenditures	<u>85,575</u>	(98,597)
Surplus (deficit), end of year	\$50,441	\$ (35,134)

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities	
of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Automobile	Insurare
Balance Sheet	, madicia

March 31	2000	1999
Assets		
Current		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 24,406
Receivables (Note 3)		<u>4,693</u>
		29,099
Due from Utility fund	<u>67,442</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	\$ 67,442	\$ 29,099
Liabilities		
Current		
Payables and accruals	\$ 17,001	\$ 64,233
Surplus (deficit)	50,441	(35,134)
	\$ 67,442	\$29,099

On behalf of the Board

Chairman

Secretary

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Automobile Insurers Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows			
Year Ended March 31		2000	1999
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Om ann this re			
Operating	_		
Excess of revenue over expenditures Depreciation	\$ -	85,575 	\$ (98,597) 1,901
		85,575	(96,696)
Changes in			
Receivables		4,693	(3,563)
Payables and accruals		(47,232)	35,850
Deferred revenue			(74,799)
	_	43,036	_(139,208)
Financing			
Due from Utility fund	٠ _	(67,442)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(24,406)	(139,208)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	24,406	163,614
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	•	\$ 24,406

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Automobile Insurers Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Furniture and fixtures

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Board has adopted new recommendations of the CICA and has presented a "Statement of Cash Flows" instead of a "Statement of Changes in Financial Position".

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows the Board considers cash on hand and balances with banks, net of overdrafts, and highly liquid temporary money market instruments with original maturities of three months or less as cash or cash equivalents. Bank borrowings are considered to be financing activities.

2. Assessment on automobile insurers

In accordance with Section 9.1(1) of the Public Utilities Act, automobile insurers of New Brunswick are assessed each year. The assessment for each insurer is the proportion that the insurer's net receipts are of total net receipts. That proportion is applied to the budget for the ensuing year, adjusted to recover or return the prior year's deficiency or excess of revenue over expenditures.

		<u>2000</u>		<u>1999</u>
Automobile insurers' net receipts	\$ <u>_3</u>	38,038,000	\$	329,137,000
Assessment on receipts				
Assessment for current year Adjustment for prior year deficit	\$	313,733 (35,134)	\$	80,637 <u>63,463</u>
	\$_	278,599	\$_	144,100
3. Receivables		2000	-	1999
Accrued interest	\$		\$	119
HST receivable		-		4,574
	\$ _	•	\$_	4,693

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick – Regulation of Natural Gas Statements of Revenue and Expenditures and Surplus

Year Ended March 31, 2000

Revenue	
Assessment on natural gas (Note 2)	\$ 800,000
Interest	6,677
	806,677
Expenditures	
Commissioners' per diems	41,996
Commissioners' travel	22,908
Consensus committee expense	42,154
Depreciation – vehicle	1,932
Direct expense	252,243
Library	4,338
Office and administration	22,944
Professional fees	2,500
Repairs & maintenance - board vehicle	3,900
Salaries	265,755
Training	59,729
Usage fee – office equipment	<u>4,713</u>
	725,112
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ 81,565
Surplus, beginning of year	\$ -
Excess of revenue over expenditures	<u>81,565</u>
Surplus, and of year	¢ 04 E07
Surplus, end of year	\$ 81,565

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick – Regulation of Natural Gas Balance Sheet

March 31, 2000

_		
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 Due from Utility fund
 \$ 607,628

 Equipment (Note 3)
 17,391

\$ 625,019

Liabilities

Current

Payables and accruals

\$ 543,454

Surplus

81,565

\$_625,019

On behalf of the Board

_Chairman

Secretary

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick – Regulation of Natural Gas Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended March 31, 2000

Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

(and a substitution of a subs	
Operating Excess of revenue over expenditures Depreciation	\$ 81,565 1,932
	83,497
Changes in payables and accruals	_ 543,454
	626,951
Financing Due from Utility fund	(607,628)
Investing	
Purchases of motor vehicle	(19,323)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	- -
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick - Regulation of Natural Gas Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Furniture and fixtures

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Equipment

Depreciation of vehicles is recorded using the straight line method and a rate of 20%.

2. Assessment on Natural Gas

In accordance with Section 87 of the Natural Gas Distribution Act, natural gas distributors are assessed each year for their individual direct expenses together with their share of common expenses. Each distributor's share of common expenses is based on the proportion of its gross earnings to the aggregate of gross earnings for all distributors. The assessments are adjusted to recover or return any deficiency or excess of revenue over expenditures of prior years.

3. Equipment

	Cost	ccumulated epreciation	В	Net ook Value
Motor Vehicle	\$ 19,323	\$ 1,932	\$	17,391

Financial Statements of

FOREST PROTECTION LIMITED

March 31, 2000

Deloitte & Touche LLP





Deloitte & Touche LLP

Brunswick House 44 Chipman Hill P.O. Box 6549, Station A Saint John, New Brunswick E2L 4R9 Telephone: (506) 632-1080 Facsimile: (506) 632-1210

Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders, Forest Protection Limited

We have audited the balance sheet of Forest Protection Limited as at March 31, 2000 and the statements of operations and unrestricted net assets, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations, the changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Chartered Accountants

Delo: the & Touch LLP

April 28, 2000

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2000

		2000	1999
		2000	1777
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and short term investments	\$	8,692,702	\$ -
Accounts receivable		69,329	85,872
Inventories - aircraft spare parts		631,525	638,338
- other		6,152	4,105
		9,399,708	728,315
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment (Note 2)		1,535,020	1,656,306
	\$	10,934,728	\$ 2,384,621
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bank indebtedness	\$	-	\$ 3,199,000
Accounts payable		149,842	1,012,620
Deferred revenue		82,445	151,866
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 3)		42,954	40,459
		275,241	 4,403,945
LONG-TERM DEBT (Note 3)	······································	94,019	 136,973
EQUITY			
Capital stock (Note 4)		2,000	2,000
Contributed surplus		715,888	715,888
Net investment in capital assets		1,398,047	1,478,874
Net assets internally restricted for			
equipment replacement		8,449,533	(4,353,059)
Unrestricted net assets		-	-
		10,565,468	 (2,156,297)
	\$	10,934,728	 \$ 2,384,621

APPROVED BY THE BOARD

3

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Statement of Operations and Unrestricted Net Assets

year ended March 31, 2000

		2000		1999
REVENUES				
Contributions from participants	_		_	
Province of New Brunswick	\$	2,121,368	\$	2,008,321
Industry		307,121		335,917
Nova Scotia Tussock Moth Project		-		2,296,387
Other revenue		588,915		633,188
Interest operating		29,102		333
		3,046,506		5,274,146
OPERATING EXPENSES (Note 5)				
Overhead		670,578		646,767
Pest control		324,225		298,241
Fire suppression		1,553,377		1,334,220
Research and development		502,898		502,558
Other projects		- -		2,028,217
		3,051,078		4,810,003
OTHER				
Litigation settlement		(20,000,000)		_
Interest on investments		(472,796)		_
Reimbursement to participants		6,813,472		-
Litigation costs		852,301		2,086,493
Amortization of capital assets		155,252		90,341
Gain on disposal of capital assets		(74,566)		(57,202)
		(12,726,337)		2,119,632
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES				
(EXPENSES OVER REVENUE)		12,721,765		(1,655,489)
Transfer from (to) net investment in capital assets		110,827		(87,836)
Transfer (to) from net assets internally restricted		-		, , ,
for equipment replacement		(12,832,592)		1,743,325
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
AT END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$. -



FOREST PROTECTION LIMITED Statement of Changes in Net Assets

year ended March 31, 2000

	 2000	1999
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 1,478,874	\$ 1,361,038
Barance at the beginning of the year	 2,170,07	4 1,501,050
Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	192,726	556,940
Long-term debt on capital assets	10,459	(177,432)
Proceeds of assets disposed of or retired	(233,326)	(258,533)
Amortization of capital assets	(155,252)	(90,341)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	74,566	57,202
	 (110,827)	87,836
Transfer from net assets internally restricted		
for equipment replacement:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	30,000	30,000
	 (00 00 F)	117,836
Total transferred (from) to Net Investment in Capital Assets	(80,827)	117,030
Total transferred (from) to Net Investment in Capital Assets Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR	\$ 1,398,047	\$ 1,478,874
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT	\$ 1,398,047	\$ 1,478,874
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR		
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 1,398,047	\$ 1,478,874
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations:	\$ 1,398,047	\$ 1,478,874
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000	\$ 1,478,874
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472)	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734)
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147)	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734) - - (1,704,655)
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322)	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698)
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832)	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734) - - (1,704,655)
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds Interest earned on funds invested	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832) 472,796	\$ (2,579,734) \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698) (126,140)
Balance at end of year NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832) 472,796 25,569	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698) (126,140) - 343,168
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds Interest earned on funds invested	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832) 472,796	\$ (2,579,734) \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698) (126,140)
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds Interest earned on funds invested Transfer from unrestricted assets	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832) 472,796 25,569 12,832,592	\$ (2,579,734) \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698) (126,140) - 343,168 (1,743,325)
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT Balance at the beginning of the year Transfers from (to) unrestricted operations: Litigation settlement Reimbursement to participants Litigation costs Administration costs charged to litigation Interest on internally restricted funds Interest earned on funds invested	\$ 1,398,047 (4,353,059) 20,000,000 (6,813,472) (642,147) (156,322) (53,832) 472,796 25,569	\$ 1,478,874 \$ (2,579,734) - (1,704,655) (255,698) (126,140) - 343,168

Statement of Cash Flows

year ended March 31, 2000

	2000	1999
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED		
TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES		
OPERATING		
Excess of revenues over expenses (expenses over revenues)	•	\$ (1,655,489
Amortization of capital assets	155,252	90,341
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(74,566)	(57,202
Changes in non-cash operating working		
capital items:		
Accounts receivable	16,543	73,824
Inventories - aircraft spare parts	6,813	5,684
- other	(2,047)	(3,106
Accounts payable	(862,778)	248,840
Deferred revenue	(69,421)	20,653
	11,891,561	(1,276,455
FINANCING		
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	215,540
Repayment of long-term debt	(40,459)	(38,108)
	(40,459)	177,432
INVESTING		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(192,726)	(586,940)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	233,326	258,533
	40,600	(328,407)
NET CASH INFLOW (OUTFLOW)	11,891,702	(1,427,430)
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(3,199,000)	(1,771,570)
CASH POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,692,702	\$ (3,199,000)



Notes to the Financial Statements year ended March 31, 2000

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Operations and Net Investment in Capital Assets

- a. The company is a non-profit organization and carries out an annual program, comprising pest control, fire suppression and research and development of forest protection activities. The costs of the pest control program including all overhead expenditures are shared between various participating companies and the Province of New Brunswick on the basis of an approved cost sharing formula. Costs directly attributable to fire suppression activities are recovered from the Province of New Brunswick. The net cost of research and development activities, after deducting revenues received, is recovered from the participating companies and the Province of New Brunswick on the basis of a separate approved cost sharing formula.
- b. Program expenditures funded by participants include all costs incurred during the year, including the cost of property, plant and equipment and inventories consumed during the year. Costs funded are reduced by proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment, except for aircraft sales, which are transferred to Net Assets Internally Restricted for Equipment Replacement.
- c. Prior to 1999, the Company did not accrue for vacation pay earned by employees but not taken as at the year end. During the current year, the company began to accrue this liability. Vacation pay earned but not taken as at year end totalled \$9,700.
- d. Property, plant and equipment acquired during the year which remained on hand at the year end are recorded in the financial statements as Net Investment in Capital Assets.
- e. Inventories acquired up to October 31, 1975 are valued at historical cost, if determinable, or at an estimated replacement value at that date. Inventories acquired after October 31, 1975 are valued at current acquisition costs. Consumable supplies, except for pesticides, aviation fuel and lubricants, on hand at the end of each year are not included in the inventory balance.
- f. Land and buildings acquired before October 31, 1975, are recorded at estimated cost. All other property, plant and equipment, including buildings acquired subsequent to October 31, 1975 is valued at historical cost.
- g. Amortization of property, plant and equipment is calculated as follows:

Building and Mobile Homes

10% straight-line

Aircraft

4% straight-line

Equipment

20% straight-line



Notes to the Financial Statements year ended March 31, 2000

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Assets Internally Restricted for Equipment Replacement

- h. By authority of the Board of Directors, the following sources of funds are to be transferred to this account for the purpose of replacing the Company's equipment:
- proceeds received from aircraft sales;
- proceeds from legal actions, less the cost of pursuing these actions; and,
- operating surpluses arising from unrestricted operations.

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Acc	umulate	ated		Net Book Value		
		Cost	Dep	preciatio	<u>on</u> _		2000		1999
Land Building and	\$	75,000	\$			\$	75,000	\$	75,000
mobile homes		540,312		338,809	9		201,503		219,046
Aircraft	1	,839,025		733,572	2	1	,105,453		1,116,926
Equipment	1	,595,579	1	,442,51	5		153,064		245,334
	\$ 4	,049,916	\$ 2	2,514,89	6	\$ 1	,535,020	\$	1,656,306

3. LONG-TERM DEBT

Purchase of building to be paid in 60 equal installments of \$4,167 per month including principal and interest until March 2003. Principal repayments in each of the next 3 years are as follows:

	\$
2001	42,954
2002	45,603
2003	48,416

Notes to the Financial Statements year ended March 31, 2000

4.	CAPITAL STOCK				
7.	CAITIALSTOCK		2000		1999
	Authorized				
	500 common shares \$10 par value each				
	Issued and outstanding				
	200 common shares	\$	2,000	\$	2,000
5.	OPERATING EXPENSES				
			2000		1999
	PROGRAM EXPENDITURES				
	Salaries and wages	\$	1,145,244	\$	1,218,123
	Employer contributions		140,729		145,381
	Transportation and communications		130,911		195,019
	Consultants' fees, legal fees, audit,				
	contractual, services, insurance, etc.		533,360		1,422,493
	Maintenance and repairs (contractual)		735,272		644,933
	Non-capitalized parts and equipment		4,235		93,668
	Rentals (including aircraft)		137,171		761,221
	Insecticides, materials and supplies		224,156		329,165
	Expenses charged to operations		3,051,078		4,810,003
	Capitalized - property, plant and equipment		233,185		409,508
	Total program expenditures	\$	3,284,263	\$	5,219,511
	PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OPERA	TION		т	
	PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OFERA	HONE	AL DIVISION	1	
	Overhead expenditures	\$	716,606	\$	741,539
	Pest control expenditures		326,453		298,241
	Research and development expenditures		520,109		530,880
	Fire suppression expenditures		1,721,095		1,585,085
	Other projects		•		2,063,766
		\$	3,284,263	\$	5,219,511



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Grant Thornton LLP
Chartered Accountants
Management Consultants
Canadian Member Firm of
Grant Thornton International

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Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Financial Statements March 31, 2000

Grant Thornton

Grant Thornton LLP
Chartered Accountants
Management Consultants
Canadian Member Firm of
Grant Thornton International

Auditors' Report

To the Directors of Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc.

We have audited the balance sheet of Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. as at March 31, 2000, and the statements of operations, changes in fund balances, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives revenue from private and public contributions the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to contribution revenues, excess of revenues over expenses, assets and fund balances.

In our opinion, except for the effect of adjustments, if any, which we might have determined to be necessary had we been able to satisfy ourselves concerning the completeness of the contributions referred to in the preceding paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

St. Stephen, New Brunswick June 14, 2000

Chartered Accountants

Grant Thornton UP

Suite 201 Ganong Place 73 Milltown Blvd. St. Stephen New Brunswick E3L 1G5 Tel: (506) 466-3291 Fax: (506) 466-6310

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Statement of Operations

Year Ended March 31			2000	1999
	Operating <u>Fund</u>	Special Design <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues				
Admissions and programs	\$ 82,636	\$ -	\$ 82,636	\$ 78,352
Cafe cost recovery	20,950	-	20,950	
Private contributions	150,000	170,944	320,944	507,808
Public contributions	8,044	· -	8,044	16,330
Provincial government	25,000	-	25,000	50,000
Ticket booth subsidy	16,000	-	16,000	-
Trust fund	48,065	-	48,065	50,360
Employment programs	87,407	-	87,407	84,054
Investment	1,318	-	1,318	867
HST recovery	13,021	-	13,021	-
Other				4.667
	<u>452,441</u>	170,944	623,385	<u>792.438</u>
Expenses				
Advertising and promotion	35,280	_	35,280	5,211
Bank charges	1,567	-	1,567	1,684
Construction, design, and capital equipment	-	146,664	146,664	448,212
Heat, light and power	20,132	-	20,132	15,929
Insurance	3,402	-	3,402	3,564
Maintenance and repair	53,389	-	53,389	17,443
Office supplies and stationery	12,901	-	12,901	12,242
Professional fees	5,130	-	5,130	4,186
Property taxes	37,618	•	37,618	43,733
Salaries and employee benefits	277,510	-	277,510	314,967
Telephone and fax	7,277	-	7,277	6,690
Training	9,253	· _	9,253	767
Travel and vehicle operating	<u>5,545</u>	-	<u>5,545</u>	<u>7.854</u>
	<u>465,004</u>	146,664	<u>615,668</u>	882,482
Excess of revenues over expenses				
(expenses over revenues)	\$ (16.563)	\$ 24,280	\$ 7,717	\$ (90,044)

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc.
Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended March 31				2000	1999
	Operating Fund	Special Design Fund	Capital Construction Fund	Total	Total
Fund balances, beginning of ye	ear		\$ 50,083 \$	50,083	\$ 140,127
Excess of revenues over exper	nses				
(expenses over revenues)	\$ (16,563)	\$24,280	-	7,717	(90,044)
Interfund transfers (Note 7)	27.845	-	(27.845)		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 11,282	\$24,280	\$ 22,238 \$	57,800	\$ 50,083

Kingsbrae Horticultural Ga Balance Sheet	rden Inc.	2000		1999
		2000		1900
Current assets Cash		¢ 404 740	\$	06 770
Receivables		\$ 104,718 12,423	Ф	86,778 17,461
Prepaids		1,351	_	1,858
		\$ 118,492	\$.	106,097
Current liabilities Payables and accruals		\$ <u>13,244</u>	\$	8,566
Deferred contributions				
Deferred revenues (Note 3)		<u>47,448</u>		47,448
Fund balances				
Unrestricted operating funds		11,282		-
Restricted special design funds		24,280	-	
Capital construction funds		<u>22,238</u>	•	50.083
		<u>57,800</u>	-	50,083
		\$ 118.492	\$	106.097

Commitments, contractual obligation and uncertainty (Notes 5 and 6)

On behalf of the Board

Director

Director

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Statement of Cash Flows			
Year Ended March 31		2000	1999
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Operating			*
Excess of revenues over			
expenses (expenses over revenues)	\$	7,717	\$ (90,044)
Change in non-cash operating	•	- ,	Ψ (30,044)
working capital			
Receivables		5,038	6,359
Prepaids		507	(1,805)
Payables and accruals		4,678	(1,836)
Deferred revenues recognized	_	<u> </u>	(18.677)
	. : .	17,940	(106,003)
Financing			
Deferred revenues	_		<u>8.155</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash		17,940	(97,848)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		86,778	184,626
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>1</u>	04,718	\$ 86,778
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash on hand and balances with banks	\$ 10	04,718	\$ 86,778

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

1. Nature of operations

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. is an organization constructing, managing and operating a horticultural garden for and on behalf of the Province of New Brunswick. Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. is incorporated under the *Companies Act of New Brunswick* as a not-for-profit organization.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Fund accounting

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The General Fund accounts for the organization's operational and administrative activities This fund reports the unrestricted and restricted operating and special design resources.

The Capital Construction Fund reports only restricted resources that are to be used for constructing the garden and acquiring related facilities and equipment for and on behalf of the Province of New Brunswick.

Revenue recognition

Restricted contributions relating to general operations are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Restricted contributions relating to capital construction are recognized as revenue of the Capital Construction Fund.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributed services

Volunteers on a local advisory committee contribute several hours per week to assist Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. and provide input on various matters pertaining to construction and operations. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks and short term deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

3. Deferred revenues

The deferred revenues reported in the General Fund represent restricted funding received in prior years for a use to be established.

4. Financial instruments

The carrying values of cash, receivables, and payables and accruals reflected on the balance sheet approximate their respective fair values.

The organization's revenues are dependent on a wide client base and bad debts have not been significant. Concentrations of credit risk are considered to be minimal.

5. Commitments and contractual obligation

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. has entered into an agreement to construct and operate a horticultural garden on behalf of the Province of New Brunswick ("Province"). This agreement provides the following:

Income earned from a \$1,000,000 gift, made to and deposited by the Province to a special purposes account ("Trust fund"), be paid to the organization for operation costs;

A gift of \$450,000, made to and deposited by the Province, be paid to the organization for capital construction;

The Town of St. Andrews ("Town") borrow \$450,000, for the organization's use for capital construction;

The Province pay \$900,000, on a matching basis, to the organization for capital construction:

An annual gift up to \$100,000, made to the Province, be paid to the organization for annual operating deficiencies, if any;

Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

5. Commitments and contractual obligation (continued)

The Town pay water, sewer, garbage collection, snow removal and street maintenance services during the term of the loan for funds borrowed pursuant to this agreement;

The organization pay the Town the loan payments less the amount of a grant by the Province to the Town in respect of municipal taxes assessed; and

The Province pay the organization the lessor of \$25,000 and the above, except to the extent any excess revenue over expenses of the organization are to be paid to the Town.

6. Uncertainty due to the Year 2000 Issue

The Year 2000 Issue arises because many computerized systems use two digits rather than four to identify a year. Date-sensitive systems may recognize the year 2000 as 1900 or some other date, resulting in errors when information using year 2000 dates is processed. In addition, similar problems may arise in some systems which use certain dates in 2000 to represent something other than a date. Although the change in date has occurred, it is not possible to conclude that all aspects of the Year 2000 Issue that may affect the organization, including those related to customers, suppliers, or other third parties, have been fully resolved.

7. Interfund transfers

In 1999, the Kingsbrae Horticultural Garden Inc. board of directors approved the transfer of funds from the Capital Construction Fund to the General Fund to eliminate the General Fund deficiency otherwise arising as at March 31, 1999. The board also approved the transfer of a further \$27,845 from the Capital Construction Fund to the General Fund for the year ended March 31, 2000.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS KINGS LANDING CORPORATION 31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Chairperson and Directors Kings Landing Corporation Prince William, New Brunswick

I have audited the statement of financial position of Kings Landing Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations and the changes in its net assets for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 23 May 2000

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2000

		2000	1999
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Accounts receivable			
Province of New Brunswick		\$ 39,304	\$ 37,819
Other		28,532	23,730
Prepaid expenses		21,170	19,833
Inventories (Note 1(c))		81,672	82,855
	_	170,678	164,237
Publications fund assets (Note 3)		11,606	11,933
Kings Landing Collection (Note 1 (d))		1	1
Capital assets, net (Note 1 (e))	•••	1,868,435	1,945,776
		\$ 2,050,720	\$ 2,121,947
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft and outstanding chequ		\$ 14,096	\$ 34,449
Accounts payable and accrued liabilitie	es	166,994	151,026
Deferred revenue	·	14,089	4,660
		195,179	190,135
Deferred contributions related to capital	assets (Note 1 (g))	1,827,235	1,906,668
Net assets			
Net assets internally restricted for publ	lications (Note 3)	11,606	11,933
Net assets invested in capital assets		41,200	39,108
Unrestricted net assets		(24,500)	(25,897)
		28,306	25,144
		\$ 2,050,720	\$ 2,121,947
Approved by the Board			

Chairperson

Member

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

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	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2000	2000	1999
REVENUE			
Admissions	\$ 357,000	\$ 336,602	\$ 299,011
Emporium	251,000	228,821	221,271
Food services	480,200	475,701	425,213
Education	69,000	75,735	70,162
Other operating revenue	53,000	124,232	105,005
	1,210,200	1,241,091	1,120,662
Grants			
Provincial Operating	1,350,000	1,502,258	1,476,051
Provincial Capital	-	115,000	19,855
Federal Operating	-	10,002	13,565
Amortization of deferred contributions (Note 1(g))	•	104,433	105,192
	1,350,000	1,731,693	1,614,663
	2,560,200	2,972,784	2,735,325
EXPENSES			
Interpretation			
Operations	596,000	643,373	605,270
Education	74,000	91,039	74,605
Fabrics	99,000	113,390	105,456
	769,000	847,802	785,331
Curatorial			
Maintenance (Note 1(d))	300,000	485,080	417,314
Security	149,000	156,719	145,743
Curatorial	214,000	207,607	179,831
	663,000	849,406	742,888
Emporium and visitor services	329,000	333,893	297,596
Public relations	209,000	209,757	210,860
Administration	277,000	290,093	276,165
Food services	410,200	438,671	398,044
	1,225,200	1,272,414	1,182,665_
	2,657,200	2,969,622	2,710,884
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER			
EXPENSES	\$ (97,000)	\$ 3,162	\$ 24,441

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	Net Assets Internally Restricted	Net assets			
	for Publications	capital assets	Unrestricted Net Assets	Total 2000	Total 1999
Balance, beginning of year	\$11,933	\$39,108	\$(25,897)	\$25,144	\$ 703
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(327)	(1,958)	5,447	3,162	24,441
Investment in Capital assets		4,050	(4,050)	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$11,606	\$41,200	\$(24,500)	\$28,306	\$25,144

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) General comments on operations

Kings Landing Corporation is a provincial Crown agency incorporated by an Act of the New Brunswick Legislature. The Corporation serves the people of New Brunswick and visitors to the province by operating a living historical village as a dynamic, progressive outdoor museum.

(b) Revenue recognition

Kings Landing Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and comprise the following:

	2000	1999
Emporium_	\$ 50,680	\$ 57,274
Less: Provision for obsolescence	(2,200)	(2,200)
	48,480	55,074
Fabrics	16,057	19,188
Food and liquor	11,122	7,598
Other	6,013	995
	\$ 81,672	\$ 82,855

(d) The Kings Landing Collection

The Kings Landing Collection is composed of some 70 major historical structures and thousands of individual artifacts from the period between 1780 and 1900. The structures and artifacts are not replaceable as each piece represents a unique aspect of New Brunswick history. In recognition of this, the collection is valued at \$1 and individual pieces purchased by the Corporation are expensed in the year of acquisition. Similarly, costs of maintaining the collection are expensed as incurred. During the year, \$ 421 (1999 - \$7,500) was spent on additions to the collection and artifacts worth an estimated \$ 106,751 (1999 - \$321,194) were donated.

Expenditures related to capital improvements of the historical structures are expensed as incurred. The current year historical capital expenditures amounted to \$85,419 (1999 - \$63,213).

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies - continued

(e) Other capital assets

Purchased or contributed capital assets, except those of an historical nature, are recorded at cost or appraised value where cost is not determinable. Amortization is taken using the fixed percentage on declining base method. The exception is computer equipment which is amortized on a straight line basis over five years, the estimated useful life of the assets.

Amortization charged for the current year amounted to \$ 106,391 (1999 -\$ 107,438). This amount has been allocated to the appropriate expense categories in the statement of operations.

Kings Landing Corporation has 91.5 acres of land spread on both sides of the St. John River. Approximately 40 acres are used for site purposes. Because its purpose is to serve as a site for the collection, the land has been recorded at a value of \$1.

Details of capital assets are as follows:

	Amortization Rate	2000	1999
Land		\$ 1	\$ 1
Buildings	5%	2,148,988	2,144,938
Computer hardware	· - ·	10,000	10,000
Equipment	10%	25,964	25,964
Automotive equipment	20%	86,486	61,486
100000000000000000000000000000000000000		2,271,439	2,242,389
Less: Accumulated amortization		403,004	296,613
Total capital assets, net		\$1,868,435	\$1,945,776

(f) Contributed services

Volunteers contribute about 8,000 hours per year to assist Kings Landing Corporation in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

2000

KINGS LANDING CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

Summary of significant accounting policies - continued 1.

(g) Deferred contributions related to capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent capital assets which are not part of the historical collection and were donated to Kings Landing Corporation. The changes in the deferred contributions balance of the period are as follows:

	2000	1999
Beginning balance	\$1,906,668	\$1,561,859
Add contributed assets	25,000	450,001
	1,931,668	2,011,860
Less amounts amortized to revenue	104,433	105,192
Ending balance	\$1,827,235	\$1,906,668

2. Income tax status

The Corporation is a registered charitable organization under the Income Tax Act and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status, the Corporation must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

3. Restrictions on net assets

The publications fund was established in 1977 and represents amounts set aside for purposes of publication of approved historical literature. The fund assets represent books held for sale to the public and accounts receivable.

4. Budget

The budget figures, as shown in the statement of operations, have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. They have not been audited.

5. Statement of cash flows

This statement was not prepared as the information it would contain was not considered significant.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LOTTERIES COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Lotteries Commission of New Brunswick

I have audited the balance sheet of the Lotteries Commission of New Brunswick as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue and expenditure for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 26 June 2000

LOTTERIES COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Due from Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.	\$ 1,264,204	\$ 6,556,174
Other assets		
Investment in share capital of Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.	100	100
Investment in share capital of Interprovincial Lottery Corporation	1	1
	101	101
	\$ 1,264,305	\$ 6,556,275
LIABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS		
Current liabilities		
Due to Province of New Brunswick (Note 4)	\$ 1,264,204	\$ 6,556,174
Contributed surplus (Note 2)	101	101
	\$ 1,264,305	\$ 6,556,275

Approved by the Commission

Member

Member

LOTTERIES COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	20	1999	
	Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUE			
Share of net profit of Atlantic Lottery			•
Corporation Inc. (Note 1)	\$ 86,244,100	\$ 86,784,737	\$ 86,879,001
Other revenue (Note 3)	25,000	28,370	33,115
	86,269,100	86,813,107	86,912,116
EXPENDITURE To the Province of New Proposition (Note 1)			
To the Province of New Brunswick (Note 1) Ordinary account revenue	72 000 000	70 400 040	70 000 504
Environmental Trust Fund	73,000,000	73,198,043	73,289,584
Sport Development Trust Fund	10,000,000 500,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Arts Development Trust Fund	700,000	500,000	400,000
Agreements with First Nations	700,000	700,000	700,000
Commission inspection expenses	1,136,800	513,285 1,118,305	615,552 976,111
Administrative costs	175,300	199,904	150,158
Department of Health and Community Services	170,000	199,904	150,156
(Gambling addiction; education and treatment) Contract dispute (Note 5)	757,000	558,570 25,000	505,711 275,000
	00.000.400		
	86,269,100	86,813,107	86,912,116
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

LOTTERIES COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

New Brunswick's share of Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. profit

The profit of Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. is distributed to each of the four Atlantic Provinces or their lottery agencies. The Lotteries Commission of New Brunswick's share for the current year represents the calculated profit of the Atlantic Lottery Corporation in New Brunswick as determined by the Amended and Restated Unanimous Shareholders' Agreement signed August 8, 2000.

Payments to the Province of New Brunswick

The Lotteries Commission of New Brunswick remits the profits it receives from Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. to the Province of New Brunswick. Beginning in 1999, Atlantic Lottery Corporation began advancing these funds during the month rather than paying the full amount in the subsequent month.

The profits from certain types of lotteries have been designated as revenue for specific trust funds operated by the Province of New Brunswick. Annual lottery profits designated for the Arts and Sport Development Trust Funds have each been set by the Province at a minimum of seven hundred thousand dollars and five hundred thousand dollars respectively. Video lottery profits paid annually to the Environmental Trust Fund have been capped by the Province at ten million dollars.

The Lotteries Act provides that the First Nations may be paid 95% of all profits received from the Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. for the operation of video lottery on reserves having agreements with the Province. Where these agreements are in place the Province also rebates all provincial earnings from the sale of breakopen tickets sold on reserves. As of 31 March 2000, five First Nations have signed agreements involving lottery revenues: Fort Folly, Oromocto, Woodstock, St. Mary's and Burnt Church. The Province has one other signed agreement which is with Madawaska-Maliseet. It does not, however, receive any lottery revenues by way of the agreement.

Investments

The New Brunswick government does not operate any lottery but the Province is a shareholder in Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. and in the Interprovincial Lottery Corporation. Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. is a jointly-owned corporation of the four Atlantic provinces and is responsible to develop, organize, undertake, conduct and manage lotteries in Atlantic Canada. Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. also markets and handles regionally the products of the Interprovincial Lottery Corporation. The Interprovincial Lottery Corporation is a corporation jointly owned by the ten Canadian provinces.

The investments in Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. and Interprovincial Lottery Corporation are carried at cost. Net profits of these corporations are distributed annually to the shareholders.

LOTTERIES COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

2. Contributed surplus

This amount represents funds paid by the Province of New Brunswick on behalf of the Lotteries Commission of New Brunswick to Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. and the Interprovincial Lottery Corporation in exchange for share capital.

3. Other revenue

The Province of New Brunswick requires that charitable/non-profit groups pay a small fee for their licenses for gaming activities such as bingo, raffles etc. Fines issued under the Lotteries Act relating to the video lottery program are also included in this account.

4. Statement of transactions with the Province of New Brunswick

	2000	1999
Current liability		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 6,556,174	\$ 7,685,156
Income for the year	86,784,737	86,879,001
Funds available to Province of New Brunswick	93,340,911	94,564,157
Less remittances during the year	92,076,707	88,007,983
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,264,204	\$ 6,556,174

5. Contract dispute

The New Brunswick Court of Appeal overturned a Court of Queens Bench decision which had favoured the Lotteries Commission in a court action brought about by another party. The amount recorded is the actual amount of the costs of the award, damages, interest and disbursements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NB AGRIEXPORT INC.

31 MARCH 2000



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of NB Agriexport Inc.

I have audited the balance sheet of NB Agriexport Inc. as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of income and deficit for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 13 June 2000

NB AGRIEXPORT INC. BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 205,273	\$ 613,606
Accounts receivable	102,654	860,668
Prepaids	250,100	184,200
	558,027	1,658,474
Investment (Note 2)	500,000	
Less: Provision for loss	500,000	-
	=	•
	\$ 558,027	\$1,658,474
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	Ψ 000,027	Ψ1,000,1.1
Current liabilities		
	\$ 18,195	\$ 22,953
Current liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable Due to the Province of New Brunswick	\$ 18,195	\$ 22,953
Current liabilities Accounts payable Due to the Province of New Brunswick	\$ 18,195 1,068,081	\$ 22,953
Current liabilities Accounts payable Due to the Province of New Brunswick Less: Provision for loss	\$ 18,195 1,068,081 500,000	\$ 22,953 1,698,454 -
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 18,195 1,068,081 500,000	\$ 22,953 1,698,454 -
Current liabilities Accounts payable Due to the Province of New Brunswick Less: Provision for loss Capital stock Authorized and issued:	\$ 18,195 1,068,081 500,000	\$ 22,953 1,698,454 -
Current liabilities Accounts payable Due to the Province of New Brunswick Less: Provision for loss Capital stock	\$ 18,195 1,068,081 500,000	\$ 22,953 1,698,454 -

Approved by the Board

Director

Director

NB AGRIEXPORT INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME AND DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
Export sales	\$ 211,666	\$ 188,928
Cost of sales	194,665	172,354
Gross profit	17,001	16,574
Other income Recovery of write-down on investment (Note 2) Loan guarantee fees Interest Grant revenues	500,000 15,000 61,777 108,737	15,000 79,449 22,170
Administration fees	40.070	18,000
Recovery	13,878	15,080
Other	1,595	29,910
	700,987	179,609
Total Income	717,988	196,183
Expenses		
Write-down on investment (Note 2)	500,000	_
Interest (Note 3)	69,627	71,134
Office	5,359	10,472
Project	108,318	6,946
Total Expenses	683,304	88,552
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR Deficit, beginning of year	34,684 (62,933)	107,631 (170,564)
DEFICIT, end of year	\$ (28,249)	\$ (62,933)

NB AGRIEXPORT INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Description of operations

NB Agriexport Inc. was established on 23 May 1996 under the Business Corporations Act of the Province of New Brunswick.

The Corporation is wholly owned by the Province of New Brunswick and has as its mandate: to provide a focal point for the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development's international market development efforts; to facilitate exporters' access to international markets; and to help exporters manage the risks of international marketing.

2. Investment

During the 1999/2000 fiscal year, the Corporation purchased 500 Class B, non-voting, preferred shares of Méga-Bleu Inc. for \$500,000. Funding for this investment was provided by the Province of New Brunswick by way of an interest-free working capital advance. This investment has been fully provided for by the Province as of 31 March 2000.

3. Correction of an error related to interest charges

The Board of Management approved the business plan of NB Agriexport Inc. in 1996. Included in the business plan was a requirement for the Corporation to make interest payments to the Province on funds advanced to the Corporation.

Until 2000 no such interest charges had been billed to the Corporation and none had been recorded in the financial statements. The first billing was issued by the Province, subsequent to 31 March 2000, in the amount of \$180,081.

The appropriate interest charges have been recorded on the financial statements of the 1999-2000 year and the correction of this error has been made retroactively. As a result, the financial statements of the 1998-99 year have been restated to include an amount of \$71,134 as interest expense. The amount of \$39,320 relating to the periods before the 1998-99 year has been posted as an adjustment to the opening balance of surplus/deficit for the 1998-99 year. The interest charges for the 1999-2000 year are \$69,627.

NB AGRIEXPORT INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

4. Contingencies

a) Guaranteed loans

The Corporation has guaranteed loans of certain companies involved in the export of agricultural products. At 31 March 2000, the contingent liability in respect of these guarantees was \$1,000,000. Any resulting losses will be borne by the Province of New Brunswick.

b) Legal actions

The Corporation is taking legal action against Agriculture Canada to recover losses incurred when a sales contract with a third party was cancelled. The Corporation feels that the cancellation was as a direct result of negligence on the part of Agriculture Canada. The total loss being claimed by the Corporation is \$160,402.

As at the date of completion of these financial statements, management and counsel are unable to provide estimates on the outcome of this claim.

5. Statement of cash flows

This statement was not prepared as the information it would contain was considered not significant.

6. Expenses not included in these financial statements

Most of the direct and indirect costs of operating the corporate office are absorbed by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development. The administration of the Corporation's affairs is carried out by employees of the Province of New Brunswick under the direction of the Corporation's Board of Directors. All salary costs and most travel expenses associated with these employees are paid by the Province.

7. Comparative figures

Certain 1999 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for 2000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation

31 DECEMBER 1999

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairperson and Directors of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation

I have audited the balance sheet of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation as at 31 December 1999 and the statement of revenue and expenditure for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 December 1999 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N.B. 23 March 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 1999

	1999	1998
Cash Accounts Receivable Assets held in trust funds (note 4)	\$ 31,573 2,073 1,799,753 \$ 1,833,399	\$ 15,168 33 - \$ 15,201
LIABILITIES Accounts payable (Note 7) Advances - stabilization boards (Note 2)	\$ 45,449 17,750 63,199	\$ 90 15,111 15,201
NET ASSETS OF THE DEPOSIT INSURANCE FUND (Note 5)	1,770,200 \$ 1,833,399	- \$ 15,201

Approved by the Board

Pune le Blane Chairperson

euchunk. Director

NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

	1	1998	
	Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUE (Note 2)			
Contributions - stabilization boards	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,787,560	\$ 15,023
EXPENDITURE (Note 2)			
Professional services and other	22,000	14,990	12,255
Board of Directors	3,000	2,370	2,768
	25,000	17,360	15,023
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE			
FOR THE YEAR	-	1,770,200	-
NET ASSETS OF THE DEPOSIT INSURANCE			
FUND- BEGINNING OF YEAR			-
NET ASSETS OF THE DEPOSIT INSURANCE			
FUND- END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 1,770,200	\$

1. Authority and objective

The Corporation is an independent entity created under the provisions of the *Credit Unions Act* proclaimed on 31 January 1994. The mandate of the Corporation is to provide deposit insurance to members of credit unions in New Brunswick. The Corporation may also assist stabilization boards in providing financial assistance to credit unions.

The Credit Unions Act provides that the Corporation may levy credit unions for the funds required to carry out its mandate. The Act also provides that costs incurred in relation to the activities of the Corporation shall be assumed by the stabilization boards when they are requested to do so. Finally the Corporation may apply to the Province for loans or guarantees.

The affairs of the Corporation are administered by a Board of Directors of five persons. The Superintendent of credit unions is responsible for the administration of the Credit Unions Act and is the Chairperson of the Board. Each stabilization board appoints two representatives to the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Contributions - Administrative expenses

The Corporation receives advances from the stabilization boards to cover its administrative expenses. The Corporation records portions of the advances as revenue when expenses are incurred. An unspent balance of \$17,750 is recorded as a liability on the balance sheet.

The Corporation operates as a separate entity within the Credit Unions, Co-operatives and Trust Companies Branch of the Department of Justice. As such the Branch assumes the salary and some overhead costs which relate to the administration of the Corporation. Those costs are reflected in the expenditures of the Branch which are recovered by the Branch directly from credit unions.

2. Significant accounting policies (cont.)

(b) Contributions - Deposit insurance fund

Contributions to the deposit insurance fund are recorded as revenue as they become due for payment. The contribution of 1999 represents a transfer of funds from the two stabilization boards to set up the deposit insurance fund.

(c) Accrual for deposit insurance losses

The Corporation accrues expenses for any known or likely losses from specific credit unions, which it expects cannot be paid or assumed by the stabilization board of which the credit union is a member. No such expenditures have been recorded by the Corporation since it began operations in 1994.

(d) Assets held in trust funds

Assets held in trust funds are recorded by the Corporation at the same value as they are recorded on the financial statements of the trust funds. The financial statements of the two trust funds are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Investments held in the trust funds are recorded at cost except when a decline in value has occurred that is other than temporary. Premiums and discounts arising at the time of purchase of marketable securities are amortized over the period to maturity. Revenue from investments includes interest income as well as capital gains and losses on disposition of investments.

3. Income taxes

The Corporation is subject to income taxes under the Income Tax Act. The provisions of the Act generally exclude assessments contributed to the deposit insurance fund from taxable income.

4. Assets held in trust funds

The trust funds held the following assets at 31 December 1999:

	Book	Value	Marke	et Value
Cash	\$	41,448	\$	41,448
Interest Receivable		24,153		24,153
Government of Canada Bonds		759,572		742,725
Provincial and Municipal Bonds		974,580		964,199
Total	\$ 1	,799,753	\$ 1	,772,525

5. Deposit Insurance Fund

Section 223 of the Credit Unions Act requires that the Corporation establish and maintain a deposit insurance fund. The Corporation is required by the Act to maintain the fund in two separate accounts. Each account consists of the amount paid into the fund by one of the stabilization boards together with investment income, less any expenditures charged to the account.

The Corporation has entered into a trust agreement with each stabilization board for the administration and investment of the funds in their respective account. Under the terms of the agreements, each stabilization board will invest the funds in accordance with the investment policy of the Corporation. Each trust fund agreement provides that the Corporation may, at its sole discretion, obtain assets from the trust fund to fulfill the obligations of its statutory purposes.

The two trust fund agreements contain provisions regarding the return of the deposit insurance fund to the two stabilization boards. Such termination can only occur by amending the *Credit Unions Act* to remove the requirement for the deposit insurance fund and all the deposit insurance obligations of the Corporation.

5. Deposit Insurance Fund (cont.)

The Net Assets of the Deposit Insurance Fund must be maintained at a level determined annually by a formula approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The formula requires that a risk rating be given to each caisse populaire and credit union.

The amount of assets of the trust funds is adjusted annually based on the requirement of the formula.

At 31 December 1999 the balance in the trust fund account administered by l'Office de Stabilisation de la Fédération des Caisses Populaires Acadiennes Limitée was \$1.24 million. The balance in the trust fund account administered by the Brunswick Credit Union Federation Stabilization Board Limited at the same date was \$0.53 million.

6. Deposit protection for credit union members

As described in Note 1 it is the mandate of the Corporation to provide deposit insurance coverage for members of credit unions in New Brunswick. Currently, a maximum basic coverage of \$60,000 is provided for insured deposits of each credit union member.

Separate deposit coverage up to a maximum of \$60,000 each is also provided for joint deposits, trust deposits and deposits held in RRSPs and in RRIFs. The Corporation has established a deposit insurance fund as explained in Note 5.

The current legislation provides for the continued existence of the two stabilization boards which have operated in the province since 1978. Each stabilization board has established a stabilization fund which is available to provide financial assistance to its affiliated credit unions.

As at 31 December 1999, l'Office de Stabilisation de la Fédération des Caisses Populaires Acadiennes Limitée reported audited net assets of \$36.8 million. Of this total, an amount of \$1.8 million represents investments in caisses populaires for the purpose of stabilization.

6. Deposit protection for credit union members (cont.)

As at 31 December 1999, the Brunswick Credit Union Federation Stabilization Board Limited reported audited net assets of \$9.1 million. Each stabilization board is responsible to carry out inspections and monitor the financial condition and business practices of its member credit unions on an ongoing basis.

Both the stabilization boards and the Corporation have responsibilities for the protection of deposits of credit union members.

7. Related parties

Transactions with the two stabilization funds are considered related party transactions. Each of the two stabilization boards nominates two directors to sit as directors of the Corporation. Each stabilization board therefore exercises significant influence on the activities of the Corporation.

During the year, contributions of \$1,770,200 were made by the two stabilization boards for the establishment of a deposit insurance fund. This contribution included a transfer of \$1,734,152 of investments in marketable securities. These assets which are held in two trust funds were recorded in the books of the Corporation at the book value recorded by the stabilization boards prior to their transfer. Book values approximated market values at that date. Additional contributions of \$17,360 were also made by the two stabilization boards for the payment of professional services and Board expenses.

At year end, the Corporation has included in accounts payable an amount of \$29,553 owed to the two stabilization boards. This payable represents the value of excess assets transferred to the Corporation for the establishment of the deposit insurance fund.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE
COMMISSION
31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairman and Members of the New Brunswick Crop Insurance Commission

I have audited the balance sheet of the New Brunswick Crop Insurance Commission as at 31 March 2000 and the statements of revenue and expense, surplus and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 5 July 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		
Accounts receivable		
Province of New Brunswick	\$ -	\$ 5,659
Canada	83,011	202,851
Insured producers - crop insurance component of GRIP	-	2,035
 revenue protection component of GRIP 	-	7,112
Other	5,022	12,530
	88,033	230,187
Crop Insurance Fund (Note 2)	3,423,237	2,424,422
	\$3,511,270	\$2,654,609
LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS		
Accounts Payable		•
Indemnities - crop insurance	\$ 735,207	\$ 493,328
Province of New Brunswick	2,024	-
Crop Reinsurance Fund of New Brunswick	•	3,409
Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for New Brunswick	1,224	114,045
	738,455	610,782
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	43,808	32,659
Surplus	2,729,007	2,011,168

Approved by the Opmmission

Chairman

Member

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
REVENUE	2000	1333
Premiums from producers (Schedule A) Premium contributions	\$ 530,416	\$ 801,607
- Province of New Brunswick	1,327,122	1,365,847
- Canada	1,327,122	1,365,847
	3,184,660	3,533,301
Contributions for administration		
- Province of New Brunswick	569,501	654,043
- Canada	569,501	654,043
Interest from producers	2,738	6,992
Other	32,532	18,082
	4,358,932	4,866,461
EXPENSE		
Indemnities (Schedule B)	1,381,110	981,996
Administration (Schedule C)	1,139,002	1,308,085
Crop Reinsurance Fund of New Brunswick	557,313	618,328
Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for New Brunswick	557,313	618,328
Other	6,355	-
	3,641,093	3,526,737
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR	\$ 717,839	\$1,339,724

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
Surplus, beginning of year	\$2,011,168	\$ 671,444
Excess of revenue over expense for the year	717,839	1,339,724
SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$2,729,007	\$2,011,168

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR):		
Operations		
Excess of revenue over expense for the year	\$ 717,839	\$ 1,339,724
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	142,154	(192,462)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	127,673	(160,031)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	11,149	(6,814)
Increase in reserve fund	(998,815)	(981,700)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	31,644
Cash provided by operations	_	30,361
Financing activities		
Decrease in advance from the Province		
of New Brunswick	-	(30,361)
Cash used for financing activities	-	(30,361)
CASH POSITION AT BEGINNING AND AT END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Description of operations

The Crop Insurance Act, assented to on 10 June 1966, serves as the basis for the establishment of the Commission. Regulation 95-122 under the Act establishes the Commission and sets out its powers and duties.

The Commission is responsible for administering the delivery to producers of a crop insurance plan to provide insurance protection against losses of production. This plan is funded through producer premiums and through contributions from the Province of New Brunswick and the Government of Canada.

All accounting transactions are recorded through the Consolidated Fund of the Province of New Brunswick. Administrative expenses provided by the Province are allocated to the Commission.

2. Crop Insurance Fund

Under the terms of the Federal-Provincial Agreement a Crop Insurance fund must be maintained for the crop insurance plan. All insurance premiums and interest received, including the premium contributions of both governments, are put in the reserve fund. These premiums are used first to pay premiums to the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for New Brunswick and to the Crop Reinsurance Fund of New Brunswick and then to pay indemnities to producers. Assets corresponding to the fund balance are held by the Province of New Brunswick

3. Revenue - Province of New Brunswick and Government of Canada

(a) Premium contributions

The contributions of the producer, the Province of New Brunswick and Canada towards the necessary premiums are as follows:

Coverage Level	Producer Share	Province Share	Federal Share
50%	Free	50%	50%
65%	50% of buy up	25% of buy up	25% of buy up
80%	80% of incremental buy up	10% of incremental buy up	10% of incremental buy up

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

3. Revenue - Province of New Brunswick and Government of Canada - continued

(b) Administrative expense contributions

The Province of New Brunswick and Canada each pay 50% of all costs incurred in the administration of the crop insurance program.

(c) Crop Reinsurance Funds

On an annual basis a reinsurance premium of 17.5% of total crop insurance premiums is submitted to each of the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for New Brunswick and the Crop Reinsurance Fund of New Brunswick. Contributions are made by the Funds for a portion of any operating deficits incurred by the Commission on a crop year basis.

Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for New Brunswick	2000	1999
Excess of claims over premiums, 1 April Premiums submitted	\$3,013,905 (557,313)	\$3,632,233 (618,328)
Excess of claims over premiums, 31 March	\$2,456,592	\$3,013,905
Crop Reinsurance Fund of New Brunswick	2000	1999
Excess of premiums over claims, 1 April	\$(1,246,736)	\$ (628,408)
Premiums submitted	(557,313)	(618,328)
Excess of premiums over claims, 31 March	\$(1,804,049)	\$(1,246,736)

4. Deferred revenue

The deferred revenue represents premiums paid in advance by the producers.

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF PRODUCER PREMIUMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

SCHEDULE A

2000	1999
\$449,740	\$710,458
32,195	37,438
12,604	15,093
19,643	16,396
16,234	22,222
\$530,416	\$801,607
	12,604 19,643 16,234

SCHEDULE B

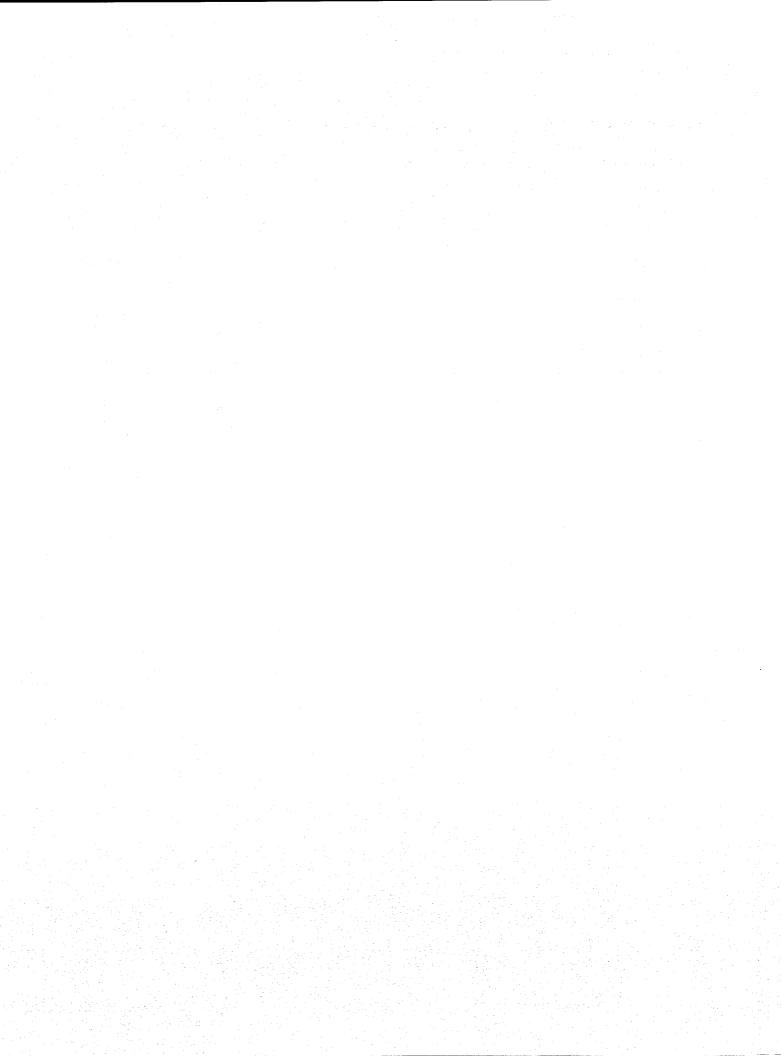
NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF INDEMNITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
Potatoes	\$1,022,163	\$699,758
Spring grain	93,565 46,735	73,781 63,094
Apples	16,735 138,235	121,670
Blueberries Strawberries	110,412	23,693
	\$1,381,110	\$981,996
	•	

SCHEDULE C

NEW BRUNSWICK CROP INSURANCE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
Personnel	\$ 778,006	\$ 758,305
Data information processing costs	7,548	14,616
Transportation & communication	119,360	132,952
Utilities, material & supplies	15,708	11,573
Professional services	119,480	197,697
Repairs & maintenance	8,770	9,461
Office accommodations and equipment rentals	39,740	38,941
Capital equipment	15,646	114,067
Other	34,744	30,473
	\$1,139,002	\$1,308,085



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NEW BRUNSWICK HIGHWAY CORPORATION

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Chairperson and Directors New Brunswick Highway Corporation Fredericton, New Brunswick

I have audited the balance sheet of the New Brunswick Highway Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue and expenditure for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 1 August 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK HIGHWAY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		; ·
Due from Province of New Brunswick Accounts receivable (Note 4)	\$875,883,198 1,993,550	\$6,227,169 743,814
	1	236,216
•	\$877,876,749	\$7,207,200

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Accounts payable Deferred revenue (Note 6) Capital lease obligation (Note 7) Contribution from Province of New Brunswick (Note 5)	\$ 1,365,338 4,511,410 872,000,000 1	\$ 117,511 7,089,688 - 1
	\$877,876,749	\$7,207,200

Approved by the Board

Chairperson

Member

NEW BRUNSWICK HIGHWAY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
REVENUE		
Province of New Brunswick Other (Note 9)	\$909,364,819 715,000	\$4,397,990 -
	910,079,819	4,397,990
EXPENDITURE		
Fredericton-Moncton Highway (Note 7) Highway operations and maintenance (Note 8) Tolling system operations and maintenance (Note 8) Reserve fund – toll-based debt (Note 9) Removal of ramp tolls Removal of tolls (Note 10) Costs related to transponder sales and distribution	872,000,000 3,031,260 2,961,789 - - 31,974,800 111,970	2,229,464 1,152,270 715,000 208,329 - 92,927
	910,079,819	4,397,990
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE	\$ Nil	\$ Nil

1. New Brunswick Highway Corporation

The New Brunswick Highway Corporation (NBHC) is a provincial Crown Corporation incorporated by an Act of the New Brunswick Legislature effective 29 March 1995.

NBHC is the signatory for the Province in all agreements relating to the Fredericton-Moncton highway project. As such, NBHC is responsible for monitoring, controlling and administering those agreements to ensure that agreement terms are respected by other signatories and that provincial commitments are met. This includes ensuring that construction of the highway and any required refurbishments are completed as required in those agreements. It also includes ensuring that the ongoing operation, management, and maintenance of the Fredericton-Moncton highway are conducted in accordance with agreement terms.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Accrual Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues and expenses are allocated to the year in which they are earned or incurred irrespective of the date on which the related cash transactions are effected.

Physical Assets

The cost of acquiring physical assets is expensed in the year of acquisition.

Deferred Revenue

Amounts received but not earned by the end of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue.

Leases

Long term leases, under which the Corporation, as lessee, assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of leased property, are classified as capital leases. The present value of a capital lease is accounted for as an expenditure and an obligation at the inception of the lease.

3. Fredericton-Moncton Highway

In January 1998, the Province through NBHC entered into agreements with a private sector consortium and the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc., a not-for-profit company, to develop, design, build, operate, manage, maintain and rehabilitate a four lane toll highway between Longs Creek and Moncton. Effective 1 March 2000, the agreements were amended to eliminate tolling on the highway. It is estimated that total capital costs of the project including construction financing will be \$872.0 million at the 30 November 2001 full traffic availability date.

NBHC will lease land to the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc. which will own all improvements to these lands, in particular the four lane highway, and sublease the improvements back to NBHC. NBHC is responsible for making the sublease payments to the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc.

3. Fredericton-Moncton Highway - continued

NBHC will also be responsible for making monthly traffic volume payments to the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc. The traffic volume payments will be used to repay principal and interest on the toll-based debt after 30 November 2001, full traffic availability date. Any amount in excess of that required to repay the debt will be returned to NBHC. Until the full traffic availability date is reached, the traffic volume payments are being accumulated in the tolling reserve account.

4. Accounts receivable

The accounts receivable balance at 31 March 2000 of \$1,993,550 is comprised of amounts paid by NBHC to the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc. to establish a tolling reserve fund as required in the agreements with toll-based lenders. A total of \$938,370 of this amount is comprised of direct payments into the tolling reserve fund as specified in the agreements. The remaining \$1,055,180 is the traffic volume payment related to the month of March 2000.

The accounts receivable balance at 31 March 1999 of \$743,814 relates to facility lands acquisition costs that had been incurred by the Corporation but not yet paid for by the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc. as required under terms of the agreements.

5. Land

By deed dated 21 January 1998, the Province, through the Department of Transportation, transferred approximately seventy percent of the land corridor necessary for the Fredericton-Moncton highway project to NBHC.

The transfer of land by the Province has been treated as an equity contribution for financial statement purposes and has been recorded at the nominal amount of one dollar.

6. Deferred revenue

The deferred revenue amount of \$4,511,410, (1999 - \$7,089,688) represents payments received from the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc., for which related Crown completed construction costs had not been incurred by 31 March 2000.

7. Capital lease obligation

Under the agreements NBHC will be required to make total lease payments to the New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc. of approximately \$1.513 billion, including principal and interest. This amount will be paid through 49 equal semi-annual payments of \$30.9 million, starting in the fiscal year 2003-2004. Additionally, commencing 1 March 2000, NBHC is required to make monthly traffic volume payments to New Brunswick (F-M) Project Company Inc., based upon the usage of the highway.

7. Capital lease obligation - continued

Due to the elimination of tolls under the 1 March 2000 amendments to the agreements, the payment arrangements are now being accounted for as a capital lease in accordance with the recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Consequently, a capital lease obligation was accrued during the 1999-2000 fiscal year. The net present value of that capital lease obligation at 31 March 2000 was \$872.0 million.

8. Revenue and expenditure

Under the terms of the Operation, Management, Maintenance and Rehabilitation Agreement that was in effect up to 1 March 2000, NBHC was responsible to make scheduled payments for the operation, management, maintenance and rehabilitation of the highway and tolling systems. Under the new agreement responsibility for tolling system costs has been replaced by responsibility for costs relating to the new traffic volume monitoring system.

During the year an asset representing Crown completed construction costs of \$6,811,503 (1999 - \$8,986,365) was purchased by NBHC from the Department of Transportation. The asset was then sold at cost to the New Brunswick (F–M) Project Company Inc. These amounts have not been recorded on the Statement of Revenue and Expenditure.

A total of \$119,857,000 in assets representing Crown completed construction costs will be purchased and sold by 1 April 2001.

9. Other revenue

The other revenue figure of \$715,000 relates to an amount that was expensed as reserve fund – toll-based debt during the year ended 31 March 1999. All payments into the reserve fund for toll-based debt are now being treated as deposits and have therefore been included in the accounts receivable balance at 31 March 2000. Therefore, the 31 March 1999 expense was reversed during the fiscal year ended 31 March 2000.

10. Removal of tolls

Certain direct costs associated with the removal of tolls from the Fredericton-Moncton highway were incurred by NBHC as detailed in the 1 March 2000 amendments to the agreements. These costs have all been recognized during the year ended 31 March 2000.

Fee paid to the Maritime Road Development Corporation	\$30,000,000
Legal expenses of the Maritime Road Development Corporation	400,000
Fee paid to the toll-based lenders	1,000,000
Legal and other associated costs	574,800

Total direct costs associated with the removal of tolls

\$31,974,800

11. Staff resources

The Corporation has no employees. Staff support is provided by the Department of Transportation and the Department of Finance.

12. Statement of cash flows

This statement was not prepared as the information it would contain was not considered to be significant.

13. Comparative figures

Certain 1999 comparative figures have been restated to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for 2000.

Financial Statements

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Year ended March 31, 2000

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS

The Financial Statements of the New Brunswick Investment Management Corporation are the responsibility of the management of the Corporation. They have been approved by its Board of Directors.

Management prepared the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The New Brunswick Investment Management
Corporation maintains books of account, systems of information and systems of financial and management control which provide reasonable assurance that accurate financial information is available, that assets are protected and that resources are managed efficiently.

The Board of Directors oversees financial reporting through its Audit Committee. The committee reviews matters related to accounting, auditing, internal control systems, the financial statements and report of the external auditors.

Dan Goguen

Vice-President, Finance and Administration

E. L. MacKinnon
President and Chief Executive Officer

We have audited the statement of financial position of New Brunswick Investment Management Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the statement of revenue and expenses for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG

KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants

Fredericton, NB, Canada April 11, 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2000, with comparative figures for 1999

	 2000	 1999
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,121	\$ 87,387
Accounts receivable:		
Pension Funds	325,520	209,424
Harmonized Sales Tax rebates (note 2)	-	147,762
Prepaid expenses	26,998	21,481
	354,639	466,054
Capital assets (note 3)	418,609	427,390
	\$ 773,248	\$ 893,444
Liabilities and Deferred Contributions		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 354,639	\$ 466,054
Deferred contributions related to capital assets	418,609	427,390
Commitments (note 4)		
	\$ 773,248	\$ 893,444

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board:

Chairman of the Board

Allon & No.

President and Chief Executive Officer

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Revenue and Expenses

March 31, 2000, with comparative figures for 1999

	2000	1999
evenue:	•	
Fees:		
Public Service Superannuation Fund	\$ 2,228,057	\$ 1,711,189
Teachers' Pension Fund	2,140,207	1,654,70
Judges' Superannuation Fund	14,882	15,573
Province of New Brunswick Amortization of deferred contributions related	-	80,020
to capital assets	112,094	140,445
Other	124,475	15,911
	4,619,715	3,617,842
penses:		
Salaries and benefits	2,242,817	1,739,111
Other services (note 5)	1,845,241	1,697,605
Materials and supplies	60,329	40,681
Amortization of capital assets	112,094	140,445
Provision for potential uncollectible HST rebates (note 2)	359,234	-
	4,619,715	3,617,842
	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2000

The Corporation is established pursuant to the New Brunswick Investment Management Corporation Act which was proclaimed on March 11, 1996.

Its' legislated mandate is to:

- act as trustee for the Public Service Superannuation Fund, the Teachers' Pension Fund and the Judges' Superannuation Fund (the "Funds");
- provide investment counseling services and other services for certain trust funds;
- promote the development of the financial services industry and capital markets in the Province;
- have regard to investment opportunities in the Province in developing its investment policies, and;
- carry out such other activities or duties as may be authorized or required by the Act or as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may direct.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Accounting entity:

The Corporation is an entity separate from the pension funds for which it is trustee. Expenses of the Corporation are fully funded, primarily by the Funds but also from fees for services and through recovery of expenses.

(b) Basis of accounting:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

(c)) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost and amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis using the annual rates shown in note 3.

(d) Revenue recognition:

The Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis at rates corresponding with amortization rates for the related capital assets.

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2000

2. Harmonized Sales Tax:

		1999	
HST rebates receivable	\$	359,234	\$ 147,762
Allowance for potential uncollectible amounts		-	
Net receivable	\$		\$ 147,762

In order to recover HST paid on its expenditures the Corporation has claimed rebates. Management believes the Corporation is entitled to these rebates but has not been able to collect the receivable from Canada Customs and Revenue Agency. While the Corporation intends to continue to file claims and to pursue collection it has established an allowance to provide for the possibility that its efforts may not be successful.

3. Capital assets:

		······································		2000	1999
	Rate	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value	Net book value
Computer equipment	33 1/3%	\$ 328,341	\$ 277,507	\$ 50,834	\$ 62,424
Furniture and equipment	8%	304,359	85,256	219,103	204,861
Leasehold improvements	10%	217,010	68,338	148,672	160,105
		\$ 849,710	\$ 431,101	\$ 418,609	\$ 427,390

4. Commitments:

The Corporation leases premises and equipment under various operating leases which expire at various dates between 2001 and 2006.

Future minimum payments, by year and in aggregate, are as follows:

2005 2006 171,300 142,800	2004				
------------------------------------	------	--	--	--	--

NEW BRUNSWICK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2000

5. Other services:

	2000	1999
Investment counsel	\$ 640,141	\$ 663,081
Custodial services	100,692	138,225
Travel	169,581	163,284
Office rent	155,367	98,965
Professional services	195,252	90,221
Information systems	437,030	432,618
Other	147,178	111,211
	\$1,845,241	\$ 1,697,605



NEW BRUNSWICK LIQUOR CORPORATION AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2000



MANAGEMENT REPORT

The preparation of financial information is an integral part of management's responsibilities, and the accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Corporation. This responsibility includes the selection of appropriate accounting policies and making judgements and estimates consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Corporation maintains an accounting system and related controls to provide management and the Board with reasonable assurance that transactions are executed and recorded as authorized, that assets are properly safeguarded and accounted for, and that financial records are reliable for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Financial information presented elsewhere in this annual report is consistent with that in the financial statements.

Roger J.E. Landry
President and C.E.(

Richard A. Smith, C.G.A., C.M.A. Controller & Director of Finance

May 19, 2000

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New 4 11 Nouveau Brunswick



KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants

Frederick Square
77 Westmorland Street Suite 700
Fredericton NB E3B 6Z3
Canada

Telephone (506) 452-8000 Telefax (506) 450-0072 www.kpmg.ca

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS

We have audited the balance sheet of the New Brunswick Liquor Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the statements of income and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The current year's supplementary information included in the schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants

Fredericton, NB, Canada May 19, 2000



BALANCE SHEET

	MARCH 31					
Assets	2000	1999				
Current Assets						
Cash	\$ 194 383	\$ 182 335				
Accounts receivable	1 187 741	1 240 887				
Inventories (note 1)	14 520 341	10 279 675				
Prepaid expenses	410 184	411 518				
Total current assets	16 312 649	12 114 415				
Deferred Charges						
Deferred pension costs	3 456 242	3 949 994				
Fixed Assets						
Property, plant and equipment (note 2)	10 669 563	11 268 106				
Total Assets	<u>\$30 438 454</u>	\$27 332 515				
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Outstanding cheques in excess of funds on deposit	\$ 2 646 846	\$ 2 490 691				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8 721 592	6 237 278				
Total current liabilities	11 368 438	8 727 969				
Long Term Debt						
Pension liability (note 3)	6 476 352	6 779 698				
Equity of the Province of New Brunswick						
Balance at beginning of year	11 824 848	11 910 257				
Net income	100 771 674	92 724 022				
	112 596 522	104 634 279				
Payments to the Province of New Brunswick	100 002 858	92 809 431				
Balance at end of year	12 593 664	11 824 848				
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$30 438 454	<u>\$27 332 515</u>				
Commitments (note 4)						
See accompanying notes to financial statements						

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

Welson Michaed
Director

Mora A. Half

INCOME STATEMENT

Year	ended	March	31

Budget	Actual	Actual
2000	2000	1999
\$256 966 783	\$273 821 052	\$254 626 601
3 618 100	3 874 690	3 629 012
253 348 683	269 946 362	250 997 589
134 349 685	143 411 356	133 278 247
118 998 998	126 535 006	117 719 342
829 769	925 699	844 082
119 828 767	127 460 705	118 563 424
25 147 761	26 005 473	25 109 306
737 086	683 558	730 096
25 884 847	26 689 031	25 839 402
\$ 93 943 920	\$ 100 771 674	\$ 92 724 022
	2000 \$256 966 783 3 618 100 253 348 683 134 349 685 118 998 998 829 769 119 828 767 25 147 761 737 086 25 884 847	2000 2000 \$256 966 783 \$273 821 052 3 618 100 3 874 690 253 348 683 269 946 362 134 349 685 143 411 356 118 998 998 126 535 006 829 769 925 699 119 828 767 127 460 705 25 147 761 26 005 473 737 086 683 558 25 884 847 26 689 031

See accompanying notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended March 31

	2000	1999
Cash from Operations		
Net income	\$ 100 771 674	\$ 92 724 022
Items not involving cash:		
Depreciation and amortization	1 832 200	1 738 703
Pension amortization	493 752	493 752
Amortization of experience gains	(336 000)	(336 000)
Loss on sale of property, plant, and equipment	32 301	83 153
Change in non-cash working capital	(1 545 717)	(33 222)
Increase in pension liability	32 654	101 682
Cash available from operations	101 280 864	94 772 090
Net Capital Investments		
Additions to property, plant, and equipment	(1 316 384)	(2 264 643)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment	50 426	123 123
Net cash used for capital investments	(1 265 958)	(2 141 520)
Payments to the Province of New Brunswick	(100 002 858)	(92 809 431)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	12 048	(178 861)
Cash at Beginning of Year	182 335	361 196
Cash at End of Year	\$ 194 383	\$ 182 335

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Schedule of Sales												
Year ended March 31												
								Budget		Actual		Actual
								2000		2000		1999
Spirits								\$ 65 360 573		\$ 67 591 737		\$ 65 645 587
Wine								24 969 595		28 447 723		24 951 036
Other beverages								9 221 566		9 956 776		8 112 410
Beer								157 415 049		167 824 816		155 917 568
								\$256 966 783		\$273 821 052		\$254 626 601
Schedule of Cost of Sales												
Year ended March 31												
						Other				2000		1999
		Spirits		Wine	b	everages		Beer		Total		Total
Inventories at beginning of year	\$	4 390 525	\$	2 537 270	\$	773 215	\$	2 443 036	\$	10 144 046	\$	9 904 052
Purchases	•	15 585 233	•	13 508 036	•	4 978 976	•	98 797 270	Ψ	132 869 515	Ψ	119 100 586
Freight		507 719		872 985		215 095		166 595		1 762 394		1 442 007
Duty and excise tax		11 946 328		833 600		122 475		147 539		13 049 942		12 975 648
		32 429 805		17 751 891		6 089 761		101 554 440		157 825 897		143 422 293
Inventories at end of year		5 529 076		4 960 225		1 029 844		2 895 396		14 414 541		10 144 046
	-	0 020 070		7 300 223		1 023 044		2 033 330	_	14414341		10 144 046
	\$	26 900 729	\$	12 791 666	\$	5 059 917	\$	98 659 044	\$	143 411 356	\$	133 278 247
			-						<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Schedule of Other Income												
Year ended March 31								Budget		Actual		Actual
Tom Crave Major of								SOOO		2000		ACTUAI

Year ended March 31	Budget 2000	Actual 2000	Actual 1999
Merchandising programs	\$ 689 000	\$ 725 989	\$ 668 717
Private importation revenue Commission on collection of	58 468	51 221	42 378
Liquor Licensing Branch charges	37 500	44 068	40 447
Beer voucher administration fees	4 500	16 771	19 208
Unredeemed beverage container deposits Rentals	65 000	70 617	72 538 4 174
Subscriptions to sales reports	9 000	8 120	6 468
Handling charges on special events refunds Loss on sale of property,	10 000	3 259	11 793
plant, and equipment	(88 699)	(32 301)	(83 153)
Sundry	45 000	37 955	61 512
	\$ 829 769	\$ 925 699	\$ 844 082

Schedule of Operating Expenses Year ended March 31

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2000	2000	1999
Salaries - stores, warehouse and maintenance	\$ 11 000 105	\$ 11 307 050	\$ 11 140 861
- administration	2 525 799	2 497 923	2 421 905
Employee benefits	2 572 193	2 551 544	2 537 221
Rent	2 742 400	2 746 505	2 691 298
Heat and light	881 189	918 091	864 330
Depreciation and amortization	1 671 661	1 832 200	1 738 703
Training programs	89 300	88 167	73 539
Trucking	291 300	349 553	301 552
Repairs to property, plant, and equipment	265 482	343 976	287 687
Taxes	417 200	413 753	406 483
Minor equipment and supplies	375 684	379 076	343 318
Security	218 365	196 165	177 432
Retail automation system maintenance	156 880	169 764	173 199
Travel	193 513	191 749	180 237
Beverage container redemption costs	281 000	350 511	310 258
Shopping bags	155 000	159 986	140 422
Data processing	252 458	232 364	196 405
Telecommunications	249 640	262 710	267 229
Motor vehicle operation	21 154	26 686	31 856
Cleaning	159 284	152 470	133 445
Shortages	34 000	47 790	50 384
Bad debt	And the second second	26 429	
Management meetings	31 368	28 553	14 771
Postage	50 000	47 253	48 432
Professional services	76 700	83 500	123 242
Bank charges	283 000	383 237	310 579
Warehouse maintenance and supplies	23 700	30 480	19 578
Insurance	11 000	15 905	11 671
Advertising and promotions	28 600	33 891	32 975
Directors' remuneration	38 060	35 925	31 520
Other	51 726	102 267	48 774
	\$ 25 147 761	\$ 26 005 473	\$ 25 109 306

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended March 31, 2000

General

This Crown Corporation is incorporated under the New Brunswick Liquor Corporation Act and its primary business activity is the purchase, distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages throughout the Province of New Brunswick.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Inventories

Inventories of goods for resale are valued at cost, which is lower than net realizable value. Inventory of supplies is valued at cost.

Deferred Pension Costs

Deferred pension costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over sixteen years.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Buildings	2 1/2%
Paving	10%
Refrigeration equipment	10%
Software and services	10%
Retail automation equipment	20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20%
Automotive equipment	20%

Leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

Pension Liability

The cost of early retirement programs is charged to employee benefits in the years that the payments are actually made.

1. Inventories

	2000	1999
Spirits, wine, other beverages and beer Supplies	\$ 14 414 541 105 800	\$ 10 144 046 135 629
	\$ 14 520 341	\$ 10 279 675

2. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	2000 Net	1999 Net
Land	\$ 209 621		\$ 209 621	\$ 211 100
Paving	443 378	\$ 406 467	36 911	67 139
Buildings	10 093 956	6 193 269	3 900 687	4 023 460
Leasehold improvements	3 710 359	2 577 783	1 132 576	1 160 830
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	6 089 795	5 173 914	915 881	669 209
Automotive equipment	175 740	126 427	49 313	71 952
Retail automation equipment	1 547 791	616 184	931 607	1 226 506
Software and services	2 656 673	545 853	2 110 820	2 289 594
Refrigeration equipment	3 433 904	2 051 757	1 382 147	1 548 316
	\$28 361 217	\$17 691 654	\$10 669 563	\$11 268 106

Depreciation and amortization for the year is \$1 832 200; 1999 \$1 738 703. Net property, plant and equipment additions (disposals) for the year are \$1 157 067; 1999 \$(1 244 317).

3. Pension Liability

The employees of the New Brunswick Liquor Corporation belong to the New Brunswick Public Service Superannuation Plan, a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan.

Pursuant to a regulation under the Public Service Superannuation Act (NB), the New Brunswick Liquor Corporation will contribute, until such time as the benefits are fully funded, sufficient amounts into the pension trust fund to amortize \$7 900 000 of the pension liability. The amortization period is estimated to be twenty-five years. The pension liability, which bears interest at 8.16% per year, is payable in annual installments. The amount payable in 2001 is \$512 878 and increases each year at the rate of the Canadian Consumer Price Index plus 2%, maturing March 2016.

Pension liability			•	\$6 476 352	\$6 779 698
				2000	1999

Since the annual payment will be insufficient to pay the interest in 2001, the pension liability will increase by \$15 592.

Subsequent to 2001 the principal payments in each of the following five years on the long-term debt will be approximately as follows:

2002	\$	3 651
2003		25 285
2004		49 537
2005		76 656
2006	•	106 911

3. Pension Liability (continued)

Actuarial valuations of the Public Service Superannuation Plan were completed as at April 1, 1992, 1993 and 1997. These valuations identified experience gains as a result of a reduction in accrued benefit obligations and an increase in pension asset values. As at March 31, 2000 the Corporation has realized \$1 903 700 of these experience gains; 1999 \$1 567 700. Experience gains are being amortized over the estimated remaining service life of active contributors. The unamortized portion of experience gains as at March 31, 2000 is \$3 059 650; 1999 \$3 395 650.

The pension expense of \$683 558; 1999 \$730 096 includes the amortization of past service costs and interest costs, less experience gains realized.

4. Commitments

The Corporation leases buildings, premises and equipment under operating leases which expire at various dates between 2001 and 2011. Certain of these operating leases contain renewal options at the end of the initial lease term. The following is a schedule, by years, of future minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have, as of March 31, 2000, initial lease terms in excess of one year:

2001	\$2 334 511
2002	1 875 907
2003	1 676 052
2004	1 546 150
2005	1 360 464
2006 to 2011	4 173 911
	\$12 966 995

5. Total Sales

Total sales reported include sales to retail customers, licensed establishments, and agency stores. These amounts do not include subsequent resale by licensed establishments and agency stores.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

New Brunswick Municipal Finance Corporation 31 december 1999

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors New Brunswick Municipal Finance Corporation

I have audited the balance sheet of the New Brunswick Municipal Finance Corporation as at 31 December 1999 and the statements of income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 December 1999 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 28 February 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 1999

ASSETS	1999	1998
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 137,094	\$ 784,113
Accrued interest receivable from municipalities and municipal enterprises	4,143,032	3,976,679
Accrued investment income receivable	15,649	
	4,295,775	4,760,792
Long term investments	520,000	- .
Add: Unamortized premium	62,787	-
	582,787	•
Loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises (Note 2)	346,213,000	334,527,000
	\$ 351,091,562	\$ 339,287,792
LIABILITIES AND RETAINED EARNINGS		
		0 00 700
Accounts payable	\$ 14,753	\$ 93,700
Accrued interest payable on debenture debt	4,143,032 346,213,000	3,976,679 334,527,000
Debenture debt (Note 3)	350,370,785	338,597,379
Retained earnings	720,777	690,413
	\$ 351,091,562	\$ 339,287,792

Approved by the Board		Disastas
7 -	_	Director
My An Ma	Musico.	Director

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

DEVENUE	1999	1998
Interest from municipalities and municipal enterprises	\$ 24,216,997	\$ 25,059,909
Retained for debenture issue expenses	102,812	84,606
Investment income	41,179	35,611
	24,360,988	25,180,126
EXPENSE Interest paid on debentures Amortization of premium Other expenses	24,216,997 4,709 108,918 24,330,624	25,059,909 - 110,119 25,170,028
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR	30,364	10,098
Retained earnings, beginning of year	690,413	680,315
RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year	\$ 720,777	\$ 690,413

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1999

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR): Operations: Net income for the year \$ 30,364 \$ 10,098 Add (deduct) Amortization of premium 4,709 -
Operations: Net income for the year \$ 30,364 \$ 10,098 Add (deduct)
Net income for the year \$ 30,364 \$ 10,098 Add (deduct)
Add (deduct)
·
Amortization of premium
·
Decrease (increase) in non-cash components of working capital (94,596) 13,002
(59,523) 23,100
(00,020) 20,100
Financing activities:
Proceeds on sale of debentures 64,783,424 55,828,453
Funds retained for debenture issues expenses (102,812) (84,606)
Principal paid on debenture debt (53,522,000) (50,389,000)
<u>11,158,612</u> <u>5,354,847</u>
Investing activities:
Investing activities: Loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises (64,680,612) (55,743,847)
Principal repayments made by municipalities (55,745,547)
and municipal enterprises 53,522,000 50,389,000
Long term investments (587,496) -
(11,746,108) (5,354,847)
increase (decrease) in Cash (647,019) 23,100
Cash position, beginning of year 784,113 761,013
CASH POSITION, end of year \$ 137,094 \$ 784,113

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Corporation was established under the New Brunswick Municipal Finance Corporation Act which came into force on 1 February 1983. The purpose of the Corporation is to provide financing for municipalities and municipal enterprises through a central borrowing authority.

Loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises and debenture debt are recorded at par value. Any discount or premium arising on the issuance of debenture debt is transferred to the municipality or municipal enterprise, and accounted for in their financial statements.

2. Loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises

- (a) Loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises are made on the security of their debentures due in annual instalments for periods up to a maximum of fifteen years.
- (b) The terms of the loans to municipalities and municipal enterprises are identical to those on the debenture debt outstanding.

NEW BRUNSWICK MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 1999

3. Debenture debt

(a) The following debenture debt outstanding at 31 December 1999 is in Canadian funds and is fully guaranteed by the Province of New Brunswick.

<u>Series</u>	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Original <u>Amount</u>	Outstanding
"H"	01 Dec. 1986	01 Dec. 1987 to 2001	9% to 10 1/8%	\$ 18,610,000	\$ 983,000
* "O"	22 Aug. 1990	22 Aug. 1991 to 2000	11 1/2% to 12 3/4%	8,989,000	2,431,000
* "P"	11 Dec. 1990	11 Dec. 1991 to 2000	11 1/2% to 11 3/4%	29,344,000	5,667,000
* "Q"	27 June 1991	27 June 1992 to 2001	9 1/4% to 10 5/8%	17,947,000	4,930,000
"R"	16 Dec. 1991	16 Dec. 1992 to 2001	7 3/8% to 9 3/8%	35,221,000	9,331,000
"S"	14 July 1992	14 July 1993 to 2002	6 1/2% to 9%	24,076,000	8,711,000
* "T"	30 Dec. 1992	30 Dec. 1993 to 2002	7 1/2% to 8 7/8%	22,171,000	9,126,000
"U"	29 July 1993	29 July 1994 to 2008	5 1/2% to 8 3/8%	34,442,000	14,188,000
"V"	23 Dec. 1993	23 Dec. 1994 to 2003	4 3/4% to 7 1/2%	23,856,000	11,379,000
* "W"	09 Aug. 1994	09 Aug. 1995 to 2004	8% to 9 3/4%	30,860,000	16,527,000
* "X"	21 Dec. 1994	21 Dec. 1995 to 2004	7 1/4% to 9 1/2%	14,243,000	7,922,000
"Y"	07 June 1995	07 June 1996 to 2005	7 1/8% to 8 1/8%	13,611,000	9,684,000
* "Z"	20 Dec. 1995	20 Dec. 1996 to 2005	6 1/4% to 7 7/8%	39,032,000	25,606,000
"AA"	24 July 1996	24 July 1997 to 2006	5 5/8% to 7 7/8%	19,028,000	14,874,000
"AB"	02 Dec. 1996	02 Dec. 1997 to 2006	3 5/8% to 6 5/8%	38,610,000	29,451,000
* "AC"	16 Oct. 1997	16 Oct. 1998 to 2007	4 1/8% to 6%	36,187,000	30,280,000
"AD"	18 Dec. 1997	18 Dec. 1998 to 2007	4 1/4% to 5 3/4%	34,346,000	28,256,000
"AE"	25 Aug. 1998	25 Aug. 1999 to 2008	5 1/4% to 5 5/8%	26,566,000	24,062,000
"AF"	15 Dec. 1998	15 Dec. 1999 to 2008	5 1/8% to 5 1/2%	29,838,000	27,597,000
"AG"	11 Aug. 1999	11 Aug. 2000 to 2009	5 1/5% to 5 3/4%	31,633,000	31,633,000
*"AH"	14 Dec. 1999	14 Dec. 2000 to 2009	5 7/10% to 6 1/2%	 33,575,000	33,575,000
				\$ 562,185,000	\$ 346,213,000

^{*} These debentures were sold directly to funds administered by the Province of New Brunswick.

(b) Principal payments due in each of the next five years are:

2000	\$54,993,000
2001	\$49,717,000
2002	\$45,468,000
2003	\$40,372,000
2004	\$34,530,000



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE NEW BRUNSWICK MUSEUM

March 31, 2000



AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of
The New Brunswick Museum

We have audited the consolidated balance sheet of **The New Brunswick Museum** as at March 31, 2000 and the related consolidated statements of financial operations and fund balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Museum's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Canada. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Museum as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and the changes in fund balances for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada.

Saint John, Canada, May 26, 2000. Ernst * Young UP

Chartered Accountants

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at March 31

	General Fund \$	Endowment Fund \$	Market Square Fund \$	2000 \$	1999 S
ASSETS					(restated)
Cash	272 564	2 577		200	
Accounts receivable	273,564	2,577		276,141	77,036
	88,846	42,721	*******	131,567	46,747
Prepaid expenses	9,057		*****	9,057	10,415
Inventory	29,360		 ·	29,360	25,186
Due from Province of New Brunswick	34,804			34,804	68,761
	435,631	45,298		480,929	228,145
Instanton and F. 1. 27	200 207	771 120			
Investments [note 2]	208,327	771,438	109,154	1,088,919	798,507
Interfund loan	(4,027)	1,797	2,230		_
Property and equipment [note 3]	132,790		20,607	153,397	105,100
Collection and accessions	2			2	2
	772,723	818,533	131,991	1,723,247	1,131,754
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	r.c				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,000		324,013	234,489
	323.013	1.000		324,013	234,489
Fund balances [note 4]					
Unrestricted	15,000	17,310		32,310	140,464
Internally Restricted	131,783	152,265		284,048	84,370
Externally Restricted	170,137	50,175	111,384	331,696	25,327
Endowments		597,783		597,783	542,004
Property and Equipment	132,790		20,607	153,397	105,100
	449,710	817,533	131.991	1,399,234	897,265
	772,723	818.533	131,991	1,723,247	1,131,754

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Board:

Mr Spirector (Spoll)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended March 31

	General Fund \$	Endowment Fund S	Market Square Fund S	2000 \$	1999 S
Revenue					
Grants					
Provincial	1,828,602			1 020 (02	1.504.04
Federal	30,904		· 	1,828,602 30,904	1,594,944
Dept. of Canadian Heritage	24,500		_	24,500	44,129
Investment income	5,841	61,641		67,482	39,500
Webster Foundation		40,225		40,225	46,245
Museum services [note 5]	164,367			164,367	40,300
Other grants & bequests		28,491	_	28,491	162,065
Donations [note 6]	6,725	2,774	225,518	235,017	116,531
Sale of equipment		-,		255,017	332,261
	2,060,939	133,131	225,518	2,419,588	6,000 2,381,975
Expenditures					
Salaries and benefits	1,175,655			1,175,655	1 216 006
Materials, supplies and services	685,886			685,886	1,316,996
Amortization of property and equi	pment 43,152		11,851	55,003	628,252 42,930
Acquisitions	48,113	6,741		54,854	44,930
Scholarships	·	1,000		1,000	3,000
	1.952.806	7,741	11,851	1,972,398	2,037,952
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	108,133	125,390	213,667	447,190	344,023
Fund balance, beginning of year	281,327	697,614	(81,676)	897,265	553,242
Fund balance before transfers	389,460	823,004	131,991	1,344,455	
		020,007	101,771	1,344,433	897,265
Endowment fund transfer	60,250	(60,250)			
Gain on sale of investments		54,779	· .	54,779	
Fund balance, end of year	449,710	817,533	131,991	1,399,234	897,265

See accompanying notes '

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The New Brunswick Museum is incorporated under the laws of the Province of New Brunswick to preserve and present the natural and human history of New Brunswick and of other related regions. To this end, the Museum collects, preserves, researches and interprets objects which tell the story of New Brunswick, and develops exhibits and public programs on these and related topics for the education and enjoyment of the public. This is done in a manner which fully represents the province's two linguistic and cultural communities, aboriginal peoples and other cultural groups.

The Museum is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as a registered charity under the Act, the Museum must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada, the more significant of which are outlined below.

(a) Financial statement presentation

In order to ensure observance of the limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Museum, the accounts of the Museum are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Accordingly, resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into separate funds. These funds are held in accordance with the objectives specified by the donors or in accordance with directives issued by the Board of Directors or various funding authorities.

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The New Brunswick Museum and the New Brunswick Museum Foundation, Inc.

For financial reporting purposes, the accounts have been classified into the following three groupings:

General Fund

This fund reflects the day-to-day operating transactions of the Museum. It also includes amounts received by the Museum which are designated to be restricted to certain expenditures of an operating nature. Such restricted activities include the following:

Grants — Amounts received from various governments and private agencies to finance specific projects.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [Continued]

Department of Canadian Heritage — Amounts received from the Federal Museum's Assistance Program to finance activities which increase public accessibility. This includes special event programs, education programs, and advisory services.

Bequests and donations — Amounts received from sources which place specific restrictions on their use.

Internally restricted fund — Amounts restricted by management for exhibitions and gallery upgrades. This also includes funds received from activities of the staff in the curatorial departments to assist in financing specific project expenditures.

Webster Foundation — Contributions from the Webster Foundation are applied toward acquisitions and the general operations of certain projects.

Endowment Fund

This includes amounts held for the long-term benefit of the Museum. Investment income earned on certain endowment funds is unrestricted and accordingly is transferred to the operating fund.

Market Square Fund

The Market Square expansion is a significant project which has been accounted for separately and funded by the proceeds of the capital campaign conducted by the New Brunswick Museum Foundation, Inc.

(b) Investments

Investments purchased by the Museum are valued at cost, and investments donated to the Museum are valued at fair market value at the date of receipt. Investment income is recognized as earned. Endowment fund capital gains are recorded directly into the endowment fund equity.

(c) Inventory

Inventory consisting of publications and items held for resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Government grants received for the publishing of certain books are applied against the publishing costs.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [Continued]

(d) Collection and accessions

Collections and accessions are recorded at a nominal value. Additions to the collections are expensed in the year of acquisition.

The collections of the Museum comprise a wide range of subject matter from the humanities and natural science, which are relevant to New Brunswick and have been continually acquired since the institution's foundation in 1842. The humanities holdings, numbering about 100,000 artifacts, include history and technology artifacts, fine and decorative arts and archival material. The natural science holdings, numbering about 300,000 specimens or specimen lots, include botanical, palaeontology and zoological collections.

(e) Property & equipment

Furniture and equipment is stated at cost and is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets: computer equipment 33%, vehicles and equipment 20%, furniture 10%.

(f) Government and private grants

Government and private grants for current operations and capital acquisitions are recognized as revenue in the year of receipt.

(g) Contributed services

Volunteers contributed approximately 7,000 hours to assist the Museum in carrying out its service delivery activities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

2. INVESTMENTS

The investments included in the General and Endowment Funds are comprised of the following:

	2000		19	1999	
-	Cost \$	Market Value \$	Cost \$	Market Value \$	
Bonds	666,842	655,612	343,724	328,928	
GIC's	5,000	5,000	298,828	334,036	
Treasury bills	317,481	318,067	109,566	109,661	
Equity	99,596	378,789	46,389	340,186	
	1,088,919	1,357,468	798,507	1,112,811	

3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	2000			1999	
	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net Book Value \$	Net Book Value S	
Computers	150,431	78,737	71.694	25,102	
Vehicles & equipment	107,791	65,429	42,362	38,799	
Furniture	56,784	17,443	39,341	41.199	
	315,006	161,609	153.397	105,100	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

4. FUND BALANCES

A summary of the changes in the various fund balances for fiscal 2000 is as follows:

	Balance, beginning of year \$	Revenue \$	Expenditures \$	Fund Transfer In (Out) S	Balance, end of year \$
T!	12 70 6	1 (7) 100	1 (7) (0)		
Unrestricted general	13,706	1,676,499	1,676,955	1,750	15,000
Unrestricted endowment	126,758	42,817		(152,265)	17,310
	140,464	1,719.316	1,676,955	(150,515)	32,310
Internal restricted general	84,370	2,802	13,889	58,500	131,783
Internal restricted endowment	´ 	´—		152,265	152,265
	84,370	2,802	13,889	210,765	284.048
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
External restricted general	110,609	393,402	333,874		170,137
External restricted endowment	28,852	81,573	´ —	(60,250)	50,175
External restricted		,		(00,200)	50,175
Market Square	(114,134)	225.518	·	*******	111,384
	25,327	700,493	333,874	(60,250)	331,696
Endowments	542,004	55,779			597.783
Property and equipment	105,100	103,302	55,005		153,397
Total	897,265	2,581,692	2,079,723		1.399.234

Opening fund balances have been restated to reflect the proper allocation of Endowment Fund balances between restricted, internal or external, and Endowments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2000

5. MUSEUM SERVICES

Museum Services consist of revenue from general operations, including the Gift Shop, membership, and admissions. Gift Shop revenue is included on a net basis since the revenue and expenditures are directly related. The total revenues and expenditures are as follows:

	2000 S	1999 \$
Revenue	286,292	317,516
Expenditures	121,925	155,451
	164,367	162,065

6. MARKET SQUARE PROJECT

The Museum has contractual commitments from the Government of Canada, the Province of New Brunswick and the City of Saint John for assistance allowing for an expansion of the Museum's public operations, primarily at the Market Square complex in Saint John. The project was substantially completed and the facility opened on April 27, 1996.

The Museum enhanced the project primarily in the exhibit galleries with a commitment of \$2,000,000. As at May 26, 2000 the New Brunswick Museum Foundation, Inc. has received pledges in total through a capital campaign of \$2,000,000 of which \$1,917,532 has been received in cash.

7. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

A separate statement of cash flows is not presented since cash flows from investment and financing activities are readily apparent from the other financial statements.

8. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2000





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AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honourable Marilyn Trenholme Counsell, MD Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick Fredericton, New Brunswick

Madam:

We have audited the consolidated balance sheet of New Brunswick Power Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the consolidated statements of income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Chartered Accountants

Delatte à Touche LLP

May 12, 2000

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

	200	00	19	99
REVENUES				
Sales of power (Note 3) In-province Out-of-province Miscellaneous	\$ 888 330 30	- 1,248	\$ 872 304 28	- 1,204
EXPENDITURES				
Purchased power Fuel Operation, maintenance and administration Amortization and decommissioning (Note 4)	170 225 315 190		98 276 277 189	
7 anorazadon ana accommissioning (Note 4)	100	900		840
Income before finance charges		348		364
Finance charges (Note 5)		331		346
Income before transfer and write-off		17		18
Transfer from fuel channel removal account (Note 6)		-		9
Income before write-off		17		27
Write-off of deferred cost - nuclear generating station	(Note 7)			450
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		17		(423)
RETAINED EARNINGS				
BEGINNING OF YEAR		2		425
END OF YEAR	- -	\$ 19	· •	\$ 2

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 2000 (in millions)

	2000	1999
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Note 8)		
Land, buildings, plant and equipment, at cost Less: accumulated amortization	\$ 5,329 2,333	\$ 5,263 2,133
	2,996	3,130
LONG-TERM ASSETS		
Sinking fund investments (Note 12)	17	56
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments Accounts receivable Materials, supplies and fuel Prepaid expenses	34 170 78 3	7 191 74 3
	285	275
DEFERRED CHARGES		
Unrealized foreign exchange differences, less amounts amortized (Note 9) Debenture and note discount and issue	106	155
expenses, less amounts amortized Deferred pension benefit (Note 10)	22 38	25 25
	166	205
	\$ 3,464	\$ 3,666

ON BEHALF OF NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION

Chairman

Director

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 2000 (in millions)

	2000	1999
LONG-TERM DEBT (Note 12)		
Debentures and other loans Less: sinking funds	\$ 2,907 329	\$ 3,250 305
	2,578	2,945
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Short-term indebtedness (Note 13) Accounts payable and accruals Accrued interest Current portion of long-term debt (Note 12)	176 139 79 234	159 128 84 130
	628_	501
DEFERRED LIABILITIES		
Irradiated fuel management and plant decommissioning (Note 14) Other (Note 15)	209 30	197 21
	239	218
EQUITY		
Retained earnings	19	2
	\$ 3,464	\$ 3,666

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

	2000		1999
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:			
OPERATING			
Net income (loss) for the year Amounts charged or credited to operations not	\$ 17		\$ (423)
requiring a current cash payment (Note 16)	226		670
	243		247
Net change in non-cash working capital balances	21		21
	264		268_
FINANCING			
Debt retirements Sinking fund payments Long-term debt obligations issued	(175) (61) 50		(81) (70)
Increase (decrease) in short-term indebtedness	17		(35)
	(169)		(186)
INVESTING			
Expenditure on property, plant and equipment Proceeds on disposal and customer contributions	(95) 41		(68) 3
Deferred pension benefit Increase in other deferred charges	(13)		(14)
	(68)	•	(79)
NET CASH INFLOW	27		3
CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS			
BEGINNING OF YEAR		•	4
END OF YEAR	\$ 34		\$ 7

Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The New Brunswick Power Corporation ("the Corporation"), established in 1920 as a Crown Corporation of the Province of New Brunswick by enactment of the New Brunswick Electric Power Act, has a corporate mission to provide for the continuous supply of energy adequate for the needs and future development of the Province and to promote economy and efficiency in the generation, distribution, supply, sale and use of power.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. The financial statements include the accounts of the Corporation and those of its wholly owned subsidiary, N.B. Coal Limited (N.B.Coal).

a. Regulation

The Corporation is regulated under a price cap system. Annual average rate increases greater than three percent, or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is higher, require regulatory review and approval by the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities of the Province of New Brunswick (Public Utilities Board). The Corporation must also apply to the Public Utilities Board before making any expenditure greater that \$75 million in relation to upgrading, maintaining or decommissioning of a generating facility.

b. Property, plant and equipment

The cost of additions to property, plant and equipment is the original cost of contracted services, direct labour and material, interest on funds used during construction and indirect charges for administration and other expenses, less credits for the value of power generated during commissioning.

Interest during construction is capitalized monthly based on the cost of long-term borrowings. When significant assets are taken out of service for extended periods of time for refurbishment, interest during construction is charged based on the net book value of the asset concerned.

Contributions in aid of construction which include amounts received from customers as well as research and development grants in respect of new facilities, are netted against the cost of related assets. Amounts received from customers are being amortized over the estimated service lives of the related assets.

The cost of distribution assets retired, net of dismantlement and salvage, is charged to accumulated amortization. For all other property, plant and equipment disposed of, the cost and accumulated amortization is written out of the accounts with the gain or loss on disposal being reflected in income.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Amortization is provided for all assets sufficient to amortize the cost of such assets, less estimated salvage value over their estimated service lives. The estimated service lives of fixed assets are periodically reviewed and any changes are applied prospectively. Amortization is suspended when significant assets are taken out of service for extended periods for refurbishment. Amortization is provided on certain mining equipment on an increasing charge basis, the amortization amount being based on the amount of related debt retirement required during the year. All other assets are amortized on a straight-line basis. Amortization is provided on the net cost of property, plant and equipment in respect of which grants have been provided.

The main categories of property, plant and equipment have been amortized based on the following estimated service lives:

Assets	Years
Hydro Generating Stations	100
Thermal Generating Stations	35
Nuclear Generating Station	25
Combustion Turbine Generating Stations	25
Terminals and Substations	40
Transmission System	35 to 55
Distribution System	10 to 35
Buildings	
- General	40
- Head Office	50
Mining Equipment	20 to 25

Each asset category includes components which are amortized over service lives shorter than their related main asset categories.

c. Cash and Short Term Investments

Cash and short term investments consist of balances with banks and investments in money market instruments which mature within three months from date of acquisition.

d. Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies, and fuel, other than nuclear fuel, are valued at average cost. Nuclear fuel is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

e. Debenture and note discounts and premiums, and issue expenses

The Corporation amortizes debenture and note discounts and premiums and the expenses of issues over the lives of the issues to which they pertain.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f. Foreign exchange transactions

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Canadian (Cdn) dollars at rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date except where such items have been hedged by the acquisition of a forward exchange contract, in which case the rate established by the terms of the contract is used in the translation. Unrealized losses or gains arising on translation of long-term items are amortized to income on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the related monetary assets or liabilities, except that amounts associated with the financing of major construction projects still in progress are deferred until the project is completed before being amortized over the then remaining life of the related monetary liabilities. The unamortized balance of the deferred exchange gains or losses is accumulated in an unrealized foreign exchange account which is shown on the balance sheet under deferred charges.

Exchange gains or losses resulting from transactions affecting current operations are reflected in income.

g. Financial instruments

Long-term debt

Long-term debt is recorded on the balance sheet at cost. The estimated fair value of long-term debt is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements using market values or estimates of market values based on debt with similar terms and maturities. The fair value estimated does not include costs that would be incurred to exchange or settle the debt.

Derivative financial products

The Corporation enters into forward exchange contracts to manage exchange risk related to interest obligations on US denominated long-term debt for terms up to eighteen months. The Corporation also enters into interest rate agreements to reduce exposure to changes in interest rates on planned refinancing of debt. The Corporation also enters into oil swap agreements to reduce exposure to changes in the cost of oil used in the operations of its plants.

h. Revenue

Billings to residential and general service customers are rendered monthly on a cyclical basis. All other customers are billed at the end of each month. Revenue in respect of items not billed at the end of a fiscal period is estimated and accrued.

i. Irradiated fuel management and plant decommissioning

In order to provide for the estimated future costs of permanently disposing of irradiated nuclear fuel and decommissioning the nuclear generating station to return the site to a state of unrestricted use, the Corporation annually charges income with amounts calculated to be adequate, when accumulated with interest, to cover the total costs of



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i. Irradiated fuel management and plant decommissioning (continued)

these future activities as they occur. The calculations of the anticipated future costs are based on a detailed study which takes into account various assumptions regarding the method and timing of dismantlement of the nuclear facility, the cost of transportation of nuclear material to permanent disposal facilities, and estimates of interest and inflation rates in the future. With respect to irradiated nuclear fuel, the annual charge is related to the amount of nuclear fuel consumed in each year while decommissioning requirements are charged on a straight-line basis over the life of the station.

The Corporation is also providing, through an annual charge to income, for the estimated future costs of decommissioning its thermal generating stations. The amount of the charge, when accumulated with interest, is intended to cover the total costs of decommissioning activities as they occur.

Amounts charged each year to cover these activities are accumulated in a deferred liability account, together with interest, compounded annually, on the total amounts collected. Interest is calculated at the Corporation's long-term borrowing rate and is charged to income annually.

Costs incurred on a current basis relating to irradiated fuel management and plant decommissioning are charged against the deferred liability account.

In view of potential developments in the technology of decommissioning and irradiated fuel management, and because of the various assumptions and estimates inherent in the calculations, the Corporation reviews such calculations periodically, making adjustments as necessary on a prospective basis.

j. Pension plans

Corporation employees belong to the Province of New Brunswick Public Service Superannuation Plan. This multi-employer plan provides pensions based on length of service and the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings. The Corporation and its employees make contributions to the plan as prescribed in the Public Service Superannuation Act and its regulations. N.B. Coal maintains a private contributory defined benefit pension plan for its employees.

Under both plans, pension costs are actuarially determined using the projected benefit method, pro-rated on services and management's best estimate assumptions. Adjustments arising from plan amendments, experience gains and losses, changes in actuarial assumptions and the difference between the actuarial present value of accrued pension obligations and the market related value of pension assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service lives of the respective employee groups.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

k. Retiring allowance

The Corporation has a retiring allowance program for employees that provides a lumpsum payment equal to one week of pay for each full year of continuous employment to a maximum of 26 weeks of pay. The actuarial present value of accrued retiring allowance obligations for past service is amortized on a straight line basis over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

I. Early retirement programs

The total cost of such programs is charged to income in the year the program is initiated, irrespective of when payments are actually made.

m. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

2. CASH AND SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

	2000	1999
Cash	\$ 31	\$ 6
Short term investments	3	1
	\$ 34	\$ 7

3. SALES

- a) Power sales to the Province of New Brunswick and other government owned organizations are recorded at normal commercial rates.
- b) Out-of-province sales of power include \$223 million (1999 \$183 million) to utilities in the United States.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

4. AMORTIZATION AND DECOMMISSIONING

	2000	1999
Amortization expense	\$ 188	\$ 186
Charges for decommissioning	2	3
	<u>\$ 190</u>	\$ 189
5. FINANCE CHARGES		
	2000	1999
Interest expense – on debentures and other loans - on deferred liabilities	\$ 309 15	\$ 321 14
	324	335
Less: Income from sinking funds and other investments	28	35
	296	300
Provincial government guarantee fee Amortization of debenture discount and expense Amortization of unrealized foreign exchange	20 5 12	21 4 22
	333	347
Less: Interest capitalized	2	1
	\$ 331	\$ 346

Interest paid on debt during the year was \$314 million (1999 - \$322 million). Interest received on investments during the year was \$28 million (1999 - \$30 million).

6. FUEL CHANNEL REMOVAL

The Corporation eliminated the fuel channel removal liability account over a three year period which commenced October 1, 1995 and ended September 30, 1998.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

7. WRITE-OFF OF DEFERRED COST - NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

In 1997/98 the carrying value of the nuclear generating station was reduced by \$450 million and an offsetting deferred charge was recorded. This was in recognition of efforts to identify a potential new revenue stream to recover the \$450 million. In 1998/99 the Corporation was not able to identify the necessary revenue stream and the deferred charge was written off against net income.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2000		19	99
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Cost	Accumulated amortization
Power generating stations	\$ 3,731	\$ 1,648	\$ 3,728	\$ 1,492
Transmission system	252	111	249	106
Terminals and substations	389	185	390	175
Distribution system	651	256	636	240
Buildings and properties	56	24	57	24
Communications and computer systems	59	19	32	17
Mining equipment and related				
assets	74	50	74	44
Motor vehicles	45	29	38	27
Miscellaneous assets	18	11	17	8
Construction-in-progress	54		42	
	\$ 5,329	\$ 2,333	\$ 5,263	\$ 2,133

9. UNREALIZED FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES, LESS AMOUNTS AMORTIZED

	2000	1999
Exchange adjustment at balance sheet date	\$ 167	\$ 204
Less: accumulated amortization	61	49
	<u>\$ 106</u>	\$ 155



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

10. DEFERRED PENSION BENEFIT

Corporation employees belong to the Province of New Brunswick Public Service Superannuation Plan (Public Service Plan) as described in Note 1j. Actuarial valuations are prepared periodically to determine the costs of the pension benefits and the appropriate amounts of contributions to the fund. The latest actuarial valuation done on the Public Service Plan was April 1, 1997.

The actuarial method used incorporates management's or the plan owner's best estimate assumptions to determine the present value of accrued pension benefit obligations based on projections of salaries and wages to normal retirement dates. The interest rate on accrued pension benefits and the rate of return on assets used in these calculations was 8.42%.

The status of the costs and obligations of the Corporation's share of the Public Service Plan and N.B. Coal's private plan as at March 31,2000 was as follows:

	2	000	1	999
Pension fund assets (market value)	\$	654	\$	540
Accrued pension obligations	\$	554	\$	512
Determination of pension expense for the year is summarized below:				
Cost of benefits for the year Interest cost on accrued benefits Interest on pension fund assets Amortization of transitional surplus Amortization of gains/losses	\$	8 44 (45) (1) (3)	\$	6 40 (45) (1) 1
Pension expense	\$	3	\$	1

Total contributions to the plans in excess of pension expense, in the amount of \$38 million (1999 - \$25 million) have been set up as an asset under deferred charges.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

11. RETIRING ALLOWANCE LIABILITY

The Corporation has a retiring allowance program for employees as described in Note 1k. Actuarial calculations are prepared to determine the amount of the Corporation's obligations for retiring allowances. The actuarial method used incorporates management's best estimate assumptions to determine the present value of the accrued retiring allowance obligation based on projections of salaries and wages to normal retirement dates. The interest rate used in the calculation of this obligation was 6%. The latest actuarial calculation was done as at April 1, 1998.

The retiring allowance obligation as at March 31, 2000 is \$25 million (1999 - \$23 million). The retiring allowance expense for the year ended March 31, 2000 was \$4 million (1999 - \$4 million). The cumulative amount expensed in excess of amounts paid out under the retirement allowance program has been set up as a liability under deferred liabilities.

12. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2000	1999
Debentures guaranteed by the Province of New Brunswick Debentures held by the Province of New Brunswick	\$ 211 2,930	\$ 363 3,017
	3,141	3,380
Less: Payments due within one year	234_	130
	\$ 2,907	\$ 3,250



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

12. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Debentures and notes

Date of maturity	Average Interest Rate	Canadian	US	2000	1999
Years ending:					
March 31, 2000 March 31, 2001 March 31, 2002 March 31, 2003 March 31, 2004 March 31, 2005	10.6% 9.6% 8.0% 7.5%	251 250 500 100	- - 174 - -	251 250 674 100	100 251 250 681 100
1-5 Years 6-10 years 11-30 Years	8.8% 9.5% 8.7%	1,101 570 500	174 - 785	1,275 570 1,285	1,382 620 1,365
Debentures and notes		\$2,171	\$959	\$3,130	\$3,367
Loan payable in annual rates varying from 4.5%	installments of to 8.25% per a	of principal and i	nterest at r 2011. –	11	13
Total long-term debt				\$3,141	\$3,380
			=		

The US\$ debenture balance outstanding at March 31, 2000 is US\$ 660 million.

The weighted average interest rate on all debentures and notes outstanding at March 31, 2000 is 8.88% (1999 - 9.07%).



Debt maturities

NEW BRUNSWICK POWER CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

12. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Long-term debt payments

Long-term debt maturities and sinking fund requirements in respect of debt outstanding at March 31, 2000 are as follows for the five years ending March 31, 2005:

	and sinking fund obligations (in millions)
ar ending March 31, 2001	\$ 234
ar ending March 31, 2002	243

Year ending March 31, 2001	\$ 234
Year ending March 31, 2002	243
Year ending March 31, 2003	603
Year ending March 31, 2004	106
Year ending March 31, 2005	19

Exchange rates in effect at March 31, 2000 are used for debt denominated in foreign currencies.

Sinking funds

The Minister of Finance of the Province of New Brunswick, as Trustee for the Corporation, maintains a sinking fund for all debenture issues where required. Sinking fund earnings are reflected in the Corporation's income. Corporation debentures held in the fund are cancelled at maturity or on the debenture call date. Sinking fund investments are deducted from long-term debt except where the legally enforceable right to offset does not exist. The amounts not offset, totaling \$17 million (1999 - \$56 million), have been reclassified as investments.

Guarantee fee

The Corporation pays an annual guarantee fee to the Province of New Brunswick, amounting to 0.6489% of the total, as at the previous year end, of long-term debt guaranteed by the Province, debentures held by the Province and short-term indebtedness to the Province, less the balance held in sinking funds.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

13. SHORT-TERM INDEBTEDNESS

The Corporation borrows funds for temporary purposes from the Province of New Brunswick. The short-term borrowings from the Province of New Brunswick are \$176 million at March 31, 2000 (1999 - \$159 million).

The Corporation may also borrow from banks from time to time. Such borrowings are payable on demand. The Corporation has bank lines of credit, guaranteed by the Province of New Brunswick, for short-term borrowings totaling \$104 million.

N.B. Coal has bank lines of credit which are secured by a general assignment of book debts.

14. IRRADIATED FUEL MANAGEMENT AND PLANT DECOMMISSIONING

	20	000	1	999
Irradiated fuel management Nuclear decommissioning Thermal decommissioning	\$	109 86 14	\$	104 82 11
	\$	209		197

The obligation is not funded.

15. DEFERRED LIABILITIES - OTHER

	2000	1999
Early retirement programs	\$ 27	\$ 20
Retirement allowance program	6	4
Less: Amounts due within one year	33	24
	\$ 30	\$ 21



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

16. AMOUNTS CHARGED OR CREDITED TO OPERATIONS NOT REQUIRING A CURRENT CASH PAYMENT

	2000	1999
Amortization and decommissioning	\$ 190	\$ 189
Amortization of debenture discount and expense	5	4
Amortization of unrealized foreign exchange	12	22
Disposal of nuclear fuel consumed during the year Interest on plant decommissioning and irradiated fuel	(2)	(1)
management	12	11
Early retirement and retirement allowance programs	9	4
	226	229
Write-off of deferred cost – nuclear generating station	-	450
Transfer from fuel channel removal account	*	(9)_
	<u> \$ 226 </u>	\$ 670

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Foreign exchange risk management

At March 31, 2000, the Corporation had outstanding forward exchange contracts representing a net commitment to purchase US\$ 105 million (1999 – US\$ 71 million). The weighted average rate of exchange protected by these contracts is Cdn \$1.4521.

The fair value of forward exchange contracts as at March 31, 2000 is \$151 million (1999 - \$108 million). If the contracts had been closed out at March 31, 2000 the loss would have been immaterial.

Fuel price risk management

At March 31, 2000, the Corporation had outstanding oil swap contracts totaling \$20 million (1999 - \$40 million) maturing over the next year. In 1999, \$18 million of these contracts, with a fair value of \$14 million, constituted swap contracts entered into on behalf of a customer. Any gains or losses associated with this contract accrued to the customer.

The fair market value of the fuel price swap agreements as at March 31, 2000 is \$24 million (1999 - \$37 million).

Under the agreements, the Corporation exchanges monthly payments based on the differential between a fixed price and a monthly cumulative floating price for the associated fuel. The differential to be paid or received is reflected in the cost of fuel.

If the outstanding swap contracts for which gains or losses accrue to the Corporation had been closed out at March 31, 2000, the gain would have been \$4 million (1999 - \$1 million).



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate risk management

The Corporation has entered into an interest rate swap agreement with an effective date of October 1, 2002 and termination date of October 1, 2012. The agreement has a notional principal amount of \$50 million. The Corporation will pay a fixed rate of 6.521%. If the agreement had been closed out at March 31, 2000 the loss would have been immaterial.

Fair value of debt and sinking funds

The estimated fair value of long-term debt as at March 31, 2000 is \$3,448 million compared to a book value of \$3,141 million (1999 - \$3,970 million compared to \$3,380 million). The estimated fair value of all sinking funds as at March 31, 2000 is \$362 million compared to a book value of \$346 million (1999 - \$395 million compared to \$361 million).

18. COMMITMENTS

Beliedune Wharf

The Corporation has entered into a twenty year operating lease, expiring in 2013, with a twenty year renewal option for the port facility at Belledune. This lease provides for annual charges of approximately \$4.5 million.

Courtenay Bay Generating Station

The Corporation has entered into a twenty year site lease agreement, expiring in 2021, with a five year option to extend, for lease of the existing site infrastructure to a third party to re-power an existing 100MW unit to a 280 MW combined-cycle natural gas unit.

The Corporation has also entered into a related twenty year power purchase and transmission access agreement, expiring in 2021, with a five year option to extend with the same third party. The Corporation will purchase all the electrical energy produced by the re-powered 280 MW combined cycle natural gas unit during the winter period, November 1 to March 31, and from time to time, some or all of the electrical energy produced during the summer period.

Gas Transportation Agreement

The Corporation has entered into a fifteen year agreement for firm natural gas transportation service to the re-powered Courtenay Bay Generating Station. The cost of transportation, commencing on November 1st, 2000 or the date when the transportation facilities are placed in service, will be recovered from the tenant, referred to in the lease, of the generating station.



Year ended March 31, 2000 (in millions)

18. COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Computer Equipment

During the year, the Corporation entered into operating leases relating to computer equipment. The future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows:

	2000	1999
2001 2002	\$ 4 3	\$ -
	<u> </u>	\$ -

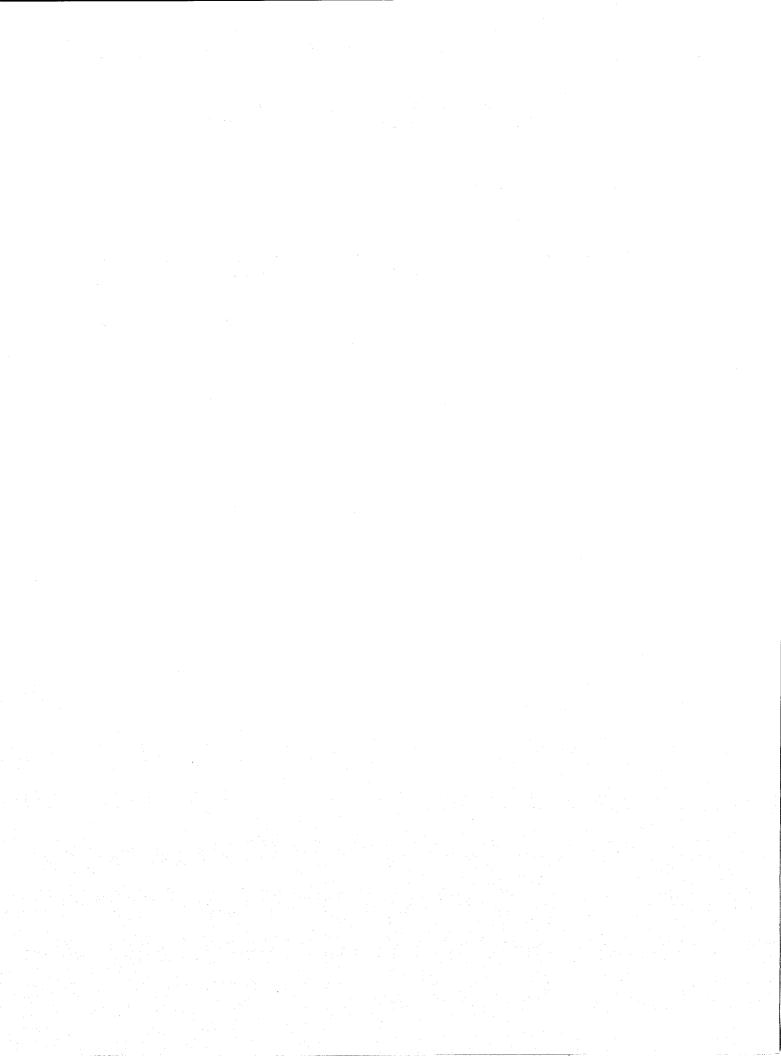
19. CONTINGENCY

N.B. Coal has an ongoing environmental responsibility to treat acidic water drainage from an inactive mine. Ongoing cost of treatment is approximately \$0.5 million per year.

20. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain 1999 figures have been reclassified to conform with 2000 financial statement presentation.





FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NEW BRUNSWICK PUBLIC LIBRARIES
FOUNDATION
31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairperson and Directors

New Brunswick Public Libraries Foundation

I have audited the statement of financial position of the New Brunswick Public Libraries Foundation as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Foundation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In common with many charitable organizations, the organization derives revenue from the general public, the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, my verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and I was not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to public donations, excess of revenues over expenses, assets and net assets.

In my opinion, except for the effect of adjustments, if any, which I might have determined to be necessary had I been able to satisfy myself concerning the completeness of the contributions referred to in the preceding paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 23 October 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK PUBLIC LIBRARIES FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2000

ASSETS	2000	1999
Current Assets		
Cash (Trust Account) Accounts receivable	\$ 24,423 137	\$ - 22,983
	\$ 24,560	\$ 22,983
LIABILITIES AND DEFICIT		
Account payable (Deficit) Net assets	\$ 50,000 (25,440)	\$ - 22,983
	\$ 24,560	\$ 22,983

Approved by the Board

Chairperson

Director

NEW BRUNSWICK PUBLIC LIBRARIES FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

REVENUES	2000	1999 (13 months)
Public donations	\$ 720	\$ 30,332
Grants from the Department of Municipalities Bank interest	720 347	30,332 2,678
	1,787	63,342
EXPENSES Library expenditures		·
Professional services	50,210	30,193
Miscellaneous		9,813 353
	50,210	40,359
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		
FOR THE PERIOD	(48,423)	22,983
Net assets, beginning of period	22,983	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), end of period	\$ (25,440)	\$ 22,983

NEW BRUNSWICK PUBLIC LIBRARIES FOUNDATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

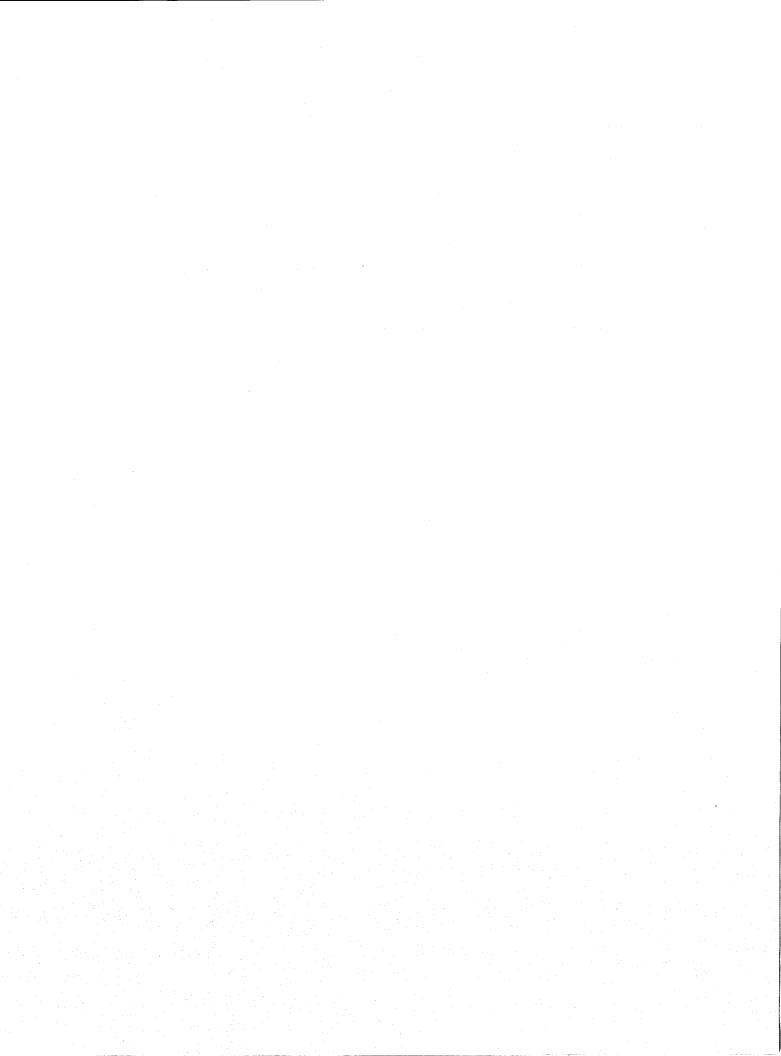
1. Authority and Objective

The New Brunswick Public Libraries Foundation is an independent entity created under the provisions of the New Brunswick Public Libraries Foundation Act proclaimed 1 March 1998. The mandate of the Foundation is

- (1) to receive gifts of real and personal property, including money, to support public library services in the Province, including support for capital projects for public library facilities, purchase of materials, equipment and supplies for public libraries and support for such library services as may be delivered through the public library system in the Province,
- (2) to invest and administer the property received,
- (3) to encourage, facilitate and carry out programs and activities that will directly or indirectly increase the financial support of or confer a benefit on public libraries in the Province,
- (4) to make grants and gifts in support of the public library system in the Province,
- (5) to promote the use and benefits of public libraries in the Province, and
- (6) to assist public library boards in raising funds for public libraries in the Province.

2. Financial position of Foundation

At 31 March 2000 the Foundation's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$25,440. The Foundation's continued operations will be dependent upon future contributions from the Province and donors in amounts sufficient to discharge its liabilities.



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NEW BRUNSWICK

RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honourable Bernard Lord
Premier of the Province of New Brunswick

- and -

The Chairman and Members of the New Brunswick Research and Productivity Council

I have audited the consolidated statement of financial position of the New Brunswick Research and Productivity Council as at 31 March 2000 and the consolidated statements of operations and changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N.B. 2 June 2000

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2000

	Operating Fund	Capital Fund	2000 Total	Restated 1999 Tota
ASSETS				<u> </u>
Current assets				
Cash and term deposits	\$ 572,998	\$ -	\$ 572,998	\$ 2,212,977
Accounts receivable	1,735,681	-	1,735,681	1,893,565
Work in progress (Note 2 (b))	125,148	-	125,148	281,466
Prepaid expenses	27,206	-	27,206	7,376
	2,461,033	-	2,461,033	4,395,384
Long term investments, at cost (Note 4)	198,068	1,550,932	1,749,000	-
Capital assets, net (Note 5)	_	2,241,734	2,241,734	2,094,797
	\$ 2,659,101	\$ 3,792,666	\$ 6,451,767	\$ 6,490,181
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 771,697	\$ -	\$ 771,697	\$ 789,145
Deferred revenue (Note 2 (b))	100,305	-	100,305	230,891
	872,002	-	872,002	1,020,036
				·
Deferred contributions (Note 6)		55,473	55,473	38,216
Fund balances				
Unrestricted (Note 3)	1,787,099	-	1,787,099	1,953,316
Board restricted (Note 7)	-	1,550,932	1,550,932	1,422,032
Invested in capital assets		2,186,261	2,186,261	2,056,581
	1,787,099	3,737,193	5,524,292	5,431,929
	\$ 2,659,101	\$ 3,792,666	\$ 6,451,767	\$ 6,490,181

Approved by the Council

Chairman

Executive Director

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	Operating Fund	Capital Fund	2000 Total	Restated 1999 Total
REVENUE				
Operations	\$ 7,478,794	\$ -	\$ 7,478,794	\$ 6,895,899
Operating grant				
Province of New Brunswick	740,701	-	740,701	758,600
Interest	121,332	-	121,332	128,001
Demutualization of insurance policies	63,635	-	63,635	-
Sundry	34,368	-	34,368	29,232
Gain on sale of capital assets		**	-	11,321
	8,438,830	-	8,438,830	7,823,053
EXPENSES				
Operations	6,391,055	-	6,391,055	5,949,978
General and administrative	1,516,376	-	1,516,376	1,448,716
Amortization (Notes 5, 6 and 7)	341,420	-	341,420	346,286
Bad debts	97,616	-	97,616	(7,126)
	8,346,467	•	8,346,467	7,737,854
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	92,363	-	92,363	85,199
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,953,316	3,478,613	5,431,929	5,346,730
Interfund adjustment (Note 7)	(258,580)	258,580	-	-
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 1,787,099	\$ 3,737,193	\$ 5,524,292	\$ 5,431,929

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR):	Operating Fund	Capital Fund	2000 Total	Restated 1999 Total
Operating activities				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 92,363	\$ -	\$ 92,363	\$ 85,199
Amortization	341,420	-	341,420	346,286
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	(11,321)
Net change in non-cash working capital	146,338	-	146,338	(450,231)
Net cash provided by operating activities	580,121	-	580,121	(30,067)
Financing and investing activities Conversion of short-term investments to long-term investments (Note 4) Purchase of long-term investment Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Deferred contributions towards capital assets	(198,068) - - - -	(550,932) (1,000,000) - (526,747) 55,647	(749,000) (1,000,000) - (526,747) 55,647	- 11,321 (541,628)
Net cash used in financing and investing activities	(198,068)	(2,022,032)	(2,220,100)	(530,307)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	382,053	(2,022,032)	(1,639,979)	(560,374)
Cash and term deposits, beginning of year Interfund transfer (Note 7)	790,945 (600,000)	1,422,032 600,000	2,212,977 -	2,773,351
CASH AND TERM DEPOSITS, end of year	\$ 572,998	\$ -	\$ 572,998	\$ 2,212,977
				v . 3 ·

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Purpose of the organization

The New Brunswick Research and Productivity Council is a non-profit organization incorporated under the Research and Productivity Council Act 1962. The objectives of the Council are to promote, stimulate and expedite continuing improvement in productive efficiency and expansion in the various sectors of the New Brunswick economy. The Council provides independent research, testing and technical services to enterprises primarily within New Brunswick on a fee-for-service basis.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Fund accounting

Revenue and expenses associated with delivery of services and administrative support are reported in the Operating Fund. The Capital Fund reports assets, liabilities, gains and expenditure related to the acquisition, disposal and financing of capital assets, as well as the amount of net assets restricted for capital purposes.

(b) Revenue recognition

Revenue is determined to be earned and is recorded in the Operating Fund on a percentage of completion basis when services are performed. The value of work completed but not billed is reported as Work in Progress, while amounts which have been paid or billed in advance, but for which work has not been done, are reflected as Deferred Revenue. All interest income is reported in the Operating Fund in the year it is earned, while gains and losses relating to disposal of capital assets are reported in the Capital Fund in the year the disposal occurs.

(c) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded in the Capital Fund at cost. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. Amortization expense is recorded in the Operating Fund as part of the cost of service delivery.

(d) Consolidation policy

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Council and those of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minuvar Ltd.

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

3. Change in accounting policy

During the fiscal year, the Council adopted the policy of accruing a liability for unused vacation and banked overtime. The Council was previously recognising this as an expense in the year when the time was used or paid out. The effect of this change is an increase in the 1999 liabilities and decrease in the opening 1999 unrestricted operating fund balance of \$165,709. An additional \$9,983 was accrued and expensed in 2000 in accordance with the new accounting policy.

4. Long-term investments

In 1999, investments with a cost of \$2,097,616 were considered short-term. Similar investments are held in 2000, however, due to fluctuating interest rates, the options attached are being exercised by the issuers and the investments have effectively become long-term in nature. The fundamental source of uncertainty to which these investments are exposed is interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to future changes in market interest rates.

B 4 ... *4

Units	Value	2000
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2,490	100	\$ 249,000
5.000	100	500,000
		,
10,000	100	1,000,000 \$ 1,749,000
	2,490 5,000	2,490 100 5,000 100

Investments held at 31 March 2000 have a market value of \$1,649,399.

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

5. Capital assets

	Amortization Rates	2000	1999
Vehicles	25 percent	\$ 14,343	\$ 14,343
Computer equipment	25 percent	950,162	781,380
Other equipment	12.5 percent	4,908,288	4,617,056
Building	3 percent	1,941,456	1,874,724
Cost	•	7,814,249	7,287,503
Less: accumulated amortization		5,572,515	5,192,706
Capital assets, net		\$ 2,241,734	\$ 2,094,797

Amortization expense is comprised of the following amounts:

	2000	1999
Amortization of assets Amortization of deferred contributions	\$ 379,809 (38,389)	\$ 370,764 (24,478)
	\$ 341,420	\$ 346,286

6. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions reported in the Capital Fund represent the unamortized portion of external contributions received towards the cost of specific capital assets. Amortization of deferred contributions is calculated at the same rate as amortization of the assets to which they relate, and is netted with amortization expense for presentation purposes. This method of presentation became effective 1 April 1995.

The changes for the year in the deferred contributions balance reported in the Capital Fund are as follows:

Deferred contributions at 31 March 1999	\$ 38,216
Contributions to the cost of equipment Amortization of deferred contributions	55,646 (38,389)
Deferred contributions at 31 March 2000	\$ 55,473

NEW BRUNSWICK RESEARCH AND PRODUCTIVITY COUNCIL NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

6. Deferred contributions - continued

Contributions towards the cost of capital assets in years prior to 1 April 1995 were credited to the cost of the related assets and thus reduced the net asset value subject to amortization. Since the Council's inception it has been the recipient of capital funding from a variety of programs; details concerning the amount and classification of assets funded through these programs are not reasonably determinable. For this reason, capital assets purchased prior to 1 April 1995 continue to be carried at cost net of external contributions.

7. Inter-fund transfers and internally restricted fund balances

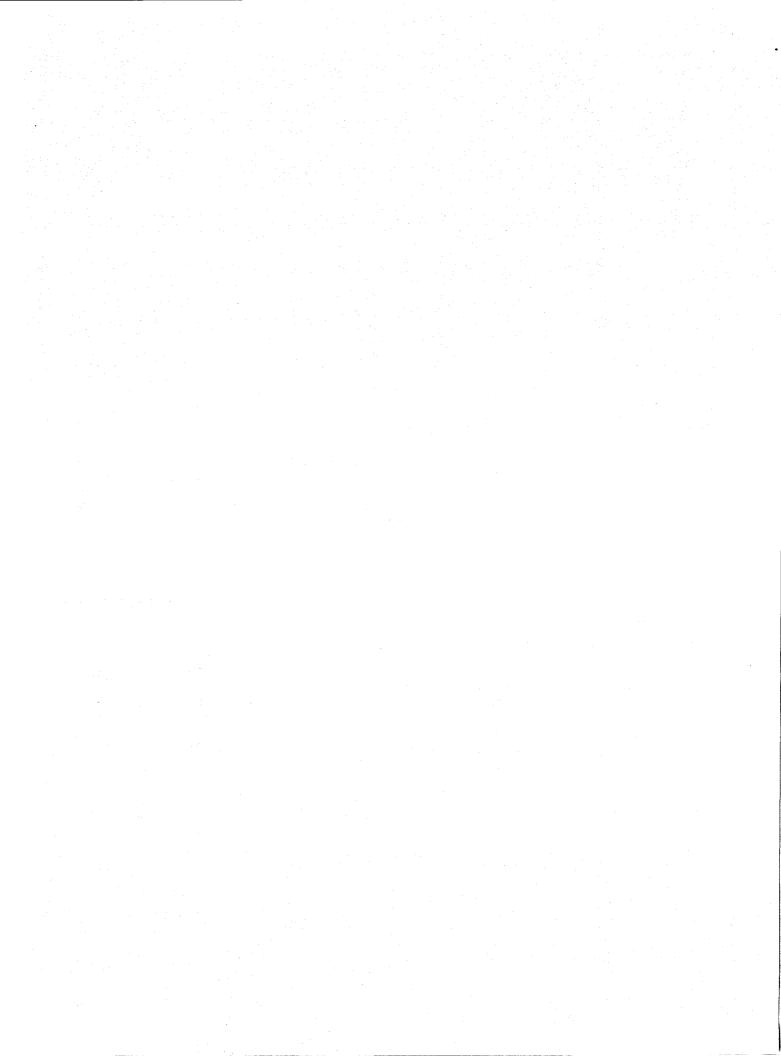
The board of directors of the New Brunswick Research and Productivity Council internally restricted resources amounting to \$1,550,932 as at 31 March 2000. This internally restricted amount is intended for the acquisition of capital assets and payment of capital obligations and is not available for other purposes without the approval of the board of directors. This amount includes a 31 March 2000 transfer of \$600,000 from the Operating Fund to the Capital Fund.

8. Related party transactions

During the year the Council provided services to government departments and Crown agencies of the Province of New Brunswick.

The Council provides these services under its normal terms and conditions.

	2000	1999
Revenue from services provided for the year Government departments and agencies	\$1,405,465	\$1,587,858
Accounts receivable at 31 March Government departments and agencies	\$248,035	\$472,939



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PREMIER'S COUNCIL ON THE
STATUS OF DISABLED PERSONS

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairperson and Members of Premier's Council on the Status of Disabled Persons

I have audited the balance sheet of the Premier's Council on the Status of Disabled Persons as at 31 March 2000 and the statements of revenue and expenditure and surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N.B. 12 May 2000

PREMIER'S COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF DISABLED PERSONS BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

ASSETS	2000	1999
Current assets Cash	¢ 24 90E	¢ 01 110
Accounts receivable	\$ 34,885 1 607	\$ 31,118
Prepaid expenses (Note 2)	1,697 7,625	1,314 8,461
	\$ 44,207	\$ 40,893
	Ψ 44,201	\$ 40,093
LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 10,223	\$ 6,976
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 10,223	\$ 6,976
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Surplus		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Surplus Unappropriated	21,901	21,841
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Surplus		

Approved by the Council

Chairperson

Olav meile Member

PREMIER'S COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF DISABLED PERSONS STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

REVENUE	2000 Budget	2000 Actual	1999 Actua
Grants - Province of New Brunswick	\$227,300	\$ 229,600	\$ 000 000
Cost recoveries	\$227,300 8,943	· ·	\$228,900
Interest revenue	0,940	2,450 7	1,275
Disability Awareness Week (Note 2)	-	7,443	7
Treasure, Treasure Treasure, Treasur	236,243	239,500	230,182
	200,240	239,300	230,102
EXPENDITURE			
Salaries and employee benefits	182,500	176,349	167,953
Furniture and equipment	6,500	4,854	1,640
Office supplies	4,700	3,531	3,331
Telephone	4,500	3,505	3,296
Printing	10,000	9,111	7,399
Translation	7,500	276	1,942
Honoraria	7,250	5,325	5,501
Travel expenses	7,125	4,455	5,787
Postage	5,900	7,933	4,064
Maintenance	2,250	1,477	1,810
Hotel expenses	4,150	3,946	2,068
Parking	3,360	2,671	3,150
Council meetings	6,500	1,487	1,430
Consultations and seminars	-	132	3,383
Meals	1,750	1,219	975
Library and subscriptions	2,000	1,709	1,796
Office equipment rental	3,000	2,537	110
Insurance	450	732	378
Miscellaneous	2,000	715	105
Bank charges	145	26	70
Disability Awareness Week (Note 2)	2,916	7,443	-
	264,496	239,433	216,188
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR	\$ (28,253)	\$ 67	\$ 13,994
Allocated as follows:			
Unappropriated surplus	\$ (28,253)	\$ 60	\$ 13,987
Appropriated surplus	Ψ (20,233)	э 60 7	\$ 13,987 7
	\$ (28,253)	\$ 67	\$ 13,994

PREMIER'S COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF DISABLED PERSONS STATEMENT OF SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
Unappropriated surplus:		
Balance, beginning of year Allocation of excess of revenue	\$ 21,841	\$ 7,854
over expenditure for the year	60	13,987
Balance, end of year	21,901	21,841
Appropriated surplus:		
Balance, beginning of year	12,076	12,069
Allocation of excess of revenue over expenditure for the year (Note 1 (c))	7	7_
Balance, end of year	12,083	12,076
TOTAL SURPLUS, end of year	\$ 33,984	\$ 33,917

PREMIER'S COUNCIL ON THE STATUS OF DISABLED PERSONS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Capital assets

It is the policy of the Council to charge all capital asset purchases to expense in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

(b) Services provided by the Province of New Brunswick

The Council uses an office for which rent is paid by the Province of New Brunswick. Therefore, no rental charge has been included in the Council's expenses.

(c) Appropriated surplus

Revenues other than the provincial grant have been designated by the Council for the expressed purpose of stimulating popular participation of the disabled throughout the Province in activities of the Council. To reflect the restricted use of these funds a special appropriated surplus account was created. Revenues, net of related expenses, are included in this special surplus account. The Council will utilize these funds to offset the increasing cost of enabling persons with disabilities to attend Council meetings or to obtain information.

2. Other activities - Disability Awareness Week

The Council acts as a co-ordinator for Disability Awareness Week (D.A.W.). The Council pays for some costs incurred in holding this event on behalf of the provincial D.A.W. committee. These funds are expected to be reimbursed to the Council from grants received by the provincial D.A.W. committee from Human Resources Development Canada (H.R.D.C.). Should the committee not receive sufficient funding from H.R.D.C. the Council is responsible for expenditures not reimbursed.

The Council paid \$6,365 on behalf of the provincial D.A.W. committee relating to next year's event. These costs are included in the prepaid expense on the financial statements. All the prepaid costs paid on behalf of the provincial D.A.W. committee for the June 1999 event were reimbursed and are included in the Statement of Revenue and Expenditure.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD.

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the **Auditor General**

Bureau du vérificateur général

2000



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Provincial Holdings Ltd.

I have audited the balance sheet of Provincial Holdings Ltd. as at 31 March 2000 and the statements of income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA **Auditor General**

Fredericton, N. B. 31 August 2000

PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD. BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,106,374	\$ 2,033,340
Interest receivable	70,431	27,636
Prepaid	48,203	- .
Accounts receivable	19,080	-
	2,244,088	2,060,976
Industrial development projects (Notes 2(a) and 3)		
Loans to client companies	15,582,661	18,187,807
Shares in client companies	6,419,602	9,100,373
Mining rights	**	1,575,000
	22,002,263	28,863,180
Less: Provision for loss	12,558,304	19,847,255
	9,443,959	9,015,925
Capital assets (Note 2(b))		
Land and building, at cost	1,511,309	-
Less: Accumulated amortization	52,337	-
2000. 7,000	1,458,972	-
	\$13,147,019	\$11,076,901
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	•	
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,757	\$ 6
Due to Province of New Brunswick	1,558	1,558
Due to Flovince of New Branswick	5,315	1,564
Long torm dobt	0,010	1,007
Long-term debt Due to Previous of New Prupowiek (Note 3)	16,927,207	22,500,735
Due to Province of New Brunswick (Note 3) Less: Provision for loss on industrial development	10,321,201	22,000,700
·	6,465,751	13,948,893
projects (Note 2(a))		8,551,842
O = 21-1 - 1 - 1	10,461,456	0,001,042
Capital stock		
Authorized: 500 common shares, par value of \$10 each	E 000	5,000
Issued and fully paid: 500 shares	5,000 2,675,248	2,518,495
Retained earnings		2,518,495
	2,680,248	2,523,495
	\$13,147,019	\$11,076,901
Approved bythe Board		

Approved by the Board

Director

Director

PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD. STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
REVENUE	¢ 200.000	\$2,378,766
Bad debts recovery — Provincially funded (Note 2(a))	\$ 300,000 146,816	118,604
Interest income Dividend income	37,500	-
Rental income	25,001	· •
	509,317	2,497,370
EXPENSE Bad debts – Provincially funded (Note 2(a)) – Other	300,000	2,378,766 130,883
Amortization on building (Note 2(b))	52,337	_
Miscellaneous	227	95
	352,564	2,509,744
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	156,753	(12,374)
Retained earnings, beginning of year	2,518,495	2,530,869
RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year	\$2,675,248	\$2,518,495

PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR):	2000	1999
Operations: Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 156,753	\$ (12,374)
Add items not requiring, or generating cash	ψσσ,σσ	
Amortization	52,337	-
Bad debt expense	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	130,883
-	209,090	118,509
Changes in non-cash working capital components*	(106,327)	396,890
3	102,763	515,399
Investing activities: Industrial development projects - recoveries Industrial development projects - investments	229,466	812,307
Loans	-	(1,798,383)
Shares	(945,000)	-
Building purchase	(1,511,309)	(000 070)
inancing activities:	(2,226,843)	(986,076)
Advance from the Province	2,445,000	1,780,000
Repayments to the Province	(247,886)	(1,212,307)
	2,197,114	567,693
NCREASE IN CASH	73,034	97,016
Cash position, beginning of year	2,033,340	1,936,324
CASH POSITION, end of year	\$2,106,374	\$2,033,340

^{*}Non-cash working capital components includes accounts receivable, interest receivable, prepaid and current liabilities.

PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Description of operations

Provincial Holdings Ltd. was established in 1973 under the Companies Act of the Province of New Brunswick. The Company is wholly owned by the Province of New Brunswick and is responsible for administering industrial development project investments. The administration of the Company's affairs is carried out by employees of the Province of New Brunswick under the direction of the Company's Board of Directors. All costs associated with these employees are paid by the Province.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Industrial development projects

The Company's investments in industrial development projects are carried at cost except where, by agreement, interest on such projects is capitalized. In these cases the capitalized interest is added to the cost of the investment.

To recognize potential losses relating to industrial development project investments, the Company maintains a provision for loss against its investments. Pursuant to Treasury Board minute 74-57, any losses arising on investments funded by advances from the Province of New Brunswick will be borne by the Province through a corresponding reduction in the long term debt of the Company. As a result of this undertaking by the Province, any losses recorded as an expense by the Company are offset by a recovery from the Province.

b) Capital assets

Amortization on the building is being taken at 4% per annum on a declining balance basis.

3. Long-term debt

Pursuant to Treasury Board Minute 74-57, advances from the Province of New Brunswick are interest free and are to be repaid from recoveries of amounts invested in industrial development projects.

4. Outstanding commitments

At 31 March 2000, the Company had outstanding commitments in respect of investments in industrial development projects and grants to industry of \$5,452,272 (31 March 1999 - \$4,729,355).

PROVINCIAL HOLDINGS LTD. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

5. Related party transactions

The Company acts as an agent for the Province of New Brunswick for the Self Start Program. Funds are advanced by the Province to cover any guaranteed loans called by the bank. Any amounts paid by Provincial Holdings Ltd. under the terms of the Program reduce the advance from the Province. During the 1999-2000 year, \$177,501 (1999 - \$330,544) was advanced to the Company and \$179,857 (1999 - \$322,903) was paid out under the terms of the Program. There will be no further advances under this program after 31 March 2000.

6. Contingent liabilities

The Company has guaranteed loans of certain companies under the Self Start Program. At 31 March 2000, the contingent liability in respect of these guarantees was \$1,084,301 (31 March 1999 - \$1,604,653). The Company has also guaranteed a loan to a client company. Under the agreement, the amount guaranteed shall not exceed the lesser of \$7,500,000 or 50% of the balance of the loan. The contingent liability in respect of this guarantee was \$6,230,047 (31 March 1999 - \$6,534,291) at 31 March 2000. In both cases, any resulting losses will be borne by the Province of New Brunswick and will not be reflected as expenses of the Company.

Events subsequent to year end

a) Dividend declared

Subsequent to year end, a dividend of \$1.5 million was declared to be paid to the Province of New Brunswick out of the Company's retained earnings.

b) Assignment or receivables

Subsequent to year end, loans, investments and interest receivable of approximately \$9,500,000 were transferred from Provincial Holdings Ltd. to the Province of New Brunswick.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lieutenant-Governor in Council
- and The Chairperson and Directors
Regional Development Corporation
Fredericton, New Brunswick

I have audited the balance sheet of the Regional Development Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue and expenditure for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 5 July 2000

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
ASSETS		
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 1,286,262	\$ 513,338
Canada - Regional Economic Development Agreement - Other agreements	8,286,424 1,461,338	5,516,862 2,487,516
Province of New Brunswick – operating and capital funds Other	2,143,805 66,494	1,691,590 5,338
	13,244,323	10,214,644
Other assets Advance to Fundy Trail Endowment Fund - In Trust (Note 2)	3,000,000	2,800,000
	\$16,244,323	\$13,014,644
IABILITIES		
Current liabilities Accounts payable		androne Medical Androne State Androne State State State State Androne State
Province of New Brunswick - claims on Canada Other	\$ 9,741,249 3,503,074	\$ 7,997,532 2,217,112
	13,244,323	10,214,644
Oue to Province of New Brunswick	2 000 000	2 800 000
Fundy Trail Endowment Fund - In Trust (Note 2)	3,000,000	2,800,000 \$13,014,644

Approved by the Board

Chairperson

Director

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
REVENUE		
Federal contribution (Schedule 1)	\$19,878,484	\$22,089,237
Provincial contribution (Schedule 2)	40,631,961	47,105,507
Other revenue		15,506 69,210,250
	60,510,445	69,210,250
EXPENDITURE		
Regional Economic Development Agreement		
Economic Diversification - Cooperation	2,177,711	2,226,642
Economic Development - Cooperation	3,175,114	3,380,657
Entrepreneurship & Human Resources Development		264,421
- Cooperation New Framework	15,810,562	17,864,696
New Framework	21,163,387	23,736,416
Other Agreements and Programs		
Economic Development Fund	17,175,447	17,369,188
Youth Futures Agreement	5,921,451	6,158,415
Development Assistance Program	2,194,846	2,450,076
Northern Special Projects Fund	1,275,516	1,111,939
Atlantic Canada Tourism Partnership	531,531	580,333
International Business Development Agreement	68,736	33,550
Aboriginal Economic Development Program	186,355	244,749
Acadian Peninsula Economic Development Fund	117,542 27,471,424	27,948,250
	21,411,424	21,040,200
Other Activities		
Official Languages and Intergovernmental Cooperation	3,246,122	2,656,604
Centres scolaires communautaires	1,682,369	1,371,170
Special projects approved by Order In Council	736,173	520,614
Other special projects (Schedule 3)	3,692,730	4,422,841
Atlantic Sires Stakes	111,000	111,000
Regional planning	21,727	65,058
Grant to RDC Special Operating Agency	500,000	6,503,000
Operations	1,885,513	1,875,297
	11,875,634	17,525,584
	60,510,445	69,210,250
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE	\$ Nil	\$ Nil

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SCHEDULES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

Schedule 1 - Revenue - Federal contribution	2000	1999
Regional Economic Development Agreement	\$14,989,912	\$16,916,469
Other activities	, , ,	, , ,
Tracadie Two Rivers Link Project	384,635	1,615,365
N. B. Works - Training Development	-	641,002
Official Languages	1,933,636	1,513,925
Centres scolaires communautaires	282,500	
Fisheries Research and Training Initiative	1,407,082	1,304,713
Tobacco Sales Enforcement	123,594	97,763
Cultural Strategy Program	757,125	_
	\$19,878,484	\$22,089,237
Schedule 2 - Revenue - Provincial contribution		·
Regional Economic Development Agreement	\$ 6,173,475	\$ 6 819 947
Other Agreements and Programs	Ψ 0,110,410	<u>Ψ υσισ σ41</u>
Economic Development Fund	17,175,447	17,369,188
Youth Futures	5,921,451	6,158,415
N. B. Works - Training Development	0,021,701	(641,002)
Development Assistance Program	2,194,846	2,450,076
Northern Special Projects Fund	1,275,516	1,111,939
Atlantic Canada Tourism Partnership	531,531	580,333
International Business Development Agreement	68,736	33,550
Aboriginal Economic Development Program	186,355	244,749
Acadian Peninsula Economic Development Fund	117,542	,
	27,471,424	27,307,248
Official Languages and International Comments	4.040.400	4 4 4 0 0 7 0
Official Languages and Intergovernmental Cooperation Centres scolaires communautaires	1,312,486	1,142,679
Special projects approved by Order in Council	1,399,869 736,173	1,371,170
Other special projects	1,020,294	520,614
Atlantic Sires Stakes		1,405,000
Regional planning	111,000 21,727	111,000 65,058
Grant to RDC Special Operating agency	500,000	6,503,000
Operations	1,885,513	1,859,791
	6,987,062	12.978,312
	\$40,631,961	\$47,105,507
	010,001,001	ψ+1,100,001
Schedule 3 - Expenditure - Other Special Projects	·	
Beaverbrook Auditorium	\$ 200,000	\$ 230,000
Miramichi Multi-Purpose Complex	-	200,000
Greater Moncton Airport Authority	-	250,000
Fundy Trail Development Authority Inc.	, -	125,000
Tracadie Two Rivers Link Project	384,635	2,215,365
Eel River Bar Access Ramp	233,882	-
Cultural Strategy Program	1,343,537	-
Fisheries Research and Training Initiative	1,407,082	1,304,713
Tobacco Sales Enforcement	123,594	97,763
	\$ 3,692,730	\$ 4,422,841

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. General comments on operations

The Regional Development Corporation is a provincial Crown agency incorporated by an Act of the New Brunswick Legislature. The Corporation has administrative responsibility for all provincially delivered programs under the Regional Economic Development Agreement. The Corporation is also responsible for a number of other projects assigned to it by the Province.

Federal contributions are in some instances paid directly to project recipients. Such payments are not recorded in the revenues and expenditures of the Corporation.

The Regional Development Corporation established a Special Operating Agency (SOA) effective 31 March 1994. Amounts provided to the Corporation by the Province, which were subsequently transferred to the SOA, are shown in the Corporation's statement of revenue and expenditure. Amounts provided by other agencies or departments of government to the SOA are included in the financial statement of the SOA but are not included in these financial statements.

2. Fundy Trail Endowment Fund

The Province of New Brunswick and the Government of Canada have agreed to the establishment of this fund. The sole purpose of the fund is to assist in the construction of a scenic roadway from St. Martins, N.B. to Alma, N.B.

The Province of New Brunswick has advanced \$5 million to this fund. This \$5 million was advanced through the Regional Development Corporation. At a future date all or part of this \$5 million may be returned to the Regional Development Corporation. This date is to be no later than 31 March 2010.

Loans such as these that are significantly concessionary because they earn a low rate of return are originally recorded as assets at the net present value of the expected future cash flows. The net present value is calculated at each year end using the Province's borrowing rate at the time the loan was issued.

3. Commitments

Under the Regional Economic Development Agreement, the provincial government has committed funds subsequent to 31 March 2000 totalling approximately \$22.8 million.

Such commitments are made subject to funds being approved by the Legislature of New Brunswick.

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

4. Contingent liabilities

Contributions received from the federal government under federal/provincial cost sharing agreements are subject to adjustment following audits by federal authorities. Adjustments as a result of federal audits will be reflected in the financial statements of the Corporation in the period of settlement.

The Corporation has guaranteed loans of certain organizations. At 31 March 2000 the contingent liability in respect of these guarantees was \$4,035,000 (31 March 1999 - \$4,150,000). Any resulting losses will be borne by the Corporation.

5. Comparative figures

Certain 1999 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for 2000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

SPECIAL OPERATING AGENCY

31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lieutenant Governor in Council - and -The Chairperson and Directors Regional Development Corporation Fredericton, New Brunswick

I have audited the balance sheet of the Regional Development Corporation - Special Operating Agency as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue and expenditure for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Regional Development Corporation – Special Operating Agency as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the Pear then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 5 July 2000

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SPECIAL OPERATING AGENCY BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

ASSETS	2000	1999
Current assets		•
Accounts receivable		
Canada - Infrastructure Agreement Province of New Brunswick	\$ 356,901	\$ 723,118
- Operating and capital funds	2,004,360	4,858,337
	\$2,361,261	\$5,581,455
EQUITY		
Equity	\$2,361,261	\$5,581,455

Approved by the Board

Chairperson

Director

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SPECIAL OPERATING AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	2000	1999
REVENUE		
Federal contribution		
- Community Pride Program	\$ 5,953,064	\$ 4,383,369
- Infrastructure Agreement	2,577,187	6,254,453
- Rural Experience Program	4,406,936	5,000,000
	12,937,187	15,637,822
Provincial contribution		
- Infrastructure Agreement	2,577,212	6,254,453
- Other	4,774,418	7,899,249
	7,351,630	14,153,702
	20,288,817	29,791,524
EXPENDITURE		
Community Pride Program	6,564,652	5,003,781
Rural Experience Program	11,223,622	12,804,409
Infrastructure Agreement	5,154,399	12,508,906
Appalachian Range Initiative	159,694	464,418
Fisheries Facilities Expansion	130,229	170,000
Village Historique Acadien	276,415	•
Fundy Trail Parkway	-	244,929
	23,509,011	31,196,443
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURE OVER REVENUE	(3,220,194)	(1,404,919)
Equity, beginning of year	5,581,455	6,986,374
QUITY, end of year	\$ 2,361,261	\$ 5,581,455
	<u> </u>	+ -,,,

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SPECIAL OPERATING AGENCY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. General comments on operations

The Regional Development Corporation Special Operating Agency (SOA) was established effective 31 March 1994. The SOA was formed initially for the purpose of providing financial management for the Canada - New Brunswick Infrastructure Agreement. The Agency is now also responsible for a number of other projects assigned to it by the Province.

The equity balance for the SOA represents amounts funded by the Province for future expenditures by the SOA.

2. Contingent liabilities - federal contributions

Contributions received from the federal government under federal/provincial cost sharing agreements are subject to adjustment following audits by federal authorities. Adjustments as a result of federal audits will be reflected in the financial statements of the Agency in the period of settlement.

Service New Brunswick Services Nouveau-Brunswick

Financial Statements

March 31, 2000

Service New Brunswick

MANAGEMENT REPORT

The preparation of financial information is an integral part of management's responsibilities, and the accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Corporation.

The Corporation maintains an accounting system and related controls to provide management and the Board with reasonable assurance that transactions are executed and recorded as authorized, that assets are properly safeguarded and accounted for, and that financial records are reliable for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

It is the responsibility of the Board to oversee management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities and to review and approve the financial statements. Upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, these financial statements are approved by the Board of the Corporation.

Robert W. Gamble, CMA, FCMA

President

Carol Macdonald, CA

Vice President Corporate Services

Fredericton, N B Canada June 5, 2000

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited the balance sheet of Service New Brunswick as at March 31, 2000 and the statements of income and changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the corporation as at March 31, 2000 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Fredericton, N B Canada June 5, 2000 KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants

BALANCE SHEET As at March 31, 2000

ASSETS	1999/00	1998/99
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 6,233,822	\$ 8,166,813
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	1,784,714	1,371,531
Prepaid expenses	85,035	977,885
	8,103,571	10,516,229
LONG TERM ASSETS		
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	700 077	
Equipment and leasehold improvements (Note 4)	738,677	610,895
Intangible assets (Note 4)	5,431,474	4,100,176
mangible assets (Note 4)	9,608,602	7.158.427
	15,778,753	11,869,498
	\$23,882,324	\$22,385,727
LIABILITIES & EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,869,473	\$ 4,944,607
Deferred revenue	124,962	
Deferred liability (Note 5)	1.198.970	222 700
		222,790 283 353
	6,193,405	283,353
LONG TERM I IARII ITIES		
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred liability (Note 5)		283,353 5,450,750
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred liability (Note 5)		283,353 5,450,750 1,288,564
		283,353 5,450,750
		283,353 5,450,750 1,288,564

Commitments Note 6

J. Raymond Frenette

Chairman

Robert W. Gamble President

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended March 31, 2000

REVENUES	1999/00	1998/99
Provincial services	\$ 24,572,600	\$ 23,835,248
Municipal services	5,771,034	5,650,463
Regional Development Corporation (Note 7)	500,000	500,000
Registry and mapping	7,566,481	7,575,314
Service transactions	201,878	32,095
Software sales	521,850	177,588
Other	246,896	162,066
Interest	620,863	647,916
	40,001,599	38,580,690
EXPENSES		
Personnel services	\$ 23,222,965	\$ 21,897,177
Professional services	4,155,450	2,978,329
Space and equipment services	3,293,816	2,962,827
Amortization	2,982,289	2,548,695
Communications and computer services	2,151,002	1,957,513
Travel and meetings	924,675	917,111
Materials and supplies	779,306	724,263
Other	449,590	411,344
(Note 7)	37,959,093	34,397,259
NET INCOME	\$ 2,042,506	\$ 4,183,431
OPENING EQUITY	15,646,413	11,462,982
ENDING EQUITY	\$17,688,919	\$15,646,413

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended March 31, 2000

	1999/00	1998/99
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Net income	\$ 2,042,506	\$ 4,183,431
Items not involving cash:	4 =,0 12,000	Ψ τ, 100, το 1
Amortization	2,982,289	2,548,695
Change in non-cash working capital	306,705	281,709
	5,331,500	7,013,835
Financing:		
Decrease in deferred liability	(372,947)	(240.270)
Decrease (increase) in long term accounts receivable	(372,947)	(310,379)
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	(500,729)	320 (310,059)
	(****,**20)	(0.0,000)
Investments:		
Additions to equipment and leasehold improvements Additions to intangible assets	(2,888,376)	(1,830,032)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	(3,875,386)	(2,752,226)
r roccus from disposar of capital assets	-	3,182
	(6,763,762)	(4,579,076)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(1,932,991)	2,124,700
Cash, beginning of year	0.400.040	, .
, 20gg or year	8,166,813	6,042,113
Cash, end of year	\$ 6,233,822	\$ 8,166,813

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended March 31, 2000

1. SERVICE NEW BRUNSWICK

Service New Brunswick is a Crown Corporation established under the Service New Brunswick Act. Its mandate is:

- to provide and coordinate geographic information services to the Province of New Brunswick and the public, including an assessment base for real property taxation and registration systems for real and personal property;
- to promote the development of the private sector geomatics industry in New Brunswick, and
- to provide one-stop multi-channel delivery of government services.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The Corporation follows generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Temporary Investments

Temporary investments are recorded at the lower of cost and market value.

Capital Assets

Amortization is computed on a straight-line basis on original cost with rates as follows:

Databases and system development	10 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Computers and software	4 vears

No valuation has been made for assets transferred into the Corporation at inception or on the transfer of responsibility for Service New Brunswick.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	Year Ended 2000	Year Ended 1999
Current: Receivables from non-related entities		
Trade	\$ 591,590	\$ 594,623
Software sales	323,359	148,575
Receivables from related entities	869,765	628,333
	\$ 1,784,714	\$ 1,371,531
Long Term: Receivables from non-related entities • Software sales	\$ 738,677	\$ 610.895

Del Vice New Brunswick

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

		Year Ended 2000		Year Ended 1999
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Net
Equipment and Leasehold	Improvements			
Computers and software	\$ 6,902,526	\$ 2,949,690	\$ 3,952,836	\$ 2,857,731
Furniture and equipment	1,621,912	679,354	942,558	791,742
Leasehold improvements	1,025,560	503,177	522,383	433,415
Vehicles	18,604	4,907	13,697	17,288
	\$ 9,568,602	\$ 4,137,128	\$ 5,431,474	\$ 4,100,176
Intangible Assets				
System development	\$ 12,964,947	\$ 3,590,625	\$ 9,374,322	\$ 6,822,343
Databases	1,018,040	783,760	234,280	336,084
	\$ 13,982,987	\$ 4,374,385	\$ 9,608,602	\$ 7,158,427

5. DEFERRED LIABILITY

The Corporation entered into an agreement in 1995 to pay \$2,300,000 to the developer of one of its major systems over a five-year period ending November 2000. Payments are made based on transaction volumes with all outstanding amounts payable by the ending date.

6. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The following are future minimum payments for leased premises and equipment for the years ended:

2001	\$ 2,108,111
2002	1,634,069
2003	1,525,699
2004	1,164,812
2005	1,107,336
_	\$ 7,540,027

7. ASSISTANCE FROM THE REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Corporation received \$500,000 in the year ended March 31, 2000 and the year ended March 31, 1999 from the Regional Development Corporation for development projects. Both related revenue and expenses are included in these statements.

8. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain 1999 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for 2000.



Financial Statements

STRAIT CROSSING FINANCE INC.

Year ended October 30, 1999



KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants

Frederick Square 77 Westmorland Street Suite 700 Fredericton NB E3B 6Z3 Canada

Telephone (506) 452-8000 Telefax (506) 450-0072 www.kpmg.ca

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have audited the statement of financial position of Strait Crossing Finance Inc. as at October 30, 1999 and the statement of earnings and retained earnings for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at October 30, 1999 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMCup

Chartered Accountants

Fredericton, NB, Canada March 21, 2000



Statement of Financial Position

October 30, 1999, with comparative figures for 1998

		 1999	1998
Assets			
Current assets: Cash Accounts receivable		\$ 1 5,027	\$ 1 120,779
		\$ 5,028	\$ 120,780
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable		\$ 5,027	\$ 120,779
Shareholders' equity: Share capital: Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value Issued and outstanding:			
1 Share		\$ 5,028	\$ 120,780

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Bard:

Director

Statement of Earnings and Retained Earnings

Year ended October 30, 1999, with comparative figures for 1998

	1999	1998
Revenue: Financial maintenance fee (note 2(d))	\$ 16,541	\$ 119,950
Expenses:		
Goods and Services Tax reassessment (note 3)	_	91,800
Trustee fees	14,480	26,750
Professional services	1,811	1,150
Filing fees	250	250
	16,541	119,950
Net earnings, being retained earnings, end of year	\$ 	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended October 30, 1999

1. Incorporation:

Strait Crossing Finance Inc. (SC Finance or the Company) was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act as a special purpose corporation. Its sole business is restricted to the issuance and sale of Indexed Fully Amortizing Bonds due April 1, 2032, the lending of money to and making payments to Strait Crossing Development Inc. (SC Development) and matters related thereto.

The outstanding share of SC Finance is owned by Her Majesty the Queen in Right of New Brunswick. No shareholder is entitled to transfer any shares of SC Finance. SC Finance is exempt from taxes otherwise payable under the provisions of section 149(1)(d) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

2. Transactions and agreements:

(a) Issue of Bonds:

On October 7, 1993, SC Finance issued Indexed Fully Amortizing Bonds (the "Bonds") in the principal amount of \$661,542,612 maturing on April 1, 2032. The Bonds will bear interest at an annual real rate, compounded annually, equivalent to 4.50% compounded semi-annually. Irrespective of any decline in the level of the consumer price index over any period after May 27, 1992, the aggregate payment to be made on the Bonds on May 31, 1997 will not be less than \$35,012,328 and on April 1, 1998 will equal at least \$41,900,000. On any subsequent Payment Date, the aggregate payment to be made on the Bonds will be not less than the highest payment made on any previous Payment Date, except for the payment made on April 1, 2032. No interest payments are required on the Bonds until May 31, 1997. Commencing May 31, 1997 and thereafter on April 1st of each year, 36 annual payments are due on account of principal and interest, such that all interest and principal will be fully repaid as of April 1, 2032.

(b) Subsidy Agreement and Assignment:

Also on October 7, 1993, SC Finance entered into a Subsidy Agreement with the Government of Canada whereby Canada agreed to make payments to SC Finance which correspond in timing and amount with the payments required on the Bonds, as described above. On the same date, SC Finance irrevocably assigned its rights to receive payments under the Subsidy Agreement to the Bond Trustee. The recourse of the Bondholders is limited to the Bond Trustee's right to receive payments under the Subsidy Agreement. Since an obligation of the Government of Canada has been irrevocably assigned to a trust, solely to satisfy the scheduled interest and principal repayment requirements of the Bonds, the Bonds are considered extinguished for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Bonds payable and the amounts receivable under the Subsidy Agreement have been removed from the Company's statement of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

Year ended October 30, 1999

2. Transactions and agreements (continued):

(c) Developer Loan Agreement:

The proceeds from the issuance of Bonds were loaned by SC Finance to SC Development pursuant to a Developer Loan Agreement (the "Agreement") dated October 7, 1993. The Promissory Note from SC Development is unsecured and bears interest at a rate equivalent to that owing on the Bonds. The Promissory Note cannot be assigned or transferred by SC Finance without the consent of SC Development. The repayment terms of the Promissory Note are matched exactly with the payments required on the Bonds.

Under the terms of the Agreement, when the Bond Trustee receives a payment from the Government of Canada under the Subsidy Agreement, SC Finance must, on the same day, make a Contribution in the same amount to SC Development provided that SC Finance has received the required payment from SC Development under the Promissory Note.

Since the Promissory Note from SC Development is exactly matched by SC Finance's obligation to make Contributions to SC Development, and SC Finance and SC Development intend to settle these assets and liabilities simultaneously, the Promissory Note from SC Development and the Contributions due to SC Development have been removed from the Company's statement of financial position.

(d) Financial Maintenance Fee:

Under the Developer Loan Agreement, SC Finance is entitled to receive a Financial Maintenance Fee from SC Development to compensate SC Finance for on-going financial services. The Financial Maintenance Fee is to be equal to the costs SC Finance incurs with respect to the maintenance of records, including the fees and expenses of the Bond Trustee, less any other net revenues received.

3. Goods and Services Tax reassessment:

SC Development has been reassessed Goods and Services Tax on financing fees paid on behalf of SC Finance relating to the year ended October 31, 1994.

4. Uncertainty due to the Year 2000 Issue:

The Year 2000 Issue arises because many computerized systems use two digits rather than four to identify a year. Date-sensitive systems may recognize the year 2000 as 1900 or some other date, resulting in errors when information using year 2000 dates is processed. In addition, similar problems may arise in some systems which use certain dates in 1999 to represent something other than a date. Although the change in date has occurred, it is not possible to conclude that all aspects of the Year 2000 Issue that may affect the Company, including those related to customers, suppliers, or other third parties, have been fully resolved.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK

31 DECEMBER 1999

he financial statements of the Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick were prepared by management, which is responsible for the integrity and fairness of the data presented, including significant accounting judgments, estimates and actuarial assumptions. This responsibility includes selecting and applying appropriate accounting principles and actuarial assumptions consistent with those generally accepted in Canada.

In discharging its responsibility for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management maintains the necessary internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced and that assets are properly safeguarded.

The Commission's Board of Directors has reviewed and approved these financial statements. To assist the Commission in meeting its responsibilities, it has appointed an Audit Committee. This Committee meets periodically with management, internal audit, other staff, the external auditors and the external consulting actuary. The purpose is to discuss internal controls over financial activities, auditing matters, actuarial assumptions, financial reporting issues and to satisfy itself that each party is properly discharging its responsibilities. The Audit Committee reviews the financial statements and recommends approval to the Board of Directors.

Every two years, independent consulting actuaries complete an actuarial valuation of the benefits liabilities included in the financial statements of the Commission, issue a report thereon and state that the actuarial valuation has been prepared, in accordance with generally accepted actuarial practices. In the interim years, the Commission's internal actuary completes an estimate of the benefits liabilities of the Commission. This estimate is reviewed with the Commission's consulting actuary, but not in the same level of detail as when a full independent valuation is performed.

The external auditors for the Commission have performed an independent audit of the financial statements of the Commission in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Auditors' Report outlines the seope of this independent audit and states the opinion expressed on the financial statements.

Francis D. Chevrier

Vice-President, Finance & Administration Services

and

Chief Financial Officer

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 1999

ASSETS		1999 (000s)	 1998 (000s)
Receivables (Note 3) Recoverable benefits liabilities (Note 2) Investments (Note 4) Capital assets (Note 5) Other assets	\$	8,789 63,128 510,489 9,217 3,836	\$ 6,574 61,284 482,878 8,272 412
	\$	595,459	\$ 559,420
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Payables and accruals (Note 6) Benefits liabilities (Notes 7 and 8)	\$	7,340 539,084	\$ 10,839 516,876
Total liabilities		546,424	527,715
Fund balance		49,035	 31,705
	\$	595,459	\$ 559,420

Contingent liability and uncertainty (Notes 14 and 15)

On behalf of the Board:

Gérald Clavette

Audit Committee, Board of Directors

Darline Cogswell

Audit Committee, Board of Directors

Raymond Campbell

Chairperson, Board of Directors

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honourable Minister of Labour of the Province of New Brunswick

We have audited the balance sheet of the Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick as at December 31, 1999 and the statements of operations and fund balance and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick as at December 31, 1999 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Saint John, New Brunswick February 25, 2000

Great Thoritan LLP

Chartered Accountants

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND FUND BALANCE

For the Year ended December 31, 1999

OPERATIONS		
	1999	1998
D I		(000s)
Budget	Actual	Actual
\$ 82,200	\$ 90.834	\$ 78,272
-	-	500
17.450	18.013	12,966
		50,401
900	900	900
137,750	153,603	143,039
33,500	37,729	35,724
	31,064	23,932
	9,185	11,908
30,500	31,916	29,192
110,500	109,894	100,756
18,183	18,196	16,354
6,068		5,405
1,186		1,007
530		540
350	227	76
40	34	19
26,357	26,379	23,401
136,857	136,273	124,157
\$ 893	\$ 17,330	\$ 18,882
	137,750 33,500 36,500 10,000 30,500 110,500 18,183 6,068 1,186 530 350 40 26,357	Budget Actual

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31, 1999

	1999 (000s)	1998 (000s)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(0000)
Cash received from:		
Assessed employers	\$ 82,840	\$ 77,480
Self-insured employers	15,956	15,521
Investments	43,683	50,382
Province of New Brunswick	-	900
	142,479	144,283
Cash paid to:		
Injured workers or third parties on their behalf	87,686	82,579
Suppliers, for administrative and other goods and services	24,776	21,086
	112,462	103,665
Net cash provided by operating activities	30,017	40,618
Cash flow from investing activities		
Cash paid for:		
Purchase of capital assets	2,406	2,075
Net increase in investments	27,611	38,543
Investments, beginning of year	482,878	444,335
Investments, end of year	\$ 510,489	\$ 482,878

Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission ("the Commission") was established by the New Brunswick Legislature effective January 1, 1995, under the *Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission Act.* The Commission is responsible for the administration of the *Workers' Compensation Act* and the *Occupational Health and Safety Act*, and, in accordance with the provisions of these acts, for promoting accident prevention; administering the payment of benefits to injured workers: levying and collecting assessment revenues from employers in amounts sufficient to cover the current and future costs of existing claims; promoting occupational health and safety; and investing funds.

The Province of New Brunswick has committed to the funding of a grant to the Commission in support of occupational health and safety.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Unbilled assessments

A portion of assessment income for the year is not billed or received until after year end. Part of the amount receivable is an estimate based on an analysis of payroll data of assessed employers and on other information. The remainder is determined based on amounts billed and received subsequent to year end. Any difference between unbilled assessments and the actual assessment income received is credited or charged to income in the following year.

Recoverable benefits liabilities and self-insured employers

These financial statements include the effects of transactions carried out for self-insured employers (Federal and certain Provincial Government institutions) who directly bear the cost of their incurred claims and an appropriate share of administration costs.

The benefits liabilities recorded in these financial statements include obligations to injured workers of self-insured employers, excluding those injured workers and dependents receiving benefits under the *Government Employees Compensation Act* or the Silicosis Compensation Act. These obligations represent the actuarial present value of all future benefits payments on behalf of self-insured employers expected to be made for claims which occurred in the current fiscal year, or in any prior year. As these liabilities will be borne by the self-insured employers when paid in future years, an offsetting receivable in an amount equal to the benefits liabilities exists and is shown as recoverable benefits liabilities on the Commission's balance sheet.

Self-insured employers who are Crown Corporations are required to provide the Commission with an irrevocable letter of credit or a guarantee from the Province of New Brunswick, as security for the receivable.

Investments

a) Fixed-term investments

Fixed-term investments are carried at amortized cost. Gains and losses realized on disposal of fixed-term investments are amortized on a straight line basis over a seven-year period, which approximates the period to maturity:

b) Equities

Equity investments and option contracts are stated at moving average market value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses occurring during the year are deferred and amortized on a straight line basis over a five-vear period.

c) Fair values

Fair values of investments are determined as follows:

- Fixed-term investments and equities are valued at year-end quoted prices.
- Short-term notes, treasury bills and term deposits maturing within a year are stated at cost, which, together with accrued interest, approximates fair value.

d) Foreign currencies

Equity investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the end of the year. Income from equities is translated at the rate in effect at the time the income is received.

Exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of foreign currency denominated equity balances are amortized into investment income in the same manner as other equity gains or losses.

Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at cost and are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The rates used are as follows:

Buildings 25 or 40 years
Furniture and equipment 5 years
Computer software and hardware 3 years

Motor vehicles 3 years, 35% residual value

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

Post-employment benefits

In 1999, the Commission adopted an accounting policy to record its liability for post-employment benefits. Based on a December 31, 1999 actuarial valuation, the accumulated liability of \$2.1 million has been included in the financial statements, in the current year.

Benefits liabilities

Benefits liabilities represent the actuarial present value of all future benefits payments expected to be made for claims which occurred in the current fiscal year or in any prior year. The benefits liabilities include provision for all benefits provided by current legislation, policies and administrative practices in respect of existing claims. Benefits liabilities also include the estimated liability for latent occupational disease and a provision for future administration costs of existing claims. Due to the nature of the estimated liability for latent occupational disease and the extent of related historical claims information available, this liability is more uncertain by its nature than other benefits liabilities. As information is accumulated and analyzed, adjustments may be necessary to improve precision.

It is the Commission's policy to have an independent consulting actuary complete a valuation of the benefits liabilities of the Commission every two years. Such a valuation was performed as at December 31, 1998. In interim years, the Commission's internal actuary completes an estimate of the benefits liabilities. This estimate is reviewed with the Commission's consulting actuary, but not in the same level of detail as when a full independent valuation is performed. Actual future costs could vary from those amounts presented in the financial statements.

Included in benefits liabilities is an amount for pensions established to compensate injured workers and surviving spouses for the loss of retirement income due to an industrial accident, as provided in Sections 38.22, 38.54 and 38.7 of the *Workers' Compensation Act*. At year end, \$9.2 million (1998 – \$7.3 million) is included in benefits liabilities, representing the applicable pension on eligible compensation payments already made, plus interest calculated at the accounting rate of return on the Commission's investment portfolio. Future costs relating to these benefits are provided for as part of the benefits liabilities determined by actuarial valuation or review.

Funding policy

The Commission's funding policy permits a range for its funded ratio of assets to liabilities between 100% and 110% and specifies a funding goal of 105%. This permitted excess of assets over liabilities reduces the impact of year-to-year fluctuations, disasters and other unanticipated events, therefore providing rate stabilization. The assessment revenue raised in any year from assessed employers may include or be reduced by an amount designed to allow the Commission to attain a funded ratio considered financially advisable. The funded ratio at December 31, 1999 is 109.0% (1998 – 106.0%).

Workers' Rehabilitation Centre

Included in health care payments is \$7.1 million (1998 – \$5.9 million) for services provided by the Workers' Rehabilitation Centre, a department of the Commission.

Agreements with respect to certain employer assessments

The Commission has entered into agreements with certain employers which require these employers to provide funding to cover the specific costs of benefits to their injured workers. At a predetermined point in time, an actuarial determination is made of the future benefits payments expected for claims identified with each employer and a final settlement is reached. Subsequent adjustments to the actuarial determination of benefits liabilities associated with these agreements are the responsibility of, or for the benefit of, the Commission.

3. RECEIVABLES

	(000s)	1998 (000s)
Assessments billed	\$ 1,340	\$ 1,231
Unbilled assessments	6,243	5.033
Self-insured employers – receivable	1,584	1,371
Self-insured employers – deposits	(1,674)	(1.674)
Other	1,296	613
	\$ 8,789	\$ 6,574

Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 1999

4. Investments

The Commission has an established policy for the management of its investments. As part of its investment process, it utilizes external investment portfolio managers. The compliance of these portfolio managers with the investment policy is monitored on a regular basis.

		1999 100s)	1998 (000s)		
i) Portfolio investments	Book Value	Fair Value	Book Value	Fair Value	
Money market Fixed-term investments Equities	\$ 57,197 181,492 314,162	\$ 57,197 179,310 378,843	\$ 66,486 170,771 302,782	\$ 66,486 168,769 326,564	
	552,851	615,350	540,039	561,819	
Deferred realized investment gains	(42,362)	-	(57,161)		
	\$ 510,489	\$ 615,350	\$ 482,878	\$ 561,819	

ii) Credit risk

Concentration of credit risk - 24% (1998 - 34%) of fixed-term investments are direct obligations of a Canadian chartered bank.

iii) Deferred realized investment gains	1999 (000s)	1998 (000s)
Balance, beginning of year Realized net investment gains for the year	\$ 57,161 16,660	\$ 59,995 26,033
Amortization to investment income	73,821 (31,459)	86,028 (28,867)
Balance, end of year	\$ 42,362	\$ 57,161
iv) Investment income	1999 (000s)	1998 (000s)
Interest and dividends Reduction of fixed-term securities Amortization of deferred realized investment gains Amortization of deferred unrealized investment gains	\$ 14,623 (11,515) 31,459 	\$ 21,261 - 28,867 - 2,382
Less: Portfolio management expenses	45,597 (1,741)	52,510 (2,109)
	\$ 43,856	\$ 50,401

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

4. Investments (CONTINUED)

v) Derivative financial instruments

Certain of the Commission's external investment portfolio managers may from time to time utilize derivative financial instruments where appropriate to increase portfolio diversification, reduce interest rate and foreign currency volatility and enhance overall investment returns. At December 31, 1999, no derivative financial instruments were included in the investments. At December 31, 1998, included in equities were option contracts with a cost of \$1.1 million and a market value of \$1.1 million.

vi) Investment agreement

The Commission has entered into an investment agreement for the combined management of its investments and those of the Workers' Compensation Board of Prince Edward Island. These financial statements report the Commission's proportional share of the investments held in the fund which was 91.1% at December 31, 1999 (1998 – 91.7%). The Commission receives a fee for the administration of the Workers' Compensation Board of Prince Edward Island's share of the fund.

5. Capital assets

		1999 (000s)		1998 (000s)
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Computer software and hardware Motor vehicles	\$ 162 10,807 3,896 11,500 314	\$ – 5,097 3,369 8,824 172	\$ 162 5,710 527 2,676 142	\$ 162 5,850 327 1,782 151
	\$ 26,679	\$ 17,462	\$ 9,217	S 8,272

6. PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	(000s)	1998 (000s)
Accounts payable and accruals Post-employment benefits Employer deposits	\$ 4,806 2,091 443	\$ 3,819 - 7,020
	\$ 7,340	\$ 10,839

Employer deposits represent funds deposited with the Commission in accordance with the agreements with respect to certain employers referred to in Note 2 of these financial statements.

Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 1999

7. BENEFITS LIABILITIES

The categories, short-term disability and rehabilitation, previously disclosed separately, have been combined to more accurately reflect the manner in which costs are accumulated under the Commission's approach to the Case Management of claims. The Case Management approach utilized does not distinguish between short-term disability and rehabilitation.

i) Continuity schedule			1999			1998
			(000s)			(000s)
	Short-term disability and rehabilitation	Long-term disability	Survivor benefits	Health care	Total	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 65,353	\$ 256,910	\$ 102,936	\$ 91,677	\$ 516,876	\$ 498,699
Add claims costs incurred: Current year injuries Prior years' injuries	33,427 4,302	16,658 14,406	2,564 6,621	24,528 7,388	77,177 32, 717	69,479 31,277
	37,729	31,064	9,185	31,916	109,894	100,756
Less claims payments made: Current year injuries Prior years' injuries	10,811 20,060	59 22,243	110 7 ,84 9	7,243 19,311	18,223 69,463	16,468 66,111
	30,871	22,302	7,959	26,554	87,686	82,579
Balance, end of year	\$ 72,211	\$ 265,672	\$ 104,162	\$ 97,039	\$ 539,084	\$ 516,876
ii) Current year injuries		1999 (000s)			1998 (000s)	
	Claims	Expected	Claims costs	Claims	Expected	Claims

		(0003)		(000s)			
	Claims payments	Expected future costs	Claims costs incurred	Claims payments	Expected future costs	Claims costs incurred	
Short-term disability and rehabilitation Long-term disability Survivor benefits Health care	\$ 10,811 59 110 7,243	\$ 22,616 16,599 2,454 17,285	\$ 33,427 16,658 2,564 24,528	\$ 9,389 181 181 6,717	\$ 18.878 14,072 4,814 15,247	\$ 28,267 14,253 4,995 21,964	
	\$ 18,223	\$ 58,954	\$ 77,177	\$ 16,468	\$ 53,011	\$ 69,479	

Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission of New Brunswick Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 1999

7. BENEFITS LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

iii) Prior years' injuries

Significant changes in benefits liabilities and claims costs incurred for prior years' injuries arising from the estimate of those benefits liabilities, performed as at year end, included the following:

Increase (decrease) in benefits liabilities and claims costs incurred

1000

	1999 (000s)	1998 (000s)
(Favourable) unfavourable experience on short-term disability and rehabilitation claims	\$ (1,300)	\$ 1,700
Unfavourable experience on health care costs	2,200	
Reduction in assumed indexing rate for CPI-indexed benefits	\$ (6,500)	\$ (6,000)

8. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The estimate of the benefits liabilities is based on assumptions that reflect both short-term and long-term forecasts. The table below lists the principal economic assumptions used:

1000

	1777		1	1998	
	CPI-indexed awards	Other payments	CPI-indexed awards	Other payments	
Gross rate of return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	
Inflation – Year I	1.10%	4.35%	1.20%	4.35%	
 subsequent years 	4.35%	4.35%	4.35%	4.35%	
Net rate of return - Year 1	6.82%	3.50%	6.75%	3.50%	
 subsequent years 	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	

9. Assessments	1999 (000s)			1998 (000s)		
	Budget	et	Actual		Actual	
Assessments earned Interest and penalties Assessments written off	\$ 81,900 500 (200	0	90,527 682 (375)	\$	77,898 631 (257)	
	\$ 82,200	0 \$	90,834	S	78,272	

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

10. SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS				
•		1999 (000s)		
	Budget	Actual	(000s) Actual	
Assessment revenue	\$ 17,450	\$ 18,013	\$ 12,966	
Claims costs incurred:				
Short-term disability and rehabilitation	4,700	7,341	5,988	
Long-term disability	5,450	4,277	(597)	
Survivor benefits	975	1,141	743	
Health care	3,475	2,592	4,261	
	14,600	15,351	10,395	
Administration	2,850	2,806	2,617	
Sub-total	17,450	18,157	13,012	
Less: Share of investment income	-	(144)	(46)	
	\$ 17,450	\$ 18,013	\$ 12,966	
11. Administration				
i) Categories		999 90s)	1998 (000s)	
	Budget	Actual	Actual	
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 17,588	\$ 16,889	\$ 15,872	
Depreciation	1,750	1,385	1,540	
Professional fees	965	851	1,183	
Office and communications	1,650	1,603	1,478	
Building operations	2,313	2,154	1,896	
Travel and vehicle operations	987	973	941	
Education and training	574	490	307	
Other	624	643	630	
Post-employment benefits		1,749		
	26,451	26,737	23,847	
Allocated to health care claims costs	(2,200)	(2,290)	(2,088)	
- mount to near the carrier coop		(-,-,-,-	(2,000)	

A portion of the Commission's administration costs represent charges incurred by the Commission on behalf of the Workers' Rehabilitation Centre. These costs, which relate to claims, have been allocated to health care.

ii) Disclosure

Operations Occupational health and safety	,		18,183 \$ 6,068			\$ 16,354 5,405		
		24,251	\$	24,447	_	\$	21,759	_

WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY AND COMPENSATION COMMISSION OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

12. LEGISLATIVE OBLIGATIONS AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Commission is required by legislation to reimburse the Provincial Government for all operating costs of the Workers' and Employers' Advocates. In 1999, the Commission budgeted \$530,000 for these costs and incurred \$534,000 (1998 – \$540,000).

These financial statements include the results of activity from normal operating transactions with various Provincial Government controlled departments, agencies and Crown Corporations, with which the Commission may be considered related.

The following investments held by the Commission are issued by the Province or its agencies, or are issued by municipalities and guaranteed by the Province:

	1999 (000s)	1998 (000s)
Province of New Brunswick	\$ 853	\$ 1,748

13. EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

The Commission and its employees participate in a contributory defined benefit pension plan, administered by the Province of New Brunswick, which provides pensions based on the length of service and best average earnings.

An actuarial valuation prepared as at April 1, 1989 indicated that the present value of the accumulated plan benefits exceeded the market value of the net assets available to provide for these benefits. The Commission's portion of the shortfall was determined to be \$2.6 million. The unfunded liability is being funded through annual escalating payments which commenced in 1992.

Using the 1989 valuation, annual payments (including interest) in each of the next five years, bearing interest at CPI plus 2% (assuming an average rate of 6.0%) amortized to 2016, are as follows:

	$\frac{(000s)}{}$
2000	\$ 198
2001	210
2002	222
2003	235
2004	250

An actuarial valuation was prepared as at April 1, 1997. This valuation also indicated that the present value of the accumulated plan benefits continued to exceed the market value of the net assets available to provide these benefits. No change has been made to the funding based on this valuation, however, future valuations may change the funding requirements.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

Bill 21, An Act to Amend the Workers' Compensation Act, was proclaimed on February 26, 1998. Section 38.81 of this Bill reinstates benefits to surviving spouses who were disentitled on or after April 17, 1985 as a result of remarriage or cohabitation. Benefits liabilities include the future costs for these reinstated benefits. Some survivors who were disentitled prior to April 17, 1985 claim their benefits should be reinstated and have commenced legal action. As the outcome of this action is not determinable, these financial statements do not include a related liability. If it is determined the Commission is held liable for the cost of any reinstatement, these costs will be accounted for as an expense in the year of occurrence.

15. Uncertainty with respect to the Year 2000 Issue

The Year 2000 Issue arises because many computerized systems use two digits rather than four to identify a year. Date-sensitive systems may recognize the year 2000 as the year 1900 or some other date, resulting in errors when information using year 2000 dates is processed. In addition, similar problems may arise in some systems which use certain dates in 1999 to represent something other than a date. Although the change in date has occurred, it is not possible to conclude that all aspects of the Year 2000 Issue that may affect the Commission, including those related to customers, suppliers, or other third parties, have been fully resolved.

16. BUDGET

The 1999 budget figures which are presented for comparison with the actual figures were approved by the Commission's Board of Directors and have not been audited.

17. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the 1998 figures which are presented for comparative purposes have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in the current year.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK 31 MARCH 2000

Office of the Auditor General Bureau du vérificateur général



AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairperson and Members Youth Council of New Brunswick

I have audited the balance sheet of the Youth Council of New Brunswick as at 31 March 2000 and the statement of revenue, expenses and surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 31 March 2000 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Daryl C. Wilson, FCA Auditor General

Fredericton, N. B. 12 May 2000

YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2000

ASSETS		2000	1999
O			
Current assets Cash		\$ 10,218	\$ 9,391
Accounts receivable		3,457	1,226
Prepaid expenses			1,724
		\$13,675	\$12 ,341

LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS

Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable	\$ 8,795 271	\$ 4,7 17 9,961
	9,066	14,678
Surplus (Deficit)	4,609	(2,337)
	\$13,675	\$12 ,341

Approved by the Council

Chairperson

Chairper

Chairper

Chairper

Member

YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	w .		
9962 9960	2000 Budget (Note 3)	2000	1999
REVENUE	,		** *
Grants from the Province of New	Brunswick		
Operating	\$117,100	\$117,100	\$117,900
Other (note 4)	12,000	9,000	9,000
Miscellaneous	· •	4,327	4,231
Youth Connexions Jeunesse (Sch	nedule A)	101,185	82,798
. The second continuous continuo	129,100	231,612	213,929
EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	82,700	83,435	84,497
Travel, accommodations and mea	als 14,000	10,138	12,315
Printing and photocopying	13,000	8,650	9,890
Telephone	5,500	5,725	5,384
Office expenses	3,250	3,863	3,121
Public relations and advertising	2,000	2,200	3,414
Honoraria	3,000	2,013	1,880
Furniture and equipment	1,000	1,666	2,372
Professional services	1,000	547	639
Translation	1,000	-	1,636
Professional development	300	354	347
Repairs and maintenance	300	-	335
Bank charges	180	180	209
Conference and meeting	150	303	135
Miscellaneous	50	29	8
Marketing	· ·	-	1,723
Youth Connexions Jeunesse (Sch	edule A)	105,563	85,861
	127,430	224,666	213,766
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXP	PENSES \$ 1,670	6,946	163
Deficit, beginning of year		(2,337)	(2,500)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT), end of year		\$ 4,609	\$ (2,337)

SCHEDULE A

YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK SCHEDULE OF YOUTH CONNEXIONS JEUNESSE REVENUE AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2000

	•	
	2000	1999
REVENUE		
Province of New Brunswick		
Operating grant	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000
Skills program	14,353	21,801
Special projects (Note 7)	25,100	-
Miscellaneous	1,732	997
Wildows and the second	101,185	82,798
EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		
Administration	36,855	34,521
Casuals	41,902	43,334
Furniture and equipment	18,401	27
Printing and photocopying	1,359	2,272
Office expenses	2,107	2,616
Telephone	2,635	2,009
Miscellaneous – special projects	1,548	2,000
Professional development	55	112
Professional services	35	
Conference	57	35
Travel, accommodations and meals	279	106
Public relations and advertising	-	64
Repairs and maintenance	330	765
Repaire and maintenance	105,563	85,861
	100,000	00,001
EXCESS OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUE	\$ (4,378)	\$ (3,063)

YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

1. Purpose of the organization

The Council was established by a cabinet decision in May 1986 and the appointment of the Council was announced in March 1987. The Council began operations in May 1987.

The Youth Council's mission statement reads as follows:

The Youth Council of New Brunswick is the provincial body representative of youth which voices the interests, needs, concerns and perspectives of young people aged 15 - 24, and presents recommendations to government and the public. This is achieved by acting as an advisory and advocacy body, through resource co-ordination and by research and consultation. Through its actions, the Youth Council of New Brunswick strives to be a catalyst for increasing youth involvement in society.

2. Capital assets

It is the policy of the Council to charge all capital asset purchases to expense in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

3. Budget information

The budget information for 2000 deals only with the general operations of the Council. During the year, the Council received additional revenues to defray the cost of operations of Youth Connexions Jeunesse. The revenues and expenses of this activity are not included in the budget information provided for general operations.

4. Grants - Other

An amount of \$9,000 was received during the period ended 31 March 2000 (1999 - \$9,000) to defray the cost of publishing the Youth Council's Bulletin Journal.

5. Services provided by the Province of New Brunswick and others

The Council uses an office building owned by the Province of New Brunswick and there are no rental charges.

Youth Connexions Jeunesse operates from a location provided free of rental charges at the Regent Mall in Fredericton.

YOUTH COUNCIL OF NEW BRUNSWICK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2000

6. Youth Connexions Jeunesse – Purpose of the organization

The Council established Youth Connexions Jeunesse (YCJ), a youth information centre, in November 1993.

The YCJ's mission statement reads as follows:

YCJ's mission is to facilitate connections between young people and various agencies / organizations in New Brunswick and beyond, sensitizing the public to youth issues by creating broad partnerships and promoting a sense of community involvement with youth throughout the province.

7. Revenue - Special projects

In 2000, Youth Connexions Jeunesse (YCJ) received additional amounts for special projects from the Department of Human Resources Development - NB. These amounts are as follows:

\$ 8,200 Youth Services Research Project 9,900 Youth Info Line YCJ Kiosk

\$25,100